

ANNUAL REPORT 2013



Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry

ANNUAL REPORT 2013



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ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রি
Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry
DHAKA CHAMBER BUILDING, 45/46 RAJFARUKA, CA, DHAKA-100, BANGLADESH
PHONE: 9131343, 9134343 (Morning), Fax: 913 2 913433, 9134133
Email: info@dhakachamber.com, secretary@dhakachamber.com, Web: www.dcci.org.bd



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The Best of Bangladesh



Md. Sabur Khan
President

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI)

সূচিপত্র

সভা প্রোগ্রাম বহু অর্থের ব্যয় ইত্যাদি-এর প্রকল্পে বিভিন্ন সরকারি কার্য প্রদর্শন	০৫
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ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রি

১৫ ডিসেম্বর, ২০১৫

ডাক প্রমাণিত

নোটিশ

ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রি - এর ৫২তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভা

ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রির অধিবেশন অনুষ্ঠানের ৩১, ৩২ এবং ৩৬ নম্বর মোকাবেলা এবং কোম্পানী আইন ও টিক করণ এর আলোকে চেম্বারের সম্বন্ধিত সদস্যদের নগর অংশটির জন্য নির্ধারিত সময় হয়েছে যে, নিম্নলিখিত আলোচনাসূচি সম্পন্ন করার সিদ্ধান্তে পরে চেম্বারের ৫২তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভা অংশটি ১৬-ডিসেম্বর, ২০১৫ (০৫ পৌষ, ১৪২০-বঙ্গাব্দ) বুধবার, বিকাল ০৩.০০ ঘটিকার্য তিনিমিডাই অডিটোরিয়ামে, "সকা চেম্বার ভবন" (৬৪ ভঙ্গা), ৬৩-৬৬ মহিলাবাড়ি বণিকবাজার এলাকা, ঢাকায় অনুষ্ঠিত হবে।

অনুলিপি :

- ১। গত ০৬ ডিসেম্বর, ২০১৫ তারিখে অনুষ্ঠিত ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রি-এর ৫১তম বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভায় কার্যবিবরণী সিদ্ধান্তক্রমে;
 - ২। ২০১৫ সালের বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদন গ্রহণ ও অনুমোদন;
 - ৩। ২০১২-২০১৩ অর্থ বছরের হিসাব এবং নির্ীক্ষণ প্রতিবেদন (Audit Report) অনুমোদন;
 - ৪। ২০১৪, ২০১৫ ও ২০১৬ সালের পরিচালক এবং ২০১৪ সালের জন্য সভাপতি, উর্দাভাষা সভাপতি ও সহ-সভাপতি পদের নির্বাচনের ফলাফল বেদন;
 - ৫। ২০১৫-২০১৬ অর্থ বছরের জন্য নির্ীক্ষক (Auditor) নিয়োগ ও পরিচালিত নির্ীক্ষণ।
- চেম্বারের সম্বন্ধিত সদস্যদেরকে এ বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভায় অধ্যায়িত উপস্থিত থাকতে জন্য অনুরোধ জানানো হচ্ছে।



DHAKA CHAMBER BUILDING

১৫৫৫ MUTSARAH CA, ৬ P.O. ১০১৬০ ১০১১, DHAKA-১০০, BANGLADESH
Phone: ৯৫৫৩৫০, ৯৫৫৩৬০ (In-land), Fax: ৯৫৫-৩-৫৫৫৩৫০, ৯৫৫১১৩
Email: info@dhakachamber.com, secretary@dhakachamber.com, Web: www.dcci.org.bd

ପଠକା ଦେବୀର ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷାଣ୍ଡିଟିର ପରିଚାଳନା ପର୍ଯ୍ୟ ୨୦୨୩



ଡଃ ସୁରେଶ କୁମାର
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ ଅନିଲ କୁମାର ସାହୁ
ଡିପ୍ୟୁଟି ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ ଅନୱାରୁଲ କାରିମ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ. ଅନିଲ କୁମାର ସାହୁ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ ଅନୱାରୁଲ କାରିମ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ ଅନୱାରୁଲ କାରିମ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ. ଅନିଲ କୁମାର ସାହୁ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ ଅନୱାରୁଲ କାରିମ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ



ଡଃ ଅନୱାରୁଲ କାରିମ
ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ

ପ୍ରଧାନ ଡିପ୍ୟୁଟି ଏବଂ କର୍ମଚାରୀଙ୍କ ସାଥୀରେ ପରିଚାଳନା ପଦ୍ଧତି ୨୦୧୮



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର (ସମ୍ପର୍କ)
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ



ଶ୍ରୀ ଅନନ୍ତ କୁମାର ମିଶ୍ର
ମିଡିଆଲ

ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রির পরিচালনা পর্ষদ ২০১৩



সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান সভাপতি, সাবেক প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)। সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)। সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)। সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)।

সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান সভাপতি, সাবেক প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)। সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)। সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)। সভাপতি (০১ জুন) : প্রধান মন্ত্রী, বাংলাদেশ জাতীয়তাবাদী দল (বিএনপি)।

ବିଭାଗୀୟ କମିଟି 2020-21 ପାଇଁ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ସଭ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କର ଉପାଧି ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଭାବେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ହେବ। ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କମିଟିର ସଭ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କର ଉପାଧି ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଭାବେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ହେବ।

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ କମିଟି



ମହାଶ୍ୱେତାମିନ ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ
କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ



ରଞ୍ଜନ ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ
କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ



ଏନ ଏନିଏ ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ
କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ କମିଟି



ପି. ପ୍ରତୀକ ମିଶ୍ର
କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ



ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ
କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ



ମହାଶ୍ୱେତା ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ
କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ

ବର୍ଷିକ ରିପୋର୍ଟ 2020-21 ପାଇଁ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ କମିଟିର ସଭ୍ୟମାନଙ୍କର ଉପାଧି ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଭାବେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ହେବ।

1.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
2.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
3.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
4.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
5.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
6.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
7.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ
8.)	ଆନନ୍ଦ କୁମାର ଚାନ୍ଦୁପୁରୀ କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ	-	କୋର୍ପୋରେଟିଭ

ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রি-এর ৫১তম
বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভা ২০১২-এর উল্লেখসূচী ছবি



ঢাকা চেম্বার অব কমার্স অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রি-এর ২১তম
বর্ষিক সাধারণ সভা ২০১২-এর তত্ত্বাবধানে কিছু ছবি



Annual Report of the Board of Directors of Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry for the Year 2013

Banarshis Hatemans Rakim

Distinguished Members of Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI)

Respected Former Presidents and Business Leaders

My dear Colleagues in the Board of 2013

Distinguished Ladies and Gentlemen

Avalara Aksham and a very good afternoon

On behalf of the members of the Board of Directors and in my own behalf, I welcome you all to the 52nd Annual General Meeting (AGM) of our beloved organization Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI). Today we have all gathered here to review our performances and achievements during the last one year and project our future plan of activities and strategies for delivering better services to the esteemed members of the Chamber as well as business community towards contributing for overall economic development of the country.

On this very auspicious occasion, I would like to extend my sincere thanks to you all for your kind cooperation, without your unflinching support and guidance it would not have been possible for DCCI to be the premier Chamber of the country. Your spirits of work and relentless efforts have led the chamber to reach in the position of prominence at home and abroad. Your sincerity, diligence and determination have enabled DCCI to shape itself as a dynamic and future looking trade organization in the country.

With this AGM, my tenure as the President of this vibrant and prestigious Chamber will come to an end today. So it is my immense pleasure to present before you a summary of activities that we have been performing during last one year with the assistance of my respected colleagues in the Board, distinguished Members and support of the Secretariat of DCCI.

My Distinguished Colleagues and Members of DCCI

Despite unstable political situation, the overall economic condition of Bangladesh was positive in the fiscal year 2013 (FY13). According to the provisional data of Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS), Bangladesh economy grew by 6.03% percent in this fiscal year, missing the targeted 7.2% percent GDP growth. Industrial sector grew by 9 percent, with strong expansion in construction and small-scale manufacturing. Service sector of the economy recorded growth of 5.7% percent and agriculture sector recorded growth of 2.17% percent in FY13. Due to the contribution of the private sector and effect of dynamic workforce of the country, the economy of Bangladesh is still stable, but political instability for a longer period may affect the growth of the economy.

Export and import sectors are facing a tough situation. Though export in this fiscal year grew by 10.7% percent, there is an apprehension that export earnings might decrease in coming days. Foreign Exchange Reserves stood at \$17.1 billion which can meet 5 months of import bills. Inflation decelerated but remained high with annual average inflation declining from 6.7% percent in FY12 to 6.6% percent in FY13. Private investment declined to 18 percent in FY12 from 20 percent in FY12. Nevertheless, Bangladesh is persistently maintaining high growth path for more than a decade leading to an emerging economy in South Asia. As a resilient and attractive investment destination, even in the thick of several global economic down turn, Bangladesh is attractive because, it has a very big consumer market and at the same time a youth population of 56 percent which is flourishing with the increase of its per capita income. As a result, positive views are echoed by some of the leading international investment banks. Goldman Sachs referred Bangladesh in its list of 'Next 11' countries after BRIC nations and it is one of JP Morgan's 'Frontier Five' economies. C&G group has identified Bangladesh as one of eleven countries in terms of Global Growth Generation in 30 countries. Bangladesh is now ranked as the world's 42nd largest economic power in terms of its GDP and PPP (GDP US\$ 321.1 billion at Purchasing Power Parity, source: CIA World Fact book, 2012). In 2013 Moody's rated once again Bangladesh as stable economy in its sovereign credit rating. But, recently Moody's has warned that prolonged political unrest is likely to downgrade its sovereign rating.

Distinguished gatherings

Today's world population counts about 7.2 billion people between ages of 15 to 24 years, which is close to 20% of the world population and 67% of these youth are living in developing countries. The youth

unemployment rate is 3 times the adult rate. Today's youth remain unemployed even after completing their education and tertiary degree. The youth remain unemployed though they have capability to work and contribute to the economy. Considering this issue, many countries are solving this problem by creating new entrepreneurs. In this respect, Bangladesh should not stay behind.

Every year two million people enter into the job market in Bangladesh and among them only one million get employed. As a result, the unemployment situation of the country is being deteriorated day by day. If we can employ these unemployed youths, the overall development of the country will be expedited. Our people have uniqueness in business innovation which may be utilized fully. If the young generation can be established as entrepreneur then they will be self-employed and on the other hand can create new jobs to others. This will bring significant changes in the national economy.

Respected Members

You may remember that in the past, DCCI organized various remarkable events like "Vision-2021", "International Business Conference", "SME Financing Fair", "Bangladesh 2008: Strategy for Growth" and "Positioning Bangladesh: Branding for Business" which have concentrated policy makers for the socio-economic development of the country. Soon after taking the responsibility in 2013, the Board of Directors of DCCI has taken an ambitious initiative of creating 2000 new entrepreneurs throughout the country. The Chamber has taken initiative to organize two mega events namely "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo" and "NBP for Positioning Bangladesh". DCCI Board of Directors discussed in these two events during the call on with Hon'ble President of Bangladesh, Bangladesh Bank Governor and concerned Ministers.

During a call on with the Governor, Bangladesh Bank, he personally assured DCCI to extend cooperation and assistance to create 2000 new entrepreneurs and dedicatedly assigned SME Department of Bangladesh Bank in this regard. Honorable President of Bangladesh also appreciated the idea of creating new entrepreneurs and welcomed both DCCI and Bangladesh Bank for taking this noble initiative. He instantly agreed to grace the inaugural ceremony of "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo".

Accordingly, DCCI successfully organized the inaugural ceremony of "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo" on November 06, 2013 at the Grand Ball Room of Pao Pacific Sonargaon Hotel, Dhaka. Honorable President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Mr. Md. Abdul Hameed graced the occasion as the Chief Guest while Dr. Atiar Rahman, Governor of Bangladesh Bank, the Central Bank of Bangladesh was present as the Special Guest. Around 1000 high-profile dignitaries including Policy Makers, Business Leaders, Chairmen & Managing Directors of various Commercial Banks and NBFIs, Diplomats, University Faculties, Representatives of Donor Agencies, Think-tanks, Students along with some new entrepreneurs were present.

Ladies and Gentlemen

Before I go into the details, let me pay my tribute to the departed souls who have left us during last one year. DCCI expressed deep shock at the sudden demise of Mr. Md. Zahir Rahman, Honorable Former President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, Nelson Mandela, Former South African President and unopposed leader of South Africa; Mr. Khurshid Ahmad, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Abdul Jali, Former Minister and Veteran Politician; Mr. N. Islam, Former Director, DCCI; Mrs. Shamsun-Nisar, Mother of DCCI Former Director Syed Moazzam Hossain; Mr. M. Sirajul Islam, Managing Director, Bakul Group; Mrs. Hasina Bari, Grand Mother of DCCI Director Mr. A. B. M. Mokuluddin Hossain; Mr. Luffie Rahman Sarkar, Former Governor of Bangladesh Bank; Mr. Raheed Ahmed Ali, President of JSCCI. We are also shocked and grieved at the sad demise of Mr. Md. Arjand, a Secretariat Staff of the Chamber and Mr. Golden Marjuz, Former Economic Consultant of DCCI for his untimely death.

We also mourn for loss of lives due to the devastating collapse of Rana Plaza at Savar and fire at Fowad Composite Mills at Gazipur. We express deep our sorrow for the devastating fire at the Standard Garments. We also mourn for loss of lives due to the devastating typhoon Haiyan in the Philippines and Vietnam; earthquake in Pakistan, Iran, China and Indonesia; Cyclone Storm Mahasen in Bangladesh and Myanmar; floods in North India, Jakarta, China and Russia; Typhoon in Philippines, China, Taiwan and Japan which caused serious loss to their economy and many others were critically injured too.

Distinguished Members

Even though the country witnessed a very unstable political situation in 2013, DCCI has been able to add a lot towards ensuring private sector development through its sincere and concerted efforts. Now, before going in to the details of our activities, I would like to share some of the activities and achievements of the Chamber in 2013.

Wang of "Asia's most inspiring Nation Builder Award"

In this year, I won "Asia's most inspiring Nation Builder Award" in the Top Asia Corporate Ball 2013 held in Golden Horse Palace at Kuala Lumpur in Malaysia organized by "Top 10 of Asia" and "Top 10 of Malaysia". This award was given in recognition of nation building activities of the country. Honorable Minister in the Prime Minister's Department of Malaysia H.E. Y B. Datuk Joseph Eribu Belay handed over the award in presence of Ministers and H.E. Tanlu Ali Redzuan bin Tanlu Mohd, Prince of Malaysia and other business leaders of Asian countries. This is for the first time that any Bangladeshi has crossed the glorious award.

While giving this prestigious award, "Top 10 of Asia" considers the outstanding contribution of the Asian entrepreneurs in building society along with their achievement in various sectors. In selection process, they primarily choose the candidates on the basis of the results on various survey, research and interviews conducted by local and international media. Around 1000 top business leaders of Asia including Tropicana Chairman, Air Asia's CEO Tony Fernandez, reports on international trade and economy, corporate heads and diplomats were present in the programme. It becomes possible only due to continuous support of my colleagues in the Board. They always gave me all sorts of supports to serve for the Chamber, and development of the economy of the country.

Modernization of DCCI Website

DCCI launched a modern, upgraded and informative new website (www.dcci.org.bd) for rendering more useful and informative services to its valuable members, business community, students, researchers, academicians, development practitioners etc. The distinguished members of the Chamber are now able to download various business related letters, circulars, updated bilateral trade statistics of Bangladesh with other countries, economic indicators of Bangladesh, information about different meetings, seminars, workshops, training programs and so on.

All the members of DCCI and business communities at home and abroad can avail the opportunity to expand their business through the following facilities:

- News links for all news of DCCI
- YouTube video link for of DCCI news and activities
- National and international trade fair related information
- Business networking scope to get appropriate and updated business information
- Meeting Management Software (MMS) and Membership Management Software
- Photo Gallery with caption of every event of DCCI
- Audio Video of mega events

Establishment of DCCI Forum

DCCI has established online forum namely "DCCI Forum" (www.forum.dcci.org.bd). Distinguished Members of DCCI, business community, researchers, students, academicians, and policy makers can share their thoughts and ideas on trade, investment, education, health, culture, tourism etc. through this forum.

Development of DCCI Online Membership Directory and B2B Matchmaking Services

Distinguished Members of DCCI may recall that I made a commitment in the last AGM while taking the responsibility as President to develop DCCI Online Membership Directory. I am pleased to inform you that DCCI has developed its Online Membership Directory which is an integral part of our Website. International Trade Centre (ITC) through its NTF II project provided technical support for developing the directory. Honorable Minister for Information and Communication Technology formally launched the DCCI Online Membership Directory and B2B Matchmaking Services on April 11, 2013. Under the B2B service, interested persons or company can avail the opportunity of the arrangement of one-to-one business meetings between buyers and sellers. The B2B Matchmaking service is the most effective way of establishing reliable business contacts and expanding one's business by entering into prospective new markets. This service saves both time and money of the members of DCCI through direct interaction between buyer and seller. As a result, the members of DCCI are getting more opportunities to find right business partners all over the world easily. On the other hand, the chamber has about to fulfil the requirements of becoming an international standard chamber by developing on-line membership directory.

Renovation of DCCI as a Standard Chamber in the Country

While taking the responsibility as the President of DCCI, I also made a commitment in the last AGM to upgrade the infrastructure of the chamber as per the standard of international organization. Accordingly, the Chamber has taken some infrastructural development activities of Chamber Building during this year to establish DCCI as a Standard Chamber of the Country. A beautifully decorated DCCI Help Desk, VIP Lounge at Information Zone and new Information Desk, President's floor, Upgradation of Sound system of Board Room and Boarding of the whole Chamber have made it possible to organize international conference at the premises of the Chamber. As a testimony to this, we successfully arranged a high-profile US-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogue: Private Sector Forum along with four parallel sessions at our Chamber premises in presence of three US Under Secretaries. Besides, renovation of DCCI prayer room and the other staff areas at the Chamber are also in progress. This development has definitely enhanced the image of the Chamber.

Release of DCCI's Property from abandoned property list

DCCI building plot at building number: 65 was under government's abandoned property list for a long time. Immediate Former President of DCCI filed a writ petition seeking for a release order of the abandoned plot. The verdict of the Court was in favor of the Chamber. As there was no disposal of appellate division of the High Court yet, the issue remained pending. As a continuation of this initiative, I personally met the Hon'ble State Minister and Secretary of Ministry of Housing and Public Works to release the plot in favour of the Chamber by completing the process. I am happy to inform you that government has issued a Gadget Notice on this matter which helped DCCI to recover the land from abandoned list.

Dhaka City Corporation Tax payment

For DCCI Building, Dhaka City Corporation imposed tax BDT. 4,60,544 per annum since 1997. After revaluation in 2007, it has been increased four times comparing to the previous amount. After communication through DCCI secretariat, the annual amount claimed by the City Corporation has been finally settled down to BDT 95,14,940 from BDT 1,64,22,280. Of these amount, BDT 57,27,316 has already been paid and DCCI has already applied to the Additional Divisional Commissioner for the exemption of 25 percent, which is under settlement process.

Setting up Transformer at DCCI

Since long DCCI has been operating its functions with two transformers of 500 KVA and 400 KVA on a rental basis from DPDC, in which one of the transformers of 400 KVA has gone out of order in August this year and DPDC sent us letter to return both their transformers. Consequently, secretariat was instructed to look after the matter and at the same time process was on in procuring a transformer of 1000/1200 KVA which would cost about BDT 60-75 lacs. As per decision of the Board, DCCI secretariat communicated with concerned Ministry and DPDC, and could manage to replace a transformer of 500 KVA spending only BDT 2.25 lacs within one and half months. Now, both the transformers are being operated with a good condition and so chamber saved about BDT 60 lacs.

Establishment of DCCI Help Desk

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) has established an exclusive "Help Desk" at its own premises to provide advisory and regulatory information and facilitation services to all of its members and also business community both at home and abroad regarding trade, investment and business as a first point of contact. In this regard, International Finance Corporation (IFC) extended its technical support in establishing this help desk. As its first initiative, DCCI signed a MOU with Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms (RJSC) to provide company registration services through the help desk. The Help Desk was officially inaugurated by US Ambassador H. E. Das W. Mazza on September 02, 2013. Since its inception, the help desk has been successfully providing RJSC services which include name clearance, company registration, return filing, online application for certified copies etc. through RJSC's online system. Private sector has found and appreciated this unique service as easier, simpler, quicker, hassle free and cost efficient for trade facilitation. Both local and international businessmen and investors can also get their required information from this desk. I am happy to inform you that BCI and NBR have agreed to render some of their services through this Help Desk. As a result, it will be possible to provide other services like BCI registration, electronic TIN (e-TIN) services of NBR etc. through DCCI Help Desk. We have already proposed NBR to include their e-TIN service under the umbrella of DCCI help desk.

Establishment of US Products and Services Info Centre

DDCI in cooperation with US Embassy has set up "US Products and Services Info Centre" at DCCI premises to showcase US products and services to the members of DCCI. This info centre was formally inaugurated by the US Ambassador H. E. Dan W. Mazza on September 02, 2013. Different types of brochures, newsletters, books, flyers, business cards, business related information, magazines etc. are kept here for getting information about various products and services of USA.

Establishment of DCCI-Japan Liaison Office in Japan

I am happy to inform you that I inaugurated DCCI-Japan Liaison Office at Tokyo, Japan on 23 July, 2013 during the visit of DCCI business delegation to Japan. This liaison office is playing an important role for developing Japan-Bangladesh business relation and networking. DCCI Help Desk and DCCI-Japan Liaison Office are working jointly for the betterment of business communities of both the countries. Hon'ble Cultural Affairs Minister Mr. Abul Kalam Azad and Ambassador of Bangladesh to Japan H.E. Masud Bin Morshed were present on that occasion.

Holding US-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogue Successfully

In this year, Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) has successfully organized a very important and remarkable international dialogue with four parallel sessions for the first time at its own premises as "US-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogue: Private Sector Forum" on 26th May, 2013. Dr. Tawfik - e - Elahi Chowdhury, BB, Energy Advisor to the Hon'ble Prime Minister was present as the Chief Guest. Mr. Jose Fernandez, Assistant Secretary for Economic and Business Affairs, USA, Dr. Robert Ichniok, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Energy Transformation, USA, Mr. Karen Harshbarger, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Democracy, Human Rights and Labor, USA, Mr. M. Riaz Hossain, Director General (Economic Affairs), Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Bangladesh, Mr. Asif Iqbal, Former President, DCCI, Mr. Pradyumn Kumar, Vice President, Baring, Mr. Abul Kalam Khan, Former President, DCCI and he were present as Co-Chairs. Four parallel sessions on (i) Trade and Investment: Opportunities and Challenges of Trade and Investment for Bangladesh, (ii) Session on Energy Sector: Energy Security and Privatization for Bangladesh, Prospects, Opportunities/Challenges for Energy Sector Investment, (iii) Session on Labor Rights: Best Practices and Benefits from Improving Labor Rights and (iv) Session on Regional Integration: "Bangladesh's Role in Indo-Pacific Economic Corridor and Connectivity" were held during the partnership dialogue.

Establishment of International Desk

In order to strengthen international relation with Bangladesh, DCCI has established an International Desk to deal with concerned embassies and officials regarding DCCI Delegates to foreign countries and Foreign Delegates in Bangladesh. Two officials of DCCI are dealing with this international desk. Considering political situation of the country, this year the Chamber has concentrated more to enter into global market. As a result the chamber was able to send 17 delegations abroad this year and signed 17 MoUs with different local and international chamber bodies and organizations. Besides, for the first time High Commissioner of Sri Lanka to Bangladesh and High Commissioner of Bangladesh to Sri Lanka visited together at DCCI. Likewise, Ambassador of Japan to Bangladesh and Ambassador of Bangladesh in Japan also visited DCCI. This year, DCCI was able to send 38-member business delegation to Kunming Fair in China and 24-member delegation to Commonwealth Business Forum in Sri Lanka. I am pleased to inform you that DCCI's delegation was the 2nd largest among all the delegations attended in the Commonwealth Business Forum.

Live Telecast on "Budget-a-Pratibha"

DCCI and RTV, a private TV channel jointly organized a live talk show on National Budget 2013-14 titled "Budget-a-Pratibha" on June 1, 2013. I have moderated the live program where Hon'ble Industries Minister Mr. Dilip Bera, Former Commerce Minister Mr. Amir Khairul Mahmud Chowdhury, Former Governor of Bangladesh Bank Dr. Mohammed Faresuddin, Former FBCI Presidents Mr. A. K. Azad, Mr. Abdul Awal Mirza, President of Bangladesh Chamber of Commerce and Industry Mr. Sofiqul Ahsan, BOMEA President Mr. Atiqul Islam, Former BOMEA President Mr. Abulhasan Mahmud, President of Bangladesh Plastic Association Mr. Md. Josim Uddin, President of Bangladesh-Malaysia Chamber of Commerce & Industry Mr. Md. Nazim Islam and Research Director of CPD Mr. Fohrude Khan were present in panel discussion.

Live Telecast of Budget Session 2013-14 in Bangla Voice

Live Telecast of national Budget Session 2013-14 was held at DCCI during the national budget declaration by the Hon'ble Finance Minister in the National Parliament. Private TV channel Bangla Voice Ltd. broadcasted the live discussion session from DCCI Board Room. Acting President of DCCI Mr. Masud Mahmud Khan expressed the initial reaction of DCCI on the budget in that live discussion.

Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo

I have already mentioned that Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) in cooperation with Bangladesh Bank has taken an ambitious and timely initiative of creating 2000 new entrepreneurs. In order to make a bridge between these new entrepreneurs and financial institutions an exposition namely "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo" will be organized during 2-3 May, 2014 at Bangladesh International Conference Centre (BICC). I would like to thank my colleagues in the Board of DCCI for giving me the responsibility as Chairman of 'Creating 2000 New Entrepreneurs (C2K) Committee' for the success of the "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo". I will by my level best to implement the event successfully as we have already committed to all stakeholders. I also need all of your moral support for making this event a milestone for the country's young generation to build better Bangladesh. I hope my successor will support me for the overall success of the project.

During the inaugural session it was observed that the initiative to create new entrepreneurs was an outstanding and unique initiative of the country. In the inaugural Ceremony, Hon'ble President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh stressed on pro-entrepreneurship education policy and said that curriculum should be introduced to develop entrepreneurs and proper business leaders. He urged both private and public sectors to come forward to evaluate the merits of youth as well as utilize their innovations and proposed to establish an "Entrepreneurship Development University" in the country. He appreciated DCCI and Bangladesh Bank for taking this kind of timely initiative. He advised to focus the idea of "one space one product" as the country has become traditionally known in various regions for its special and unique products. This will help creating new entrepreneurs throughout the country.

Dr. Akter Raihan said that a separate financing scheme will be introduced by Bangladesh Bank soon to meet the primary fund of innovative entrepreneurs. Under this scheme entrepreneurs, selected and trained up by DCCI will get finance of up to Tk. 10 lakh against individual guarantee. He requested the commercial banks to provide necessary primary capitals to the innovative young entrepreneurs.

DCCI has taken up a completely different type of initiative. In order to ease the process of entrepreneurship development DCCI has signed MOUs with various organizations like JCI-Bangladesh, BASIS, Daffodil International University, IDEB, SD Venture, SME Foundation, SCIT, BCSR, CTO Focus, IED, Rotary International. These organizations joined their hands to cooperate of DCCI in this regard.

In addition to that, motivational campaigns have already been completed in 40 Universities to create awareness among the young would-be entrepreneurs. The district Chambers and Sectoral Associations have been informed about the campaigns in all 64 districts of the country. Several mentoring sessions have been organized by DCCI where the local experts and experienced people inspired the young students to become entrepreneur. Besides, we invited Bangladesh origin British Citizen Mr. Sabrul Islam who has inspired around 5000 students of many educational institutions of the country through his motivational speeches. Many of them were inspired to become entrepreneurs throughout these motivational workshops. We strongly hope that Bangladesh will emerge as a potential country in the global landscape. Though Dhaka Chamber has taken the initiative of creating new entrepreneurs, the chamber feels that both private and public sector have the responsibility to facilitate growing up new entrepreneurship in the country. DCCI feels that the country can be transformed into a strong economy of the world only by creating more and more entrepreneurs and these 2000 entrepreneurs will set an example, which shall play vital role to motivate all concerned.

Meanwhile, ICC World Chambers Federation expressed its views about DCCI's activities on creating 2000 entrepreneurs and entrepreneurship development and considering our initiative, they have suggested DCCI to submit documents in the World Chambers Competition to be held in 2015.

Publishing of a Handbook of Entrepreneurship Development

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) published a Handbook of Entrepreneurship Development as an integral part of its plan to create 2000 innovative entrepreneurs across the country. Hon'ble President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Mr. Md. Abdul Hamid unveiled the handbook.

at the inauguration of "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo" on 6 November, 2013. The handbook is equipped with detailed guidelines relating to business for new entrepreneurs along with information of various financing products and services of different commercial banks and non-bank financial institutions. The new entrepreneurs will be benefited by utilizing this hand book as a guideline to be an entrepreneur. Online version of the book is available at DCCI website. The Bengali Version of this handbook will be published soon.

Study on "Impact of Hurdles and Strikes on Bangladesh Economy"

For the first time, in this year, DCCI Research Cell has conducted a pioneering study on the "Impact of Hurdles and Strikes on Bangladesh Economy". The study was conducted based on sector wise loss due to hurdles and strikes which affected total GDP of the country. It was revealed in the study that the country faces on an average 40 days hurdles and strikes in a year, per day total economic loss due to hurdle is BDT 1,800 crore. Of this, RMD sector faces a loss of BDT 360 crore, whole sale market, shopping mall, show rooms and small grocery shop face a loss of BDT 600 crore, revenue collection of Government affect with a loss of BDT 250 crore, manufacturing industry face a loss of BDT 100 crore, transportation and communication sector face a loss of BDT 60 crore, tourism industry, education sector and financial institutions face a loss of BDT 150 crore, insurance companies face a loss of BDT 15 crore and other miscellaneous sector faces a loss of BDT 60 crore.

It has been found in the study that each day, the economy of Bangladesh is facing a loss equivalent to the 90 percent of per day GDP. The country sacrifices an economic loss of BDT 64,000 crore annually due to hurdles and strikes which is equivalent to more than 6 percent of annual GDP of Bangladesh. The study also disclosed that it would have been possible for Bangladesh to achieve double digit GDP growth if there was no political unrest, hurdles and strikes in the country. It was stated in the study that Bangladesh is one of the countries which has lagged behind due to political unrest and instability.

The study also mentioned some recommendations, some of them are as follows:

- Both the ruling and opposition parties must ensure political stability and find alternatives of hurdles, strikes and blockades for the sustainable socio-economic development of Bangladesh.
- The political parties should show highest respect to democracy which means they will be dependent only on the citizens of the country to be voted for taking the charge of the country and working only for the interest of the citizens.
- Research and development activities should be emphasized in all the political parties to provide poor information to election candidates in front of the general people of the country implementable through both print and electronic media.
- The political parties should show their strength and efficiency through sustainable economic development of the country rather than showing muscle power and political clashes.
- All the political parties should take a decision not to carry out their political activities and movement in the streets.

Performance of DCCI Business Institute

DCCI Business Institute (DBI) has conducted various short-term, mid-term and long-term training and academic courses to provide training services to the respected members of DCCI and others for the development of entrepreneurs and need-based skilled manpower. In 2013, 37 short training courses/workshops were held in DBI in which 647 participants were trained. In the International Certificate/Diploma courses of Supply Chain Management conducted in cooperation with ITC, Geneva, 81 participants participated in Certificate Course, 50 in Advanced Certificate courses and 35 in Diploma courses in 2013. Examinations of these courses were held in DBI under ITC and the number of participants was 653. According to the last examination held in DBI in September, 2013, 90% examinees were successful. This success rate is at time high which exhibits tremendous improvement in the quality of training services. ITC, Geneva is very pleased about the performance of DBI and assured its continuous support in year ahead.

DBI College has also given a fresh impetus by appointing an experienced Principal, a consultant and other faculties in 2013. Currently Admission is going on in the 3rd Batch of BBA (Hons) Professional course under National University. The responses are very encouraging. Hopefully, the quota of 50 students earmarked by the National University will be filled up this year. The students of 1st and

2nd batch are quite happy about the education-friendly environment and teaching facilities of DGI College. DCCI is also committed to further upgrading and expanding its academic and training services. In view of this, DGI has signed a MoU with Daffodil International University to jointly conduct BBA in Entrepreneurship and BBA in Leadership Development program. It has also signed a MoU with ACCA to conduct training programs for development of Finance and Accounting Professionals which is currently highly demanded in national and international job market.

Distinguished Friends

Perhaps you are aware that with the limited resources of the Chamber, it is not possible to conduct all necessary specialized services besides rendering its traditional services. In some cases DCCI takes support from the donor organizations to render its services to the members. Every year DCCI takes some important projects with the help from donor organizations. All these projects helped the Chamber to initiate several high-profile technical activities which sometimes beyond the capacities of DCCI individually. Some of these important projects are very briefly mentioned below:

Ongoing Projects of Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI)

1. Creating 2000 new Entrepreneurs (E2K)

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) in cooperation with Bangladesh Bank has taken up an ambitious and a Mega Project namely "Creator of 2000 New Entrepreneurs (E2K)" across the country. The activity of the project has started since April 2013 and the project is being operated by DCCI under the guidance of Bangladesh Bank.

The aims of the projects are:

- Create and foster 2000 new entrepreneurs.
- Initiate a platform for the new and innovative entrepreneurs for network building
- Disseminate information to establish an idea- shop and help enhancing capacities of the new entrepreneurs.
- Share inspired stories and journeys of successful entrepreneurs.
- Encourage age-old reputed chambers, trade bodies, sectoral associations, NGOs and Public and private universities/educational institutions for creation of new entrepreneurs in the country.
- Encourage policy makers to modify education policy and curriculum for pre-entrepreneurship education system in the country.
- Reduce dependency on searching job and generating employment through entrepreneurship development.

The Support Services to the 2000 Entrepreneurs:

- Training on: motivation, leadership, understanding business, business operation, HR policy, marketing and branding strategy, use of technology, banking, investment, revenue etc.
- Orientation for the development of new projects and ideas to make them more business oriented and profitable.
- Support services for copy right, PUSC registration and insurance etc.
- Developing business website, software and other technological solution
- HR recruitment and Necessary marketing and branding materials/policies
- Establishment of business incubator
- DCCI Help Desk for instant support from DCCI
- Access to DCCI website www.business.org.bd for various business related information

2. Business Initiative Leading Development, a Public Private Dialogue (PPD) Platform working for private sector development

Business Initiative Leading Development (BILD) was established in 2011 by the initiative of Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) in partnership with Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce & Industry (MCCI) and Gillingham Chamber of Commerce & Industry (GCCI) to provide services to the private sector. SME Foundation has joined with BILD as MoU partner. The Chamber signed long awaited BILD Deed of Trust on November 3, 2013 at the Hotel Westin as per the approval of the esteemed Board of DCCI. BILD is now registered under the Trust Act 1882 for the purpose of carrying out its activities under the Trust Deed. It is a milestone for a Public Private Partnership (PPP) for extending professional and global level services to the private sector.

In the year 2013 BUILD prepared a number of studies for submission in the Private Sector Development Policy Coordination Committee (PSDPCOC) established under PMO. BUILD activities are routed to the PSDPCOC through concerned Working Committees of BUILD. So far four thematic working committees are working in BUILD, each of which is Co-chaired by Secretaries of the concerned Ministry and private sector representatives, mostly Presidents of the partner Chambers.

Some of the important studies conducted by BUILD in the year 2013 are, Issuance of Factory Plan Approval and Factory Registration Certificate; Simplification of Ad-Hoc IRC; Simplification of Export cum Import procedures; Simplification of Policies for Devised Exporters; Simplification of Certification Mark License Issuance; Issuance of Utilization Permission(UP) for Plastic sector; Policy Simplification for Supermarkets; Policy Simplification for Manufacturing of Bales in Bangladesh; Foreign Suppliers' Credit Report Requirement as Per Foreign Exchange Guidelines(FEG), 1947; Policy Simplification for ICT Financing; EEP and Other Issues; Imposing Charge on Bangladesh Automated Clearing House (BACH); Rationalizing Import Duty of Solar lantern; Simplification of Duty Draw Back etc.

BUILD prepared a number of rich publications in this year, among which Business Start up Licenses, A Regulatory Guidance is one of the important ones which has been appreciated by all quarters and has been widely used by the private sector. BUILD is now engaged in preparing Sectoral Business Start Up Licensing Guide Book. BUILD and Associates for Development Services Limited (ADSL) has jointly initiated a Business Confidence Survey (BCS) 2013 which intends to offer insights into how optimistic investors and the overall private sector are about the Bangladesh economy. The BCS-2013 is going to be launched soon. Besides, BUILD is publishing bi-monthly E-Bulletin covering important activities of BUILD, publishing regular Articles both in English and Bengali Dailies and a number of helpful brochures to educate entrepreneurs.

BUILD is willing to be a sustainable private sector development organization through extending its research based services for addressing regulatory barriers and reducing cost of doing business with an objective to unlock business potentials of the country.

In running day-to-day activities of BUILD, DCCI played an advisory role in providing best inputs, from the part of the largest private sector representative body in the country which has been appreciated by the PSDPCOC established in the PMO.

3. Conference on NRB for Positioning Bangladesh

DCCI feels that Non-Resident Bangladeshis (NRBs) have been playing a vital role for economic development of Bangladesh and they are gradually associated with the economic activities of the country. In order to encourage NRB investment to create new entrepreneurs and employment opportunities for Bangladeshis people, the Chamber has taken a plan to hold a Mega Event namely "NRB for Positioning Bangladesh" in Dhaka in 2014. DCCI has been working since March, 2013 to create awareness among the NRBs. For this purpose, DCCI business delegation visited Middle East Countries which includes Bahrain, Dubai, Abu Dhabi and Qatar, USA, Japan, Korea, Malaysia etc. and informed the NRB peoples about DCCI's initiative of organizing a Mega Event as "NRB for Positioning Bangladesh". They appreciated DCCI for taking such initiative and assured DCCI to extend all kinds of cooperation for success of the event.

4. The Netherlands Trust Fund -II (NTF-II)

The International Trade Centre UN/CTO (ITC) implemented NTF II project in partnership with Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) and Bangladesh Association of Software and Information Services (BASIS) which was started on January 2010 and ended successfully at the end of June, 2013. The aim of the project was to create sustainable exporters competitiveness in IT & IESG Sector in Bangladesh and to implement a modern business model for effective linking of Bangladeshi exporters to EU countries. Considering the success of NTF II, representatives of ITC visited Bangladesh and discussed with DCCI and BASIS to implement the next phase of the project namely NTF III - Export Sector Competitiveness Programme "ESCP" which is based on a new partnership agreement signed by the CB and ITC in July 2013. The NTF II-ESCP will be implemented within four years duration with the continuation of good cooperation between ITC and CB, which has been most recently embodied in a series of programmes called Netherlands Trust Fund I (NTF I) and Netherlands Trust Fund II (NTF II). It is expected that NTF II will achieve the following impact:

- (i) Increase the income of producers and exporters in selected sectors and priority developing countries, through the creation of more competitive sectors, ultimately contributing to sustainable economic development.

- (ii) Developing plans for enhanced export competitiveness of selected sectors and enterprises and building ownership among local stakeholders.
- (iii) Improving export competitiveness and support services through building institutional capacity.
- (iv) Working with exporters to build business linkages and technical collaborations, as well as strengthen market position on existing and new markets.

8. Land purchase for New Office Building of DCCI

Purchase of land for DCCI new establishment plan in prime area of Dhaka is under process. DCCI has taken an initiative to establish a new multi-storied building at Gathua/ Sakthasa/ Mohakhali Uttara or at any other suitable adjacent area to diversify its services to the valued members, and to new and young entrepreneurs. Accordingly, DCCI has already sent separate letters to the Hon'ble State Minister, Ministry of Housing and Public Works, GoB and the Chairman of RAJUK regarding allotment of institutional plot to DCCI. In this regard, I also met the Chairman, RAJUK and requested him to allot a land of 2 (Two) bigha in the Uttara third phase project of RAJUK for establishing a new multi-storied building of DCCI. DCCI Business Institute (DBI), BSA College, Training Institute will be shifted in that new building of DCCI. I think, the new building of DCCI will play a significant role in the area of human resource development in Bangladesh. Besides, DCCI has published advertisement in the daily newspaper for procurement of 20 Katha land with its own finance.

Future Projects of DCCI

1. Enhanced Competitiveness and Sustainable Pro-poor Growth of MSMEs within the Leather Sector Value Chain in Bangladesh

Bangladesh Finished Leather, Leather goods and Footwear Exporters' Association (BFLPEA), Bangladesh Tanners Association (BTA), Leather, Footwear and Leather Product Technologist Association (LFPTA), Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) and Germanic Toscana Shoe Components (GTSC) have jointly submitted a proposal to European Union (EU) to implement a project on Enhanced Competitiveness and Sustainable Pro-poor Growth of MSMEs within the Leather Sector Value Chain in Bangladesh. The project is initiated by SEQUA, Germany.

2. USAID-Bangladesh Trade Facilitation Activity

International Development Group LLC (IDG) in cooperation with Charonics, an international development consulting firm based in Washington, DC proposed DCCI to be a partner of the project namely "USAID-Bangladesh Trade Facilitation Activity". The objective of the project is to improve the trade environment in Bangladesh. International Development Group LLC (IDG) and Charonics have jointly participated in the bid at USAID to implement the project. In this regard, as per their request, DCCI expressed its interest to be a partner of the project and sent a letter of commitment to confirm its willingness to collaborate with IDG in implementation of the project namely "USAID-Bangladesh Trade Facilitation Activity".

3. Expertise Resource Association (ERA) - Bangladesh

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) is keen to establish an organization namely Expertise Resource Association (ERA) - Bangladesh under the umbrella of the Chamber alike the model of ERA, Malaysia. During the visit of the delegation from Associated Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry of Malaysia (ACCCIM) on May 22, 2013 at DCCI, the delegation leader informed about Expertise Resource Association (ERA) of Malaysia which is a not-for-profit organization and is a platform for Malaysian senior citizens who share their knowledge and experiences for the development of SME sector. A business delegation of DCCI visited to ACCCIM, Malaysia during 19-22 September, 2013 and expressed its willingness to establish such type of organization in Bangladesh. In this regard ERA of Malaysia has agreed to extend all possible cooperation to establish ERA in Bangladesh. President of ERA, Malaysia will visit DCCI soon in this regard. We hope ERA - Bangladesh will be able to contribute greatly to the society especially to resourceful and experienced senior citizens of the country.

4. Bangladesh Youth Entrepreneurship for International Market

International Trade Centre (ITC) has proposed DCCI to establish an institution for youth entrepreneurship in Bangladesh which may be implemented under the partnership of International Trade Centre (ITC), Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) and Daffodil International University (DIU). The purpose of the project is to establish an institution which will help young people in Bangladesh to overcome difficulties they experience in getting employment opportunities, and raising themselves out of poverty through entrepreneurship. This type of institution would be helpful for creating 2000 new entrepreneurs as they need training, guidance, mentoring to fit them at international trade.

My Distinguished Successor,

I would like to request you to implement and continue of the ongoing and future projects of the Chamber, especially 'Expertise Resource Association (ERA) - Bangladesh', 'NPD for Positioning Bangladesh' and 'Creating 2000 New Entrepreneurs (C2K)' etc. for the wider benefit of the nation.

Seminar/ Workshops/other important programs organized by DCCI in 2013

You are aware that organizing seminars, discussion meetings, workshops, brain-storming sessions etc. are one of the most important activities of the Chamber. Through these activities, DCCI proposes several private-sector development measures to create business and investment friendly environment, concerned Ministers of GoB attended in various Seminars, Workshops and other Programmes organized by DCCI throughout the year. Some of them were Hon'ble Industries Minister Mr. Dilip Basu, Hon'ble Commerce Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohammed Qader M.P., Eng. Khondker Mosharraf Hossain, Hon'ble Minister for Exports/ Welfare & Overseas Employment, Hon'ble Education Minister Mr. Nasir Islam Nahid, M.P., Mr. Md. Shujahan Miah, M.P. Hon'ble State Minister for Religious Affairs. I would like to highlight some of these important activities of DCCI:

1. DCCI and Daffodil Institute of IT (DIT) jointly organized a workshop on 'Earning and Learning'.
2. Launching Ceremony of DCCI new Website, online Membership Directory and Business to Business (B2B) Service.
3. Coordination meeting among DCCI Former Presidents, DCCI Board of Directors, Concerns and Co-convenors of the Standing Committee of DCCI.
4. Seminar on Bi-lateral Free Trade Agreement (FTAs)-Opportunities and Challenges for Bangladesh: Framework Issues" where Hon'ble Commerce Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohammed Qader, MP was present as the Chief Guest.
5. US-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogues: Private Sector Forum". A total of four parallel working sessions on: Labor Rights, Regional Integration, Energy Security and Investment Opportunity were held at DCCI, in the presence of three USA under secretaries for the first time at DCCI.
6. I delivered speech at the Seminar on "Expanding Belgian-Bangladesh Business Opportunities" jointly organized by Flanders Investment & Trade (FIT), Belgium, FBCI, MCC and DCCI to explore trade and investments between Bangladesh and Belgium for the mutual benefits of both the countries.
7. A cultural program for celebrating the Pohela Baisakh at DCCI.
8. DCCI and Private TV Channel RTV jointly organized a live telecast program on "Budget a prelosho".
9. A Live Budget Speech listening program at DCCI Auditorium where technical support was provided by a private TV Channel "Bangla Vision".
10. A Discussion meeting on Budget for Preparing DCCI's analytical studies on National Budget.
11. Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) and Bangladesh Accreditation Board (BAB) jointly organized a Seminar on "Accreditation: Facilitating world trade" at DCCI.
12. DCCI and SSPHRM jointly organized a seminar on "Employees and Employers Relationship: Development Perspective" where Daffodil International University (DIU) contributed as knowledge partner.
13. An Orientation Program of Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo was organized by DCCI.
14. A Round Table Discussion on "BSA in Entrepreneurship and Leadership" at DCCI where Mr. Nasir Islam Nahid, Hon'ble Education Minister was present as the Chief Guest.
15. An Ifar and Doa Mahfil was organized in the holy month of Ramadan at DCCI.
16. DCCI and CTO forum jointly organized a RTD on "Industry-Academy Dialogue: 21st Century ICT Graduates" at DCCI where Professor Dr. A. K. Azad Chowdhury, Chairman, University Grants Commission was present as the Chief Guest.
17. DCCI and Centre for Zakat Management (CZM) jointly organized a seminar on "Building a Caring Society through Zakat" at DCCI where Mr. Md. Shujahan Miah, M.P. Hon'ble State Minister, Ministry of Religious Affairs was present as the Chief Guest.
18. A Round Table Discussion on "Opportunities and Challenges for Foreign Direct Investment".
19. A meeting between DCCI and India Delegation for discussing on bilateral business issues.

20. DCCI and BASIS jointly organized a seminar on "Young Entrepreneurship Creation" at DCCI.
21. A Round Table Discussion on "Bachelor of Entrepreneurship Development (BED) & BBA in Leadership".
22. A discussion meeting followed by dinner on Entrepreneurship and Innovation EXPO at Westin Hotel, Dhaka in presence of distinguished former Presidents of DCCI.
23. Inauguration Ceremony of DCCI Help Desk and unveiling of US Products and Services Info Center was organized at DCCI where US Ambassador, H. E. Mr. Dan W. Moore was present as the Chief Guest.
24. A meeting with the distinguished former Presidents of DCCI was organized by DCCI for discussing in details about the preparation of EZK Project.
25. A Round Table Discussion with Dutch Trade Delegation was organized by DCCI.
26. DCCI and Bangladesh Association of Software & Information Services (BASIS) jointly organized a program on "Creating IT Entrepreneurs" at DCCI.
27. DCCI organized a seminar on "Keeping Prices of Essentials stable during the holy month of Ramadan" at DCCI.
28. DCCI and SME Special Program Department of Bangladesh Bank jointly organized a Day-long workshop to promote "Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo" with Heads of SME Divisions of all Commercial Banks and NBFs.
29. Launching ceremony of "Asia-Pacific Trade and Investment Report 2013 Turning the Tide: Towards Inclusive Trade and Investment" jointly organized by DCCI, BFTI and UNESCAP held at DCCI.

Call on with various Ministers and other Dignitaries

DCCI Board of Directors met several Ministers and Dignitaries to stress on DCCI issues and presented constructive recommendations for creating enabling environment for trade and business in the country. These are:

1. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on the Honorable President of the Peoples Republic of Bangladesh at Bangabhaban and informed him about the mega event of DCCI. Some recommendations were also placed before him for creating enabling environment for business in Bangladesh.
2. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Hon'ble Finance Minister Mr. Abul Mual Abdul Muhsin, MP at his office and discussed on financial and economic issues of the country.
3. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Hon'ble Foreign Minister Dr. Dipu Monir, MP at her office and discussed on international affairs and political situation of the country.
4. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Hon'ble Communication Minister Mr. Obaidul Quader, MP at the Ministry of Communication, GoB and raised relevant and constructive recommendations for the development of communication sector of Bangladesh.
5. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Hon'ble Commerce Minister Mr. Shukun Muhammad Quader, MP at the Ministry of Commerce and sought his cooperation for smooth cooperation for increasing business friendly environment in the country.
6. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Hon'ble Industries Minister Mr. Dilip Barua at his office and recommended to take measures for industrial development of Bangladesh.
7. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Hon'ble Expatriates' Welfare & Overseas Employment Minister Engr. Khondker Mohtaram Hossain at his office.
8. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Dr. Atiqul Rahman, Governor, Bangladesh Bank and placed recommendations for ensuring stability and security of the financial sector and also to reduce the interest rate on bank loan. I informed him about the initiative of DCCI to create 2000 new entrepreneurs and the Governor appreciated the noble initiative of DCCI and gave his consent to extend cooperation in organizing the event jointly with DCCI.
9. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on Chairman, NBR Mr. Md. Shukun Hussain at his office and placed proposals of DCCI on national budget 2013-14.
10. Distinguished Members of the Board of Directors of DCCI called on FBCCI President Mr. Karim Akbaruddin Ahmed at FBCCI to discuss various issues for private sector development of the country.

11. I met RAJUK Chairman Engineer Nurul Huda regarding a plot booking for DCCI of Pubackal Project.
12. I myself and Dr. Vice President, DCCI attended in a meeting with Professor Abdullah Abu Sayeed of Bishwa Sahito Kendra.

Participation at TV Talk Show and Interviews

As DCCI President I attended more than 200 talk shows and interviews to discuss trade, business and current political issues in different TV channels at home and abroad. I have also given several interviews in different dailies regarding concurrent business and trade related issues. In these interviews and talk shows, I tried to highlight the initiative of DCCI's event of creating 2000 entrepreneurs and organizing of Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo. As a result the mass people are very much aware of DCCI's Mega 'Event of Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo'. These activities have added a new dimension to enhance the image of the Chamber.

Attendance in various Seminars, Meetings etc.

Throughout the year, I attended several seminars, workshops and meetings to represent DCCI. Some of them are given below:

1. Inauguration of 4th Inter-Hall Debating Competition as the Chief Guest arranged by Bangladesh Hall Debating Club, University of Dhaka.
2. Program of Bangladesh Computer Semites to receive "Life Time Achievement Award"
3. Seminar on "Young Leadership" arranged by Southeast University at Barisal.
4. The Seminar on Industry-Friendly Tax and Tariff Structure to Produce Alternative Goals of Impact as the Special Guest arranged by Ministry of Industries, GoB at Ruposhi Bangla Hotel.
5. "1st SAARC Insurance Regulators' Conference 2010" arranged by Insurance Development and Regulatory Authority (IDRA), Bangladesh.
6. Financial Sector Working Committee Meeting in BULCO Board Room
7. The Board of Directors visited Dharmapasha Head office at Besharhata and attended a meeting of Dharmapasha LM.
8. Economic Census as a Special Guest arranged by Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics.
9. Meeting with US Embassy and Amman for upcoming delegation from USA.
10. 5th Middle Bangladesh 2010 International Expo as a Special Guest
11. Two-day B2B match-making programme on IT and ITC organized by International Trade Centre.
12. Seminar on Youth Leadership organized by Better Bangladesh Foundation at Southeast University.
13. Seminar on Exploring opportunities: Czech Republic and Bangladesh Business Forum organized by MCC.
14. World Bank day Celebration 2010 at British Council.
15. The Launching of Community Standing Competition organized by Build Better Bangladesh.
16. Meeting of Private Sector Development Policy Co-ordination Committee at Prime Minister's Office.
17. Launching ceremony of the Education Watch 2011-12 Report on Skills Development in Bangladesh Enhancing the Youth Skills Profile.
18. Mr. Nosair Mahmud Khan, Acting President, DCCI attended the opening ceremony of National Entrepreneur Summit of team engine at Oursara Memorial Auditorium.
19. Mr. Nosair Mahmud Khan, Acting President, DCCI attended the view exchange meeting for preparing monetary policy of Bangladesh Bank.
20. Live Budget Discussion arranged by MCC and Manange Television.
21. I along with Vice President attended the meeting of Consultation Committee of NBR arranged by FRCCI and NBR.
22. Pre-budget Round Table Discussion on National Budget-2012 jointly arranged by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh and Prithvi A/c.
23. Attended "Bangladesh DID Summit-2012" as Special Guest.
24. Attended a Round Table Discussion on "Allocation of Budget on Science Education" arranged by Daily Sunskat.
25. Attended the Seminar on Enhancing Investment Climate as Chairperson of the Program.
26. Attended seminar on "Violence, Welfare and Youth" arranged by UGC at BRAC Center.

27. Attended the inauguration ceremony of Bangladesh Motor Parts Business Community Welfare Society as the Special Guest.
28. Attended the Launching Ceremony of Bangladesh Inbound Tour Operators Association (BD Inbound) as Special Guest.
29. Attended the New Logo Launching Ceremony of Anwar Landmark at CCC auditorium.
30. Attended the Seminar on Strengthening Strategic Partnership between Korea and Bangladesh arranged by Korean Embassy as a Panel Discussion.
31. Attended the "South Asian Grassroots Women Entrepreneurs-Exhibition cum Sale" arranged by South Asian Development Forum (SADF).
32. Attended the Program on "Joint initiatives of Bangladesh Bank and CIRDAP for Development of SMEs" jointly organized by Bangladesh Bank and CIRDAP.
33. Attended a Reception, Induction and Installation Ceremony arranged by Lions Club of Dhaka.
34. Attended a Recognition program of NRB arranged by NRB Council, with BB Governor, FBCCI president US Ambassador Mr. Dan W. Iltis.
35. Attended Laptop Distribution Program as the Chief Guest arranged by Center for Zakat Management.
36. Attended the Inaugural Business Software showcase as the Chief Guest arranged by BACS.
37. Attended the DCCI Foundation Meeting at DCCI.
38. Attended the Campaign of Creation of 2000 Entrepreneurs at Bangladesh University of Professionals.
39. Attended the Annual General Meeting of Bangladesh-Thai Chamber of Commerce and Industry at Saha Lounge, Chakra Club.
40. Attended a Workshop on "Sustaining Competitive and Responsible enterprises" in Bangladesh at Royal Park Residences Hotel, Banani.
41. Attended the meeting with the Bangladesh Bank Governor at Bangladesh Bank and discussed about the funding of DCCI Mega Event.
42. Attended an International Conference on "Afghanistan Beyond 2014: Implication for South Asia" arranged by Bangladesh Institute of Peace and Securities Studies.
43. Attended the discussion on the "Draft PPP Act-2013 in Prime Minister's Office."
44. Attended the Press Conference: "Thriving Economy of Bangladesh" arranged by FBCCI.
45. Attended the Board Meetings of Sub-Marine Cable Co. several times.
46. Attended the Board Meeting of SIAC at SIAC office.
47. Attended the Board Meeting of Tibex Gas Transmission and Distribution Co. Ltd for several times.
48. Attended the Meeting of the Board of Directors of OGE for several times.
49. Attended WASA Board Meeting at WASA Station, Karwan Bazar for several times.
50. DCCI organized campaigns on Entrepreneurship Development, as a part of its Mega Event for creating 2000 Entrepreneurs and Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo at Daffodil International University, American International University of Bangladesh (AIUB), University of Liberal Arts Bangladesh (ULAB), United International University (UIU), State University of Bangladesh (SUS), Jangshon University (JAU), North South University (NSU), Comilla University (CU), Chittagong Veterinary and Animal Sciences University (CVASU), International Islamic University Chittagong (IUC), ASA University, BRAC University, Eastern University, Stamford University, Bangladesh University of Professionals, Bangladesh Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Agriculture University (BSMRU), BOMDA Fashion Institute, Rajshahi University, Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science & Technology, Sher-e-Bangla Agricultural University, Shaheed Science and Technology University and Dhaka University.

Meeting with Foreign Delegations and Dignitaries

Several important business meetings were held with the Foreign Delegations of India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Thailand, Japan, South Korea, Nigeria, USA, UK, Burkina Faso, Belarus etc. in the year 2013 and they have showed their willingness to work and establish networking relationship with DCCI. In these meetings most of the delegates expressed their keen interest to invest in different sectors of the country. Some of the important meetings are listed below:

1. Senior Officials of LI & Fung Limited, Hong Kong called on DCCI President.
2. Director of Taiwan Trade Centre Mr. Weedy Wang called on DCCI President.
3. DCCI and Embassy of the Kingdom of the Netherlands jointly organized Information Sharing Meeting on RSB Support Program for Private Sector Development. Charge d'Affaires of the Netherlands Embassy Mr. Carol Richter was present in the meeting.
4. A business meeting between a trade delegation of AnChain India and DCCI was held at DCCI.
5. High Commissioner of Sri Lanka to Bangladesh H.E. W. A. Sarath K. Wernagoda and High Commissioner of Bangladesh to Sri Lanka H.E. Mohammed Saifur Rahman called on DCCI Board of Directors to discuss potentials of exploring trade and investment between Bangladesh and Sri Lanka.
6. Ambassador of Japan to Bangladesh H.E. Shiro Sadotkina and Ambassador of Bangladesh in Japan H.E. Masud Bin Momen called on DCCI Board of Directors to discuss various bilateral issues between Bangladesh and Japan.
7. A business meeting on bilateral trade, investment, shipping and tourism between DCCI and Sri Lanka's Deputy Minister for External Affairs was held at DCCI. H.E. W. A. Sarath K. Wernagoda High Commissioner of Sri Lanka to Bangladesh was present in the meeting.
8. A high profile delegation of US Government headed by Dr. Robert Ichord, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Energy Transmission visited DCCI and took part in a discussion meeting on "Sustainable Energy for All".
9. Vice Chairman of China Council for the Promotion of International Trade (CCPIT) Mr. Dong Binggen met me at Hotel Sonargaon, Dhaka.
10. A 15 member high profile delegation of Association of Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Malaysia (ACCOCIM) visited DCCI and participated RSB March Meeting meeting between DCCI and ACCOCIM delegation organized by DCCI.
11. Ambassador of Turkey to Bangladesh H.E. Husayin Marukoglu visited DCCI and met DCCI Board of Directors.
12. Ambassador of Russia to Bangladesh H.E. Alexander A. Mikulov called on DCCI Acting President Mr. Nesar Maksud Khan and DCCI Board of Directors.
13. I myself delivered speech at the "Official Opening of Swedish Trade Delegation to Bangladesh" organized by Embassy of Sweden and Business Sweden.
14. ACCA delegation headed by Dr. Alta Sajad, Regional Head of Education for MENASA (Middle East, North Africa and South Asia) met Board of Directors, DCCI. ACCA showed their interest in signing MoU with DCCI on Education and Training purpose.
15. I along with SVP Mr. Nesar Maksud Khan, Director Mr. Osama Tasseer met with Mr. Rajiv Pradhan, Country Director, IDE - Bangladesh at Hotel Lake Shore, Gulshan, Dhaka regarding the Commercialization of Agriculture Technologies in Bangladesh by establishing a project as "National Technology Commercialization Platform" at DCCI.
16. A 3-member Indian Delegation headed by Mr. Ajay Srivastava, Executive Vice President, Integrated Project Services, International Private Limited, India called on Board of Directors at DCCI. The Delegation expressed their interest to invest in Pharmaceutical Industries of Bangladesh.
17. I have attended Lunches Meeting with the Ambassador of South Korea at Wende Hotel, Dhaka.
18. I along with Senior Vice President and Vice President, DCCI attended Meeting with the Delegates of USND.
19. I myself, Senior Vice President and Vice President of DCCI attended the Meeting with the Ambassador of Japan and discussed various business issues including updating Bangladesh's heritage in Japan.
20. I attended the Buffet Reception program arranged by the Ambassador of Norway in Bangladesh.
21. I along with Senior Vice President, DCCI attended the meeting with Ms. Tanna Braso, Director, South Asia, Chemreco at Wende, Gulshan.
22. I met Deputy Chief of Mission and Trade Attaché of Turkey Embassy in Dhaka.
23. I gave interview to the representative of Nelson Bangladesh regarding Telecommunication sector of Bangladesh.
24. I took part in Skype Conversation with Mr. Jin, Quality Advisor, CBI.

25. I attended an informal dinner with Mr. Nicola Weltonce, Senior Trade & Investment commissioner arranged by Australian High Commission.
26. I attended the Luncheon program with the Ambassador of Indonesia in Dhaka arranged by ICC Bangladesh.
27. I attended a meeting with Mr. Ernest Kosh of INSPIRED, funded by EU for SME Development Program.
28. I attended Reception Program arranged by Italian Embassy of Italian Embassy in Bangladesh.
29. I myself attended "Interactive Session on Business and Investment Opportunity in Nepal" with Mr. Brod K Choudhury arranged by Nepal Embassy in Dhaka.
30. I had a meeting with H.E. Mr. Idrie, Ambassador of Burkina Faso and presented a crest to him on behalf of DCCI.
31. I attended a meeting with Mr. Roger, Li & Fung at Westin Hotel for Tajrin Garments Victim fund.
32. A delegation led by me attended a Business meeting with Tokyo Chamber of Commerce and Industry (TOCCI) in Tokyo.
33. A delegation led by me participated in a Dinner Program arranged by Yougine Corporation at Tulip Hall of the Westin Ghoson Hotel, Seoul, Korea.
34. A delegation led by me attended Business Round Table discussion organized by KBIU, Korea.
35. I, along with a delegation attended a reception program arranged by the Embassy of Morocco on the occasion of the 14th Anniversary of the Enthronement of H.E. Mohammed VI.
36. I, along with DCCI business delegation attended the meeting with the High Commissioner of Nigeria at DCCI Board Room and discussed various bilateral business issues.
37. I attended meeting with Mr. Tago, Counselor, Japan Embassy in Dhaka at Westin Hotel.
38. I attended a business meeting with JETRO Chief Mr. Kikawasa and discussed various business development and cooperation issues.
39. I, along with Senior Vice President and Vice President, DCCI attended a meeting with Mr. Masud Nooran, Ambassador of Bangladesh to Uzbekistan.
40. I met Mr. HIROSHI Ueno, President, Yamamoto Co. Ltd and Committee Member of Rotary Club of Nagoya-shoh, Japan.
41. Attended the Meeting with Mr. Hae Jin Hak, Head of Commercial Section, Korean Embassy at DCCI and discussed the DCCI Help Desk issues.
42. I had a meeting with Mr. David Fenning, Team Leader of TPDP.
43. Attended a call on arranged by Bhutan Embassy in Dhaka at Pan Pacific Sonargaon Hotel.

Signing of Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

Every year DCCI signs MOUs with various national and international organizations for building collaboration with a view to taking a number of activities for wider benefit of the nation. Soon after taking the responsibility, we took initiative to revive the MOUs that have already been signed with various Chambers and Association around the world. As a result bilateral relationship with these countries was further strengthened. Besides, DCCI signed 17 MOUs in 2013 with different national and international chamber bodies and organizations which are highest in a single year. This year the following MOUs were signed with:

1. Minsk Department of the Belarusian Chamber of Commerce & Industry (MIBC).
2. Registrar of Joint stock Corporates and Firms (RJSC) for establishment of DCCI Help Desk.
3. CTO Forum to cooperate each other for organizing training, seminar, and workshop on various IT related issues.
4. Junior Chamber International (JCI), Bangladesh to support "Creating 2000 new Entrepreneurs (E2K) and DCCI "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo".
5. Bangladesh Association of Software & Information Service (BASIS) to support the Creation of 2000 New Entrepreneurs (E2K) and DCCI "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo".
6. Daffodil International University (DIU) for joint collaboration between DCCI and DIU.
7. BD Ventures Limited to support "Creating 2000 new Entrepreneurs (E2K) and DCCI "Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo".

8. Juba Bahra Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry (JBCCCI)
9. Bangladesh Institute of ICT for Development (BID) and Rotary International for the partnership to facilitate development of 200 entrepreneurs in rural areas as part of Creation of 2000 New Entrepreneurs (C2K) by DCCI.
10. Small & Cottage Industries Training Institute (SCITI) to support "Creation of 2000 New Entrepreneurs (C2K)".
11. Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) to support "Creation of 2000 New Entrepreneurs (C2K)".
12. National Chamber of Commerce of Sri Lanka (NCCSL) in Colombo, Sri Lanka.
13. Water Sanitation Programme (WSP), World Bank at DCCI Board Room.
14. Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Burkina Faso (CCI-BF) to develop mutual cooperation.
15. Korea Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KCCCI) to structure and strengthen the relationship and to foster close cooperation between DCCI and KCCCI.
16. Institution of Diploma Engineering, Bangladesh (IDEB) to enhance entrepreneurship among the diploma engineers.
17. Association of Certified Chartered Accountants (ACCA) to conduct training programs for the development of accounting professionals.

MeUs are under progress with Dover District Chamber of Commerce (DDCC) of United Kingdom and some other national and international organizations to foster a spirit of better cooperation and coordination between business communities of the respective parties. Besides, Korean Importers Association (KICMA) has also expressed their keen interest to sign a MeU with DCCI in strengthening trade and investment cooperation between KICMA and DCCI. Also, the Future Leaders Ltd. (FLI), a UK based organization on entrepreneurship skill development and consultancy firm has showed their interest to sign MeU with DCCI under its "Excellence and Entrepreneurship Programme (EEP)" in tag with C2K project.

Press Conferences

DCCI organized Press Conferences on various issues on trade, commerce and present political situations which are mentioned below:

1. Meet the press of newly elected Board of Directors of DCCI regarding various activities and views of DCCI on important national issues of trade and commerce of the country which was held at DCCI Auditorium.
2. Press conference on post-budget analysis was held at DCCI where the positive aspects as well as the challenges of the proposed national budget 2013-14 were highlighted. DCCI also put forward some constructive recommendations through this press conference to government for the effective utilization of the budget.
3. Press Conference on recent ongoing political instability and its impact on economy were also held at DCCI Auditorium. In this press conference DCCI highlighted the political instability due to harkat has been eroding the country's economic prospects. DCCI requested the political parties to resolve the ongoing political deadlock immediately for the sake of the country's economy. DCCI recommended that there should be guidelines for observing harkat. DCCI suggested forming a citizens' council from different professional groups who will have no political identity. The council will put forward acceptable suggestions through evaluating political parties' activities neutrally and their suggestions/recommendations may be discussed in the parliament. In this regard, I would like to remind that DCCI played a key role through urging government and opposition party to hold dialogue for the sustainable economic development of the country.
4. Press conference on its vision of creating 2000 new entrepreneurs through the event titled "DCCI Entrepreneurship & Innovation Expo"

DCCI's Comments/Recommendations on several National Policies/Issues

One of the major functions of DCCI is to send constructive recommendations/suggestions to the

এদের এ পত্র হল : এ পত্রের প্রথম ভাগে প্রতিটি ফ্রেজ ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টরের জন্য একটি এ ফ্রেজ পত্র প্রস্তুত করে এদের ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র :

- ১ . ফ্রেজ ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টরের ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ২ . ফ্রেজ গভর্নেন্স সেক্টরের ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৩ . মার্কাস ইন্সটিটিউট ফর গ্লোবাল (২০১৩) এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৪ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে এর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৫ . ডি এফ মার্কাস এফিল্ডে এ ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৬ . মার্কাস এর ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৭ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৮ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৯ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ১০ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ১১ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ১২ . মার্কাস এর এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ১৩ . CHOGMI ডায়ালগ প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ১৪ . মার্কাস এ ফ্রেজ ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ১৫ . মার্কাস এ ফ্রেজ ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ;

২০১৩ ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা

ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টরের ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা : এফিল্ডে পত্র :

- Introducing DCCI-2013
- Tax Guide 2013-14
- DCCI Monthly Review
- Flyer of B2B Matchmaking service
- Flyer of NFD for positioning Bangladesh
- Brochure for DCCI Help Desk
- Handbook of Entrepreneurship Development
- Flyer of the Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo
- PREVIEW
- Five Brochures for DCCI Trade Delegation abroad
- Annual Report 2013

ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টরের ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা

২০১৩ ফ্রেজ ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টরের ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা : এফিল্ডে পত্র প্রস্তুত করা :

- ১ . এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ২ . ফাইন্যান্সিয়াল সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৩ . এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৪ . এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;
- ৫ . এফিল্ডে সেক্টর প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ প্রস্তুত করা ফ্রেজ ডায়ালগ এর পত্র প্রস্তুত করা ;

government on behalf of its constituents to incorporate in the national policies and important national issues. DCCI sent proposals to NBR for inclusion in the national Budget 2013-14. The Chamber has also forwarded comments on various national and international issues. These are listed below:

1. Comments on draft Public Private Partnership Act-2013.
2. Comments on draft Geographical Indication Act 2011
3. Comments on Bangladesh Investment Policy Review (UNCTAD)
4. Inputs in the 7th Joint Commission Co-operation meeting between Bangladesh and Thailand
5. Inputs on China-Bangladesh Trade and Investment
6. Comments on the meeting of Joint Economic Commission between Bangladesh and Philippines.
7. Comments on the meeting of Joint Economic Commission between Bangladesh and South Korea.
8. Inputs on important issues to be discussed in the Ministerial Level Meeting of Joint Trade Committee between Bangladesh and Thailand.
9. Proposals of DCCI for inclusion in the agenda of 2nd meeting of the Joint Economic Commission between Bangladesh and Vietnam.
10. Inputs in Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting 2013.
11. Comments on Draft Rules of Origin under Preferential Trade Agreement (PTA) between Bangladesh-India.
12. Inputs in 7th Joint Trade Commission meeting between Bangladesh and Myanmar.

Publications in the year 2013

DCCI Research Cell and Public Relation Department throughout the year have prepared some publications of DCCI. Some of these are as follows:

Introducing DCCI-2013

Tax Guide 2013-14

DCCI Monthly Review

Flyer of B2B Matchmaking service

Flyer of NPS for positioning Bangladesh

Brochure for DCCI Help Desk

Handbook of Entrepreneurship Development

Flyer of the Entrepreneurship and Innovation Expo

PREVIEW

Five Brochures for DCCI Trade Delegation abroad

Annual Report-2013

DCCI Trade Delegation to abroad

In the year 2013 several business delegations were led by DCCI. Some of the important delegations are mentioned below:

1. Attended at the South Asia Sub-regional Economic Cooperation (SASEC) Trade Facilitation week at Bangkok.
2. A 14-member business delegation headed by me, attended ICC WCF 6th World Chambers Congress in Delhi, Qatar.
3. A high-profile 14-member business delegation headed by me visited Middle Eastern countries like Bahrain, Dubai and Abu Dhabi for enhancing bi-lateral trade and investment.
4. A 30-member business delegation headed by me attended 6th China South Asia Business Forum and 21st China Import and Export Fair and 1st China South Asia Exposition, Kunming, China.

5. A business delegation headed by Vice President of DCCI attended Beauty Summit, 9th International Exhibition for Cosmetics, Beauty, Hair, Istanbul, Turkey for enhancing bi-lateral trade and investment.
6. A 7-member business delegation headed by Senior Vice President of DCCI attended 2013 International Franchise Expo, New York and Washington DC, USA for enhancing bi-lateral trade and investment.
7. A 9-member business delegation headed by me, visited Japan for enhancing bilateral trade and investment. The delegation attended the "Bangladesh Art Festival under the Setouchi International art Triennale 2013 in Takamatsu, Japan.
8. A 5 member business delegation headed by me, visited South Korea for enhancing bilateral trade and investment.
9. Attended the ACG SGAEC Conference in Bangkok, Thailand.
10. A 11-member business delegation headed by me, visited Malaysia for enhancing bi-lateral trade and investment.
11. A delegation of DCCI headed by DCCI Director Kh. Shehida Islam attended "Pack Expo 2013" in Las Vegas, Nevada, USA.
12. Delegation of 24 members headed by me, attended Commonwealth Business Forum 2013 in Colombo, Sri Lanka.
13. Mr. M. Abu Hossain, Director, DCCI and Mr. Hossain A. Sikder, Director, DCCI attended the Asia-Pacific Business Forum: Connecting the Pacific with Asia at United Nations Conference Centre, Bangkok, Thailand.
14. As a part of the 16-member Bangladeshis delegation headed by the Hon'ble Commerce Secretary, I attended the WTO 9th Ministerial Conference in Bali, Indonesia.
15. A 10-member business delegation headed by Abuj Had Abidus Salam, Director, DCCI participated in the Klang YWU Friendship Cities International Commodities Expo in Malaysia.
16. I participated as a part of 15-member Bangladeshi Business Leader Delegation to Hong Kong headed by the US Ambassador in Bangladesh H. E. Mr. Dan W. Moore.
17. I will attend the inaugural ceremony of the "12th India International Mega Trade Fair" as the Guest of Honor at Science City Ground, Kolkata, India.
18. I, along with Vice President, DCCI Mr. Abbar Karim Chowdhury will attend the "29th Industrial Trade Fair" at Milan Metro, Kolkata, India organized by Bengal regional Chamber of Commerce & Industry (BNCCI).

Standing Committee activities and Board Meetings

A total of twenty four Standing Committees headed by each Director who acted as Coordinating Director of the committee worked throughout the year. In the year 2013 about 70 meetings of these Standing Committees were convened, where lot of important suggestions and recommendations came out. A meeting with the newly assigned convenor and co-convenors of all the Standing Committees of DCCI were also held. The details of the activities of the Standing Committees have been included in a separate chapter. Considering the various aspect of business, I would like to propose the increase of the number of Standing Committees of DCCI. I feel DCCI needs at least 36 Standing Committee to cover all the sectors of business.

I would like to take the privilege to thank all Coordinating Directors, Convenors, Co-Convenors of all the Standing Committees for their whole-hearted cooperation and efforts throughout the year.

Ten (10) Board Meetings and one (01) emergency meeting of the Board of Directors were held in the Chamber to discuss managerial, financial issues and to suggest policy issues to run the Chamber efficiently. It also helped to take administrative decision to streamline disciplinary activities of the Chamber.

Social Welfare Activities

During the year 2013 DCCI has carried out various social welfare activities. As a part of its CSR activities, DCCI Foundation has donated 6 (six) dialysis machines to the Kidney Foundation and Research Institute (KFRI). KFRI is a non profit hospital and research institute provides training for doctors and nurses and conducts research on kidney disease along with providing medical facilities to the patients. With these six kidney dialysis machines, around 108 kidney affected patients can get dialysis services in three shifts each day.

DCCI handed over warm clothes to the representatives of Mohanar Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Rangpur Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Chapainawabganj Chamber of Commerce & Industry, Kurigram Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Dinager Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Lalmonirhat Chamber of Commerce and Industry for cold wave stricken distressed people of North Bengal. DCCI has also distributed warm clothes to the Dhaka Mohanagar Society and Anjuman Mubalil Islam to distribute these to the distressed people living in Dhaka and its surrounding.

DCCI also arranged Das and Ifar Mahli at DCCI Auditorium in the month of holy Ramadan. Distinguished Members of DCCI along with leading businessmen of the country were present in the Das and Ifar Mahli. Ambassador of Russia in Bangladesh H.E. Mr. Alexander A. Nikolayev, Ambassador of Republic of Korea Mr. Lee Yul-yeung, High Commissioner of the Maldives Mr. Ahmed Sorwer, Deputy Political and Economic Counselor of US Embassy Mr. Tobias Gluckstein and Commercial Counselor of Turkish Embassy Ms. Tulay Uyanik were also present in the occasion.

Membership Enrollment

DCCI has been supported by a large number of members engaged in business in the area of export, import, manufacturing, banking, insurance, shipping, service, real estate and SMEs. Despite various business obstacles and business slowdown due to political instability, 451 new members were enrolled, 150 members were revived and 3421 members have renewed their membership in 2013 as on November, which shows a significant increase in membership of the Chamber.

DCCI Accounts

Before concluding my speech, I would like to highlight some salient features of the financial position of the Chamber. The income of this year was Tk 10,67,65,917 against expenditure of Taka 6,58,48,191 during the same year. The Auditor's Report which is incorporated in this Annual Report stated that the excess of income over expenditure during the year 2013 was Tk. 4,09,17,726 which was Tk. 3,34,98,654 in the previous year. The income has accrued from membership subscription, building rent and various sources. Above all, cost savings to a considerable extent by avoiding unnecessary expenses also contributed to this surplus. The overall savings of the Chamber in the form of cash at Bank, cash in hand and fixed deposit increased to Tk. 37,11,48,580 from Tk. 30,79,45,952 reflecting an increase of Tk. 6,32,02,628 or 20.52 percent. It may be mentioned that this year the Chamber has paid arrears of City Corporation Tax amounting to Tk 63,79,298. It is evident from the above statistics that the financial condition of the Chamber has improved substantially in 2013. This year we have been able to set a record by depositing highest amount of Tk 4,70,48,508 in Fixed Deposit Receipt (FDR) of the chamber.

Respected Members

As a first ISO certified Chamber of the country, DCCI maintains its high quality of services to its esteemed members as well as business community at home and abroad. Today the Chamber has been recognized as one of the most active and reputed trade organizations both in national and international arena. The Chamber would like to maintain the same standard in future also.

Distinguished Members

The year 2013 was very eventful for DCCI because in this year DCCI has been able to maintain closer relationship between the government and the private sector as well as international level, despite political instability and political activities like strike, blockade and movement. Out of 365 days, 150 days could not be utilized properly due to holidays and political activities. However, I tried my best to accommodate DCCI activities for the wider interest of the private sector development. If there was no political unrest, we could have been able to perform with more diversified activities throughout the year.

I took lessons from my predecessors in keeping up Chamber's activities more vibrant and meaningful. During my tenure a lot of successes have been realized. We had been successfully able to focus DCCI to international business arena through 17 high-profile business delegations' visits to different countries which is a record in terms of number of delegations visit abroad in a single year. As a result USA, Middle East, Britain, EU, India, China, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and some other countries have confirmed their visit to DCCI in the next year. I hope now Board will look after this issue with highest emphasis.

This year DCCI was also highly focused in both electronic and print media due to its diversified activities and all kinds of chamber's news circulated to all the members through DCCI Website. DCCI was also highlighted through SRS to about ten cross mobile phone users regarding DCCI's Mega Event namely "Entrepreneurship & Innovation expo".

Today it is my last day as the President of DCCI. I would like to ensure you all that I shall always keep contact with the Chamber and share my experiences for the benefit of DCCI. If I had been able to contribute anything for the development of business and economy during the last one year, the credit must also goes to you all.

I also acknowledge with thanks the hard work and sincerity of all officials of the Secretariat in performing their duties to uphold the image of the Chamber, maintain continuity of the activities and managing relationship with other national and international organizations. This year I got extraordinary support from the Chamber's Secretariat which also needs to be recognized.

Before concluding my speech, I want to congratulate the newly elected Board of DCCI and its President, Senior Vice President, Vice President and Directors who, I believe will work hard in 2014 to uphold the name and fame of the Chamber. I would like to offer my heartfelt thanks to all of my predecessors and successors once again with my commitment of rendering any support required for the Chamber activities for consecutive development.

I thank you all once again for patience hearing.

Ash-Hafeez

Md. Sabur Khan

President, DCCI

Date: December 18, 2013.

- ১৬. মার্কিন যুক্তরাষ্ট্রের জি২০ ফোরামের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ১৭. ফিলিস্তিনের সফলতা অর্জন করে এবং সফল ফোরাম গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ১৮. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
 - ১) Vision 2021
 - ২) International Business Conference (IBC)
 - ৩) Bangladesh 2030: Strategy for Growth
 - ৪) Positioning Bangladesh: Branding for Business
- ১৯. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২০. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২১. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২২. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৩. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৪. Private Sector or Proper positioning এর সহি DCCI গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৫. DCCI role model or focus এর সহি DCCI গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৬. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৭. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৮. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ২৯. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩০. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩১. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩২. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৩. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৪. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৫. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৬. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৭. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৮. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৩৯. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।
- ৪০. ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।

ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।

ফিলিস্তিনের অংশ নিলে এবং গ্লোবাল উইন্স অ্যাওয়ার্ড জিতেছে।

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ডিনিভিয়ারি-এর বর্ষব্যাপী কিছু উল্লেখযোগ্য ছবি

শ্রীলঙ্কা সড়ক পরিবহন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সেবা প্রদান করা হয়েছে। এই সেবাটি পরিচালনা করে আসছে ডিনিভিয়ারি। এছাড়াও, ডিনিভিয়ারি সড়ক পরিবহন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সেবা প্রদান করা হয়েছে। এই সেবাটি পরিচালনা করে আসছে ডিনিভিয়ারি।



ডিনিভিয়ারি সড়ক পরিবহন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সেবা প্রদান করা হয়েছে। এই সেবাটি পরিচালনা করে আসছে ডিনিভিয়ারি। এছাড়াও, ডিনিভিয়ারি সড়ক পরিবহন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সেবা প্রদান করা হয়েছে। এই সেবাটি পরিচালনা করে আসছে ডিনিভিয়ারি।



ডিনিভিয়ারি সড়ক পরিবহন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সেবা প্রদান করা হয়েছে। এই সেবাটি পরিচালনা করে আসছে ডিনিভিয়ারি। এছাড়াও, ডিনিভিয়ারি সড়ক পরিবহন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সেবা প্রদান করা হয়েছে। এই সেবাটি পরিচালনা করে আসছে ডিনিভিয়ারি।



তিনিশিলাই-এৰ সৰ্বকাৰী বিত্ত উদ্বোধনো ঘনি



তিনিশিলাই শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা গুৰু ব্যৱস্থা (২০১১), ব্যৱস্থাৰ উন্নয়নৰ অৰ্থেইয়াৰে পৰিচালনা কৰা কৰ্মী ১, পৰিচালনা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰাৰ ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী, অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী)।



অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী)।



তিনিশিলাই শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী), অৰ্থেইয়াৰ শাৰ্খাৰী ব্যৱস্থা কৰা কৰ্মী (১০০ জনা কৰ্মী)।

डिजिटल-वर्क सर्वोपयोगी किंग्डम स्ट्रुक्चरगत प्रति



डिजिटल-वर्क सर्वोपयोगी किंग्डम स्ट्रुक्चरगत प्रति, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, 2023-24, 2024-25, 2025-26, 2026-27, 2027-28, 2028-29, 2029-30, 2030-31, 2031-32, 2032-33, 2033-34, 2034-35, 2035-36, 2036-37, 2037-38, 2038-39, 2039-40, 2040-41, 2041-42, 2042-43, 2043-44, 2044-45, 2045-46, 2046-47, 2047-48, 2048-49, 2049-50, 2050-51, 2051-52, 2052-53, 2053-54, 2054-55, 2055-56, 2056-57, 2057-58, 2058-59, 2059-60, 2060-61, 2061-62, 2062-63, 2063-64, 2064-65, 2065-66, 2066-67, 2067-68, 2068-69, 2069-70, 2070-71, 2071-72, 2072-73, 2073-74, 2074-75, 2075-76, 2076-77, 2077-78, 2078-79, 2079-80, 2080-81, 2081-82, 2082-83, 2083-84, 2084-85, 2085-86, 2086-87, 2087-88, 2088-89, 2089-90, 2090-91, 2091-92, 2092-93, 2093-94, 2094-95, 2095-96, 2096-97, 2097-98, 2098-99, 2099-100, 2100-101, 2101-102, 2102-103, 2103-104, 2104-105, 2105-106, 2106-107, 2107-108, 2108-109, 2109-110, 2110-111, 2111-112, 2112-113, 2113-114, 2114-115, 2115-116, 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2716-717, 2717-718, 2718-719, 2719-720, 2720-721, 2721-722, 2722-723, 2723-724, 2724-725, 2725-726, 2726-727, 2727-728, 2728-729, 2729-730, 2730-731, 2731-732, 2732-733, 2733-734, 2734-735, 2735-736, 2736-737, 2737-738, 2738-739, 2739-740, 2740-741, 2741-742, 2742-743, 2743-744, 2744-745, 2745-746, 2746-747, 2747-748, 2748-749, 2749-750, 2750-751, 2751-752, 2752-753, 2753-754, 2754-755, 2755-756, 2756-757, 2757-758, 2758-759, 2759-760, 2760-761, 2761-762, 2762-763, 2763-764, 2764-765, 2765-766, 2766-767, 2767-768, 2768-769, 2769-770, 2770-771, 2771-772, 2772-773, 2773-774, 2774-775, 2775-776, 2776-777, 2777-778, 2778-779, 2779-780, 2780-781, 2781-782, 2782-783, 2783-784, 2784-785, 2785-786, 2786-787, 2787-788, 2788-789, 2789-790, 2790-791, 2791-792, 2792-793, 2793-794, 2794-795, 2795-796, 2796-797, 2797-798, 2798-799, 2799-800, 2800-801, 2801-802, 2802-803, 2803-804, 2804-805, 2805-806, 2806-807, 2807-808, 2808-809, 2809-810, 2810-811, 2811-812, 2812-813, 2813-814, 2814-815, 2815-816, 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डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् नवीयता विद्युत् सप्लायलाग हति

एडिटर: इण्डियन एन्डोर्समेन्ट (एनईए)एच अह
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डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कर्मचारी विद्युत् उपकरणों का दिन

डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कार्यक्रम के तहत कंपनी द्वारा 2013-14 वृत्त के दौरान जारी की गई विद्युत् उपकरणों का उपयोग करके डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कार्यक्रम का शुभारंभ किया गया।



डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कार्यक्रम के तहत कंपनी द्वारा 2013-14 वृत्त के दौरान जारी की गई विद्युत् उपकरणों का उपयोग करके डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कार्यक्रम का शुभारंभ किया गया।



डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कार्यक्रम के तहत कंपनी द्वारा 2013-14 वृत्त के दौरान जारी की गई विद्युत् उपकरणों का उपयोग करके डिजिटल इंडिया-एवम् कार्यक्रम का शुभारंभ किया गया।



ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য কিছু উদ্ভেদযোগ্য দল

স্বল্প সময়ের মধ্যে অসংখ্য দলকে একত্রিত করে একটি উদ্ভেদযোগ্য দলের গঠন করা হয়েছিল। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে।



ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে।



স্বল্প সময়ের মধ্যে অসংখ্য দলকে একত্রিত করে একটি উদ্ভেদযোগ্য দলের গঠন করা হয়েছিল। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে। ডিজিটাইজেশ্ব-এর অবিচ্ছেদ্য অঙ্গ হিসেবে এই দলগুলি কাজ করেছে।



ডিনিবিসিআই-এর বর্ষব্যাপী কিছু উদ্ভবযোগ্য ফল

ডিনিবিসিআই সফলতা অর্জন করে উন্নয়ন করা থেকে শুরু করে প্রকল্প নির্মাণ। "বাংলাদেশ প্রকল্প ২০১৩-১৪" হিসেবে সংশ্লিষ্ট সংস্থাগুলির মধ্যে উল্লেখ করা হলো: ১. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই। ২. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই। ৩. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই।



বাংলাদেশ জল উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প (ডিনিবিসিআই), জল উন্নয়ন করা থেকে শুরু করে প্রকল্প নির্মাণ। "বাংলাদেশ প্রকল্প ২০১৩-১৪" হিসেবে সংশ্লিষ্ট সংস্থাগুলির মধ্যে উল্লেখ করা হলো: ১. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই। ২. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই। ৩. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই।



ডিনিবিসিআই সফলতা অর্জন করে উন্নয়ন করা থেকে শুরু করে প্রকল্প নির্মাণ। "বাংলাদেশ প্রকল্প ২০১৩-১৪" হিসেবে সংশ্লিষ্ট সংস্থাগুলির মধ্যে উল্লেখ করা হলো: ১. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই। ২. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই। ৩. জুলাই ২০১৩ সালের অক্টোবর মাসের মধ্যে প্রকল্পের কার্যক্রম পরিচালনা করে ডিনিবিসিআই।



ডিভিসিবি-এর বর্ষাব্যাপী কিছু উল্লেখযোগ্য ছবি

ডিভিসিবি-এর বর্ষাব্যাপী অন্য এক গুরুত্বপূর্ণ (এক সেরা সেরা) ক্রটি। বাংলাদেশ কৃষক প্রাথমিক পরিষদের গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সভায় ডিভিসিবি-এর সভাপতি জনাব মোস্তাফিজুর রহমান (২১ জানুয়ারী, ২০১৩) বিভিন্ন ক্ষেত্রের গুরুত্বপূর্ণ ছবিতে ডিভিসিবি-এর সভাপতি জনাব মোস্তাফিজুর রহমান (এক সেরা সেরা)। অন্য সেরা সেরা পরিষদের সভায় ডিভিসিবি-এর সভাপতি (এক সেরা সেরা)।



এক সেরা সেরা ক্রটি অন্য এক গুরুত্বপূর্ণ (এক সেরা সেরা) ক্রটি। বাংলাদেশ কৃষক প্রাথমিক পরিষদের গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সভায় ডিভিসিবি-এর সভাপতি জনাব মোস্তাফিজুর রহমান (এক সেরা সেরা)।



ডিভিসিবি-এর বর্ষাব্যাপী অন্য এক গুরুত্বপূর্ণ (এক সেরা সেরা) ক্রটি। বাংলাদেশ কৃষক প্রাথমিক পরিষদের গুরুত্বপূর্ণ সভায় ডিভিসিবি-এর সভাপতি জনাব মোস্তাফিজুর রহমান (এক সেরা সেরা)।



विभिन्नकार्यक्रम-समेकित सर्वसमावेशक अनुसंधान किडु उपलब्धता इति



विश्वविद्यालयी अंतराष्ट्रीय स्तर पर ६ नवा महकिलेस किंग टिडुनबाला मने



ভিনিফার্সি-এর বার্ষিক বনসেজ্ঞানের কিছু উদ্ভবযোগ্য ছবি





In order to support the business community, Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) established DCCI Helpdesk at its own premise. As a part of its continuous commitment, DCCI provides services through this exclusive Help Desk to all its members and the business community.

DCCI Helpdesk will give to access of advice, information resources and tailored answers to questions on issues affecting business entrepreneurs regarding legal issues, company registration, returns filing, new business setup,

investment, information about export and import, tax issues etc.

Functions of DCCI Help Desk

DCCI Help Desk on behalf of RJSC is currently providing services of online name clearance, company registration, return filing, certified copy, company winding-up and other services relating to RJSC and company registration. So, a company willing to get company registration need not to go to RJSC in this regard. Through online, DCCI Help Desk completes the registration process of a company within a few hours.

- To provide support and guide clients through the formalities required to incorporate a company.
- To provide assistance with the online application and give all necessary information as documentation requirements and the general process for completing the registration.
- To assist business firms for filing return and to encourage them to file returns easily.
- Consistently collect feedback on the registration process through a feedback drop-box that can be used for RJSC system improvement and other registration process as well.



ডিজিটালি-নত প্রকাশনা



DCCI Trade and Investment Promotions Delegation
8th World Chamber Congress
 Dhaka, Bangladesh
 23 March, 2013 to 26 March, 2013



Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry

১০০ টকা নথি

Introducing 2013

द्विनिवृत्त-एव वनवर्षीय कार्यक्रम



DDA
DHAKA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY (DCCI)

REG-9022
Partly Wholly
Public Enterprise

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Member Directory

Member Login

DDA News

DDA is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh. It is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh. It is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh.

B2B Bidding Marketing

DDA is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh. It is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh. It is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh.

Services & Products

- Trade
- Export/Import
- Business Services

News & Events

DDA is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh. It is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh. It is a leading and prominent business organization in Bangladesh.

The collage displays several overlapping screenshots of the DDA website. One prominent page shows a 'Member Directory' with a list of members and their details. Another page features a 'B2B Bidding Marketing' section with text and a small chart. A third page shows a 'News & Events' section with a list of recent news items. A fourth page displays a 'Services & Products' section with a list of services. The website design is professional, with a clear navigation menu and a focus on providing business-related information.

**বাংলাদেশ উন্নয়ন/বিপণি/বৈশিষ্ট্য অধিভুক্তি অঞ্চলিক সহায়ক
WTO/TA/TRIPS/BIWEGEC/MultiModal etc**

১১৭	বাংলাদেশে বাণিজ্য সচিবের (Honorable State Secretary to the Swedish Minister for Trade Mr. Gunnar Öster) এর সফর গ্রহণের ৪১তম বার্ষিকী উদযাপন/স্মরণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হইবে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১১৮	বাংলাদেশে বাণিজ্য সচিবের (Honorable State Secretary to the Swedish Minister for Trade) এর সফর গ্রহণের ৪১তম বার্ষিকী উদযাপন/স্মরণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হইবে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১১৯	বাংলাদেশে বাণিজ্য সচিবের (Honorable State Secretary to the Swedish Minister for Trade) এর সফর গ্রহণের ৪১তম বার্ষিকী উদযাপন/স্মরণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হইবে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১২০	UNCTAD's examination to the Steering Committee meeting of the Project "Bangladesh Trade Policy Support Programme (TPSP)" of the Ministry of Commerce.	Mr. Keesari Jahan, FCA, Consultant, UNCTAD Project, BBA, Education Steering Committee-2013, UNCTAD. Mr. Md. Hossain Ali, Executive Director, DBL, UNCTAD.
১২১	International Trade Centre (ITC) এর ২০১৩-২০১৪ সালের সফরকারী এর টার্মস অফ রেফারেন্স (ToR) এর ১০/১১-১৩ নং ১ এর লক্ষ্যমাত্রা অর্জন করা হয়েছে।	এই লক্ষ্যমাত্রা অর্জন করা হয়েছে।
১২২	এই সফর গ্রহণের উদ্দেশ্যে Professional Market Access সফরকারী এর Waiver Decision on Operationalization এর ১০ নং অধিদফতর সফর গ্রহণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হয়েছে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১২৩	বাণিজ্যের সাথে সম্পর্কিত ইন্টেলেকুয়াল প্রপার্টি রাইটস অগ্রদূতের (TRIPS) সাথে সম্পর্কিত LDC Group সফর গ্রহণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হয়েছে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১২৪	বাংলাদেশে UNCTAD এর সফরকারী (Senior Policy Review (SRP) সফরকারী) এর সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১২৫	বাংলাদেশে বাণিজ্য সচিবের (Honorable State Secretary to the Swedish Minister for Trade) এর সফর গ্রহণের ৪১তম বার্ষিকী উদযাপন/স্মরণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হইবে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।
১২৬	বাংলাদেশে বাণিজ্য সচিবের (Honorable State Secretary to the Swedish Minister for Trade) এর সফর গ্রহণের ৪১তম বার্ষিকী উদযাপন/স্মরণের উদ্দেশ্যে সফর করা হইবে।	এই সফর গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে।

**বিনিয়োগ বোর্ড / প্রধানমন্ত্রীর কার্যালয় /
শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয়/ওয়ারিশো, অপিআইটি অফিস অথবা জিআইসি সভাসমূহ**

১১৭	DCCI representative to the round table discussion on Seeking NRB investment mutual fund organized by Ministry of Industries.	Mr. Nasir Mahmud Khan, Senior Vice President, DCCI.
১১৮	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক আয়োজিত TRIPS General Transition Period এর ১০ বছর বৃদ্ধি পূর্বক Extension এর TRIPS সত্ত্বের মধ্যে শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় এর WTO-সহকারী Working Group-4 এর সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি।
১১৯	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক আয়োজিত বাংলাদেশ স্মার্ট ও কৃষি শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক, ১৯৮৭ এর অধিকাংশ মন্ত্রণালয়সমূহের উন্নয়ন আর্থিক সহযোগিতার সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি।
১২০	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক আয়োজিত বাংলাদেশ স্মার্ট ও কৃষি শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক আয়োজিত মন্ত্রণালয়সমূহের উন্নয়ন আর্থিক সহযোগিতার সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি।
১২১	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক আয়োজিত দেশের পরামর্শদাতা এর প্রোগ্রামের অধীনে "বাংলা-১০১" প্রকল্পের সম্মেলন পরিচালনা সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি।
১২২	স্বাধীন উৎসাহকর্মীদের পরিষদ (এসসি) এর সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি।
১২৩	ফিল্ড ইন্সপেক্টর, কুমিল্লা, সার্বিক এবং ফিল্ড ইন্সপেক্টর, সোনালিয়া, সার্বিক সূচী পত্রিকা পরিচালনা সভা এবং সার্বিক এবং সার্বিক সার্বিক সূচী পত্রিকা (জিআইসি) এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় এ ইন্সপেক্টর পরিচালনা, জিআইসি এর ফিল্ড ইন্সপেক্টর সার্বিক, জিআইসি।
১২৪	ফার্মসিআই এর মন্ত্রণালয় প্রোগ্রামের অধীনে বাংলাদেশে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ খনিজ সম্পদের বিস্তারিত বিবরণ এবং এ সম্পর্কিত খনিজ সম্পদের বিস্তারিত বিবরণ প্রস্তুতকরণ এবং পরিচালনা সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি।
১২৫	ইন্ডাস্ট্রিয়াল এন্ড টেকনিক্যাল ইনস্টিটিউশন (ইন্সটিটিউট) কর্তৃক আয়োজিত সফটওয়্যার সেক্টরটি সম্বন্ধে একটি সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প এবং সফটওয়্যার এন্ড টেকনিক্যাল, জিআইসি।
১২৬	DCCI representative to the inter-ministerial meeting on the draft Mutual Cooperation Agreement (MCA) between Bangladesh Standards and Testing Institution (BSTI) and Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) organized by Ministry of Industries, GOB	Mr. M. Anwarul Haque, Former Director, DCCI.
১২৭	গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকারের প্রধানমন্ত্রীর কার্যালয় থেকে "গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকারের প্রধানমন্ত্রীর কার্যালয় থেকে" সভা, জিআইসি এর অধিভুক্তি	শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক (শিল্প) সি.আব্দুল করিম, জিআইসি। এছাড়াও সিসিআই, সিসিআই সফটওয়্যার, সিসিআই, সিসিআই এবং ইন্সটিটিউশন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত সভা। শিল্প মন্ত্রণালয় পরিচালক সি.আব্দুল করিম, সিসিআই, সিসিআই এবং ইন্সটিটিউশন কর্তৃক পরিচালিত সভা।

108	DCCI representative in the workshop on "Sustaining Competitive and Responsible Enterprise (SCORE) & KAIZEN" organized by ILO.	Mr. Md. Shauh Chowdhury Director, DCCI Mr. M.S. Siddiqui Convener, National Energy Strategy for Private Sector Development Standing Committee
109	DCCI representative in the "Launching Ceremony of National Food Policy Plan of Action (PoA) and Country Investment Plan (CIP) Monitoring Report" jointly organized by Ministry of Food, Gull and Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO)	Mr. Md. Shauh Chowdhury Director, DCCI
109	DCCI representative in the Workshop on "Research to Inform Food and Nutrition Security Policies" jointly organized by Ministry of Food and FAO.	Mr. Md. Shauh Chowdhury Director, DCCI
109	DCCI representative in the inaugural program of "Deployment of ASSCI/DA Work and Single Window in Bangladesh Customs" at Rajshahi Bangla Hotel.	Mr. Md. Shauh Chowdhury Director, DCCI
109	DCCI representative in the consultation workshop on the Draft on Monitoring Report 2013 of the National Food Policy Plan of Action (NFP-PoA) and Country Investment Plan (CIP) organized by Ministry of Food	Mr. Md. Shauh Chowdhury Director, DCCI
108	DCCI representative in the 1stst Ministerial meeting on private sector forum of US-Bangladesh partnership dialogue.	Mr. Raheh Haldar Secretary, DCCI Mr. M Faruk Karim Joint Secretary (Concess Service)
109	DCCI representative in the BIAC Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) meeting organized by BIAC.	Mr. Raheh Haldar Secretary, DCCI
109	DCCI representative in the Program of International HR Match Making organized by BASIS.	Mr. Md. Nazimuzzaman Senior Officer (IT & Support Services) Mr. Rauf Ahmed Senior Officer (Membership)
109	১০৯ ডিসিআইর প্রতিনিধিত্ব করে এফসিআই/ডিএনএস সিস্টেম পরিদর্শন করেছেন ২০১৩ সালে।	১০৯ এফসিআই ডিরেক্টর ১০৯ ডিসিআই ডিরেক্টর (সহকারী), (সিআইসি)
108	DCCI representative in the BGMEA Election 2013-2014 as Observer.	Sh. Shakhidul Islam Director, DCCI Syed Habibur Rahman Former Director & Convener, Trade Delegation & Trade Fair Standing Committee, DCCI.

314	অর্থনৈতিক স্বেচ্ছাসেবী সংস্থা ২০১৯-২০২০ এর মাসিক সভা সভাপতিত্ব করেন	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯ (১০/১১/২০১৯) তারিখে ১২.০০.২০১৯ এর ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯
314	অর্থনৈতিক স্বেচ্ছাসেবী সংস্থা ২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯ তারিখে সভাপতিত্ব করেন	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯
316	DCCI representative in the meeting of Trade Council Transition Period with the visiting US Business Delegation organized by FBCCI.	Mr. Akbar Karim Chowdhury Vice President, DCCI.
317	DCCI representative in the discussion meeting with the Chinese Delegation led by Vice Chairman of CCNT organized by FBCCI.	Syad Habibur Rahman Former Director & Convener Trade Delegation & Trade Fair Standing Committee, DCCI
318	অর্থনৈতিক স্বেচ্ছাসেবী সংস্থা ২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯ তারিখে সভাপতিত্ব করেন	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯
319	DCCI representative in the session on Australian Cotton Industry presented by the Australian Cotton Shippers Association (ACSA) organized by Australian Trade Commission (Austrade).	Mr. M.S. Siddique Convener, National Energy Strategy for Private Sector Development SC, DCCI
320	DCCI representative in the Round-table Discussion on 'Developing National CSR Guideline for Bangladesh' organized by CSR Centre.	Mr. Md. Imran Hossain Co-convener Industrial Labour Relations, Factory Compliance and Corporate Social Responsibility SC-2003, DCCI.
322	DCCI representative at the meeting of SME Development Working Committee of BUILD.	Mr. Md. Rezaul Karim Monir Co-Convener, SME Entrepreneurship Development and Product Diversification Standing Committee
324	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯ তারিখে সভাপতিত্ব করেন	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯
325	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯ তারিখে সভাপতিত্ব করেন	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯
326	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯ তারিখে সভাপতিত্ব করেন	২০১৯ সালের ১০-১১-২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯, ১২.০০.২০১৯
327	DCCI representative in the Stakeholders Meeting on the Upcoming Election Manifesto of the Political Parties organized by International Business Forum of Bangladesh (IBFB).	Mr. K. M. N. Majumdar Hoque Director, DCCI

140	১৪০) বঙ্গ-ইউরোপীয় বাণিজ্য সফলতা প্রদর্শন ও উন্নয়ন কর্মসূচী	১৪০) বঙ্গ-ইউরোপীয় বাণিজ্য সফলতা প্রদর্শন ও উন্নয়ন কর্মসূচী
141	১৪১) গ্লোবালিজেড অর্থনীতি ও উন্নয়ন কর্মসূচী	১৪১) গ্লোবালিজেড অর্থনীতি ও উন্নয়ন কর্মসূচী
142	১৪২) ফ্রান্স-বাংলাদেশের মধ্য "The Fair Food Challenge, 1999" প্রদর্শন কর্মসূচী	১৪২) ফ্রান্স-বাংলাদেশের মধ্য "The Fair Food Challenge, 1999" প্রদর্শন কর্মসূচী
143	১৪৩) ইউরোপীয় বাণিজ্য সফলতা প্রদর্শন কর্মসূচী	১৪৩) ইউরোপীয় বাণিজ্য সফলতা প্রদর্শন কর্মসূচী
144	DCCI representative to the seminar on "Benefits of Competition Reform in Bangladesh: Importance of Competition Law" organized by Institute for Policy, Advocacy and Governance (IPAG).	Mr. M.S. Siddiqui Convener, National Energy Strategy for Private Sector Development SC, DCCI. Mr. Abbas Satter Executive Officer, DCCI
145	DCCI representative at the Policy Dialogue on Strengthening Transport Connectivity among South and South-West Asian Countries organized by Bangladesh Institute of Strategic Studies (BISS).	Mr. Nasir Hossain (Retd) Co-Convener, National Communication, Transportation, Infrastructure Development SC.
146	DCCI representative in the meeting of SME Development Working Committee of BURED	Mr. M. Rashidul Karim Memon Co-Convener, SME Entrepreneurship Development and Product Diversification Standing Committee, DCCI
147	DCCI representative at the consultation meeting on "Creating Better Environment for Garment Workers and Improving Working Conditions in the Ready-made Garment Sector: reforming the Labor Law" organized by National Human Rights Commission.	Mr. Harunur Rashid Director, DCCI
148	DCCI representative in the inter-ministerial meeting of UK-Bangladesh e-commerce fair 2013.	Syed Abbas Kabir, Co-convener of Telecommunication, IT, ICT and Intellectual Property Rights Standing Committee, DCCI.

346	DCCI representative in the conference on "Future of the Telecom sector in Bangladesh and its contribution to the realization of vision 2012" at Rajshahi Bangla hotel, Dhaka organized by Bangladesh Enterprise Institute (BEI).	Mr. M. Puzal Karim Joint Secretary (Common Services), DCCI Dr. Syed Akter Hossain Daffodil International University (DIU).
347	DCCI representative to the Market Facilitation Platform for Improved Conditions in Bangladesh organized by USAID.	Mr. M. Puzal Karim Joint Secretary (Common Services), DCCI
348	DCCI representative in the consultation meeting on "Creating Better Environment for Garments Workers and Improving Working Conditions in the Ready-made Garment Sector: reforming the Labor Law" organized by National Human Rights Commission.	Mr. M. Puzal Karim Joint Secretary (Common Services), DCCI
349	DCCI representative to the BFTI Trade Foundation Training Course.	Mr. Nafise Intisar Islam, Deputy Secretary (Research), DCCI
350	DCCI representative to the Sri Lanka Business Forum in Dhaka organized by the High Commission of Sri Lanka in Bangladesh.	Mr. Nafise Intisar Islam, Deputy Secretary (Research), DCCI

Country Branding and Positioning Bangladesh for Industrial Growth & International Relation Development Standing Committee 2013

Country Branding and Positioning Bangladesh for Industrial Growth & International Relation Development Standing Committee 2013 has been working for the overall branding issues of Bangladesh for our industrial growth and enhancing international relation. This year this committee had two meetings. The committee prepared to organize an international conference titled 'NBR for Positioning Bangladesh' in 2014. A Help Desk is established at DCCI as recommended by the committee this year.

Mr. Newar Mahesul Khan, Co-ordinating Director, Mr. S. Rumi Sultana, Convener and Kad Sharif Habib, Co-convener of this Committee, Mr. Data Mogul, Member, Mr. Naz Rahim, Member, Mr. M. Anwarul Haque, Member, Mr. Haider Hossain Chowdhury, Member, Mr. M.A Siddiqui, Member, Mr. Tarik Ahmed Chowdhury, Member, Mr. Md. Habib Ullah Taluk, Member, Mr. Amirul Rahman, Member, Mr. Syed Fakhad Ahmed, Member, Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed, Member, Mr. M. S. Siddique, Member, Mr. Md. Delwar Hossain, Member.

Standing Committee on "Customs, VAT, Taxation, NBR Related Issues" -2013

This committee deals with the matters related to rules and procedure of Customs, VAT, Taxation and NBR related issues and prepares effective policy recommendations for simplification and rationalization of the Taxation systems in the country. This committee also discusses the problem faced by the business community regarding Customs, VAT, Tariff and Taxation and suggest for their remedial measures. The committee also prepares effective and fruitful recommendations on National Budget 2013-2014 and discuss on National Budget 2013-2014 which was announced by Hon'ble Finance Minister for preparing DCCI's position on Budget Speech.

Like last year, under this Standing Committee the chamber has published its one of the regular publication Tax Guide 2013 -14. To create awareness about Tax-related matters and make it interested to all the members of the chamber, the tax guide is distributed free of charge. The Tax Guide is prepared by internal expertise under the guidance of Customs, VAT, Taxation and NBR related issues Standing Committee.

This year three meetings of this Standing Committee were held. Effective and fruitful recommendations on National Budget 2013-2014 came out. After the announcement of national budget by Hon'ble Finance Minister the chamber has expressed its views by analytical press conferences and sent press releases are issued and published Tax Guide Publication 2013 -14 in this free.

Mr. Haider Ahmed Khan, FCA, Co-ordinating Director and Director, DCCI; Mr. Mirun-Ul-Rahman (Raisak), Convener and Former Sr. Vice-President, DCCI; Mr. Mohd. Shahjahan, Co-Convener of the Standing Committee performed their responsibilities during the year. The other distinguished members of the Standing Committee were: Mr. Rafiqul Islam Khan, FCA, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. M. Anwarul Haque Former Director, DCCI; Mr. A.K.M. Mizanur Rahman, FCA; Mr. M.A Siddiqui, Mr. Akbar Rahman Chowdhury, Mr. Sharifata Dac; Mr. Md. Khurshed Alam Pabwary, Engr. Kazi Mahabub Rahman, Mr. Md. Sahayajit Ullah; Mr. Md. Motaher Hussain; Mr. Md. Isam Djal; Major Syed Munzur Rahman, Retd; Mr. Abu Rashid Task; Mr. Arshad Alam; Mr. Faruq Ahmed Khan, FCA and Mr. Md. Khurshed Alam.

সিডিআইএর কার্যক্রমের বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদন ২০১৩

সিডিআইএর এই বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদন প্রকাশিত হতে আগের বছর থেকে অনেক পরিবর্তন এসেছে। আমরা আমাদের কার্যক্রমের পরিচয় পরিষ্কার করে এবং প্রতিবেদনকে আরও সুসংগঠিত এবং সহজবোধ্য করে তুলেছি। আমরা আমাদের কার্যক্রমের একটি বিস্তারিত পরিচয় পরিষ্কার করে এবং প্রতিবেদনকে আরও সুসংগঠিত এবং সহজবোধ্য করে তুলেছি। আমরা আমাদের কার্যক্রমের একটি বিস্তারিত পরিচয় পরিষ্কার করে এবং প্রতিবেদনকে আরও সুসংগঠিত এবং সহজবোধ্য করে তুলেছি।

এ শীর্ষে; পরিষ্কার ডিটেলিভাইট শব্দ সংক্রান্ত, কোন প্রকার করে টাইপে প্রকাশকারী পরিচালক, কোন প্রোগ্রাম ইত্যাদি করে, কোনো, প্রকাশক এর কোন কর্মী বা প্রকাশক বা অন্যভাবে প্রকাশ করে। এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং অন্যভাবে প্রকাশ করে, কোন প্রকার প্রকাশ, কোন প্রকার প্রকাশ, প্রকাশক এবং অন্যভাবে প্রকাশ করে, প্রকাশক এবং অন্যভাবে প্রকাশ করে।

জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০

জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০

জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 জল নিষ্কাশিত এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০

এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০
 এ শব্দ এ ধরনের প্রকাশক এবং পরিষ্কৃত প্রসারণের বিষয়ে মতামত: ২০১০

Standing Committee on "Environment, Global Warming, Renewable Energy Carbon Trading and Pollution Control" - 2013

The following are the main Terms of Reference of the Standing Committee on "Environment, Global Warming, Carbon Trading & Pollution Control"-2013 of DCCI.

- (i) To deal with matters relating to policies, rules and regulations concerning environment and ecological balance in Bangladesh and recommend measures for ensuring sustainable development
- (ii) To identify environmental hazards particularly urban and industrial pollution in Bangladesh and suggest measures to control all types of activities that pollute and degrade the environment
- (iii) To expedite establishment of an Environmental Unit in DCCI with a view to collecting environment related information and dissemination of the same to the members and all concerned for creating awareness among them.

Due to other preoccupation, only one meeting of the Standing Committee was held on June 15, 2013 which was approved by the Board of Directors in its meeting on 6th July 2013. The main recommendations of the Standing Committee are summarized below:

- g) Research Cell and PR department may collect and analyze information related to problems of environment and their mitigation.
- h) Sponsorship may be arranged for creating environmental awareness to keep Mithail Commercial Area clean and by placing garbage bins and dustbins in suitable areas.
- h) The Committee proposed to organize a seminar on "Climate Change – Bangladesh Context – Threats & Possible Ways of Tackling"
- k) Proposal for production of 500MW Solar Power by 2016 submitted to Government of Bangladesh by IDCOL may be collected and distributed among the members of the Standing Committee.
- l) Customs anomaly in respect of solar products and their intermediate goods and raw materials may be removed.

As per recommendations of the Standing Committee, the following actions were taken:

- g) The research cell has been requested to collect and analyze the problems of environment and their mitigation in consultation with the Ministry of Environment, BU, IFC, IDCOL and UNDP and give suggestions for improvement of environment of the country. The proposal (softcopy) sent from IDCOL to the GOB has been distributed amongst all members of the standing committee.
- h) The proposal for production of 500MW Solar Power by 2016 submitted to Government of Bangladesh by IDCOL, was collected from the website of IDCOL and distributed amongst the members of the Standing Committee.
- k) The research cell was also requested to make necessary research study on the matters relating to Improved Cooking Stove, Bricks Manufacturing, Garbage Collection & Utilization, Solar Home System, Solar Irrigation Pump, Recycling of Batteries, Solar Light System in building construction etc.

Mr. Nesar Maksud Khan, Senior Vice President, DCCI was the Coordinating Director of the Standing Committee. Mr. Monwar Mezbah Moit and Mr. Mujibur Rahman were Convener and Co-convener respectively. Other members were Mr. Altaf Hossain Showar, Engr. Kazi Mahabubur Rahman, Capt. Md. Nurul Haque (Retd.), Mr. Nurul Haque Pathary and Engr. Utpal Kumar Saha.

Standing Committee on "Export Policy, Promotion, Diversification, Multi Lateral and Bi-lateral Trade Agreements and Industrial Policy (Including Privatization of SOEs)" -2013

This Standing Committee acts as a forum for Export Promotion through market and Product Diversification, utilizing the Multi-Lateral Trading System (MTS) Bi-Lateral Trading System (BTS) and suggests necessary recommendations and measures to be adopted by both the government and the private sector entrepreneurs for bringing dynamism and enhancing competitiveness of domestic industries and coping with the changing pattern of Export in the global market.

Three meetings were held under this Standing Committee during the year 2013. It has discussed various issues related to Export Policy, Export Promotion, Bi-lateral Trade Agreement (BTA), FTA, Industrial Policy etc. Of Bangladesh in these meetings. The committee formed two Working Groups: g) Working Group on studying the Export Policy 2012-15 of Bangladesh and i) Working Group on studying the Industrial Policy-2010 of Bangladesh.

Members of the Standing Committee stated that Bangladesh got many proposals for bilateral FTA but could not accept a single one. Having bilateral FTA is very important for Bangladesh economy. So, as per the recommendation of the committee a seminar on "Bilateral Free Trade

Agreements (FTAs)-Opportunities and Challenges for Bangladesh: Framework Issues" was organized by Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) on 11th May, 2013 at 11:30 am at DCCI Auditorium. The objectives of the seminar, among others, were to conceptualize bilateral free trade agreements and its essence in the context of present changing global business pattern, pave the way for encouraging implementation of bilateral FTAs, identify future potentials as well as responsibilities of policy makers and create awareness among business entrepreneurs and related stakeholders, etc. Mr. Ghulam Muhammad Qader, M.P, Hon'ble Minister, Ministry of Commerce, Government of Bangladesh was present as the Chief Guest on the occasion. Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, DCCI presided over the seminar. Keynote paper was presented by Dr. Khondaker Golam Moazzem, Additional Research Director, Centre for Policy Dialogue (CPD). Designated Discussants were: Mr. Md. Shahab Ullah, Chairman, Bangladesh Tariff Commission; Dr. Ananya Raihan, Executive Director, D-Net; Or. Abul Basheer, Research Fellow, BIDS. The Discussants, Guests and Participants stated that Bangladesh is by and large less active in the FTA process and it is still at the 'recipient' end. Such approach of Bangladesh has a number of limitations and may have adverse implications on overall economic welfare. A proactive role is urgently needed with regard to overall stand of the government regarding bilateral FTAs. The government should carefully analyze the clauses of free trade agreements (FTAs) as it often creates challenges, rather than opportunities. A summary report of the seminar was also prepared which is included in a separate chapter of this Annual Report.

The committee has a planning to hold a Round Table Discussion (RTD) with the participation of representatives from various Embassies and Missions in Bangladesh. Representatives from this committee have participated in various meetings at different Ministries/departments of the Government and various organizations. Members of this Standing Committee participated in DCCI trade delegation to various countries headed by the President, DCCI.

Mr. Osama Taseer, Coordinating Director; Mr. Andaleeb Hasan, Convenor; Mr. Md. Motaher Hossain, Co-Convenor of the Standing Committee performed their responsibilities during the year. The other distinguished members of the Standing Committee were: Mr. Sharad Anfin, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Mohammad Moshir Rahman Manik, Sk. Md. Walid Islam; Mr. Mohammed Arful Islam; Mr. Asaduzzaman; Mr. Md. Ataur Rahman; Mr. Khabir Ahmed Salim; Mr. A.K. M Delwar Hossain; Mr. Amnur Rahman; Mr. M.S. Siddiqui; Mr. M. Shariq Ul Alam; Mr. Enamul Haque Patwary; Mr. Mohammad Mujibur Rahman; Mr. Mohammad Jawid Yahya; Ms. Zarie Swirap Kooki; Mr. Moazzem Haque Masum.

Standing Committee on "FDI, Capital Market and Portfolio Investment" -2013

The Standing Committee deals with the matters related to boost up the investment climate for both local investment and foreign direct investment (FDI) in Bangladesh through identifying the key constraints and practical difficulties faced by the business community and suggest effective solutions of the constraints. The committee also reviews the reasons of inability to utilize the Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in Bangladesh and find suitable solution and ensuring proper coordination to effectively utilize the FDI. Major focus given by the committee is to the present situation of our capital market and appropriate recommendations to formulate to strengthen capital market. In order to attract foreign investment and encouraged Non - Resident Bangladeshis to invest in the country is one of the responsible of this Committee.

At the beginning of the year a full-year program schedule has created and the committee follows the schedule. During the year three meetings were organized by this Standing Committee.

As per the recommendation of the committee a Round Table Discussion on "Opportunities and Challenges for Foreign Direct Investment" was organized by Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry on 24th August at 11.00 am at DCCI Auditorium. Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, DCCI presided over the discussion. The objectives of the round table discussion, among others, were to discuss the investment scenario, opportunities, prospects and incentives prevailing in Bangladesh and formulate policy guideline to attract more FDI in Bangladesh.

In the time the committee discussed various issues of capital market and expressed that, if the supply of shares in the capital market not increase then huge demand will be created. The committee has a planning to hold a workshop regarding the issue on "Increasing the Market Confidence of Capital Market" with the relevant stakeholders like Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC), Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE), Chittagong Stock Exchange (CSE) and other think tanks of the country. The main objective of organizing such workshop is to increase the confidence of the investor in the Capital Market.

Mr. Rizwan-ur-Rahman, Coordinating Director, Benteler Sannat Sattar, Convenor; Mr. Mamun Akbar, Co-Convenor of the Standing Committee performed their responsibilities during the year. The other distinguished members of the Standing Committee were: Mr. Waqar Ahmad Choudhury, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Khair M. Khan; Mr. Asaduzzaman; Mr. Anwarul Islam; Mr. Sohail R.K. Hussain; Mr. Reaz Islam; Mr. Md. Akter Hossain Sannamat FCA, FCS and Mr. Geasuddin Ahmed, Former Director, DCCI.

Standing Committee on "Financial Institutions and Financial Services" -2013

This Standing Committee act as a platform to deal with all matters, issues & problems related to financial sector and make effective recommendations to concerned authorities for the true development of this sector. It also reviews the present activities of Bangladesh Bank, Commercial Banks, Leasing & Insurance Companies and Non-Bank Financial Institutions of the country and recommends measures to bring real business practice in the sector.

Three meetings were held under this Standing Committee during the year. The committee had planned to organize two Round Table Discussions (RTDs), one is related to "Problems and Prospect of Non-Banking Financial Institutions (NBFI)" and another is related to "Insurance Sector of Bangladesh" before budget declaration. In order to organize the above RTDs the committee proposed to form two sub-committees and Mr. Md. Akter Hossain Sannamat FCA, FCS was requested to look after the RTD on NBF and Mr. Waqar Ahmad Choudhury was requested to look after the RTD on Insurance Sector. The committee has decided that DCCI secretariat would send letter to all the members of this Standing Committee with a request to send recommendations on the RTD. Letters with request to send recommendations on respective sector were sent to stakeholders like Bangladesh Association of Banks (BAB), Association of Bankers, Bangladesh (ABB), Bangladesh Leasing & Financial Companies Association (BLFCA) and Bangladesh Insurance Association (BIA) to consolidate these recommendations for proposed RTDs.

Mr. Haider Ahmed Khan, FCA, Coordinating Director and Director, DCCI; Mr. Sohail R. K. Hussain, Convenor; Mr. Md. Shahid Hossain, Co-Convenor of the Standing Committee performed their responsibilities during the year. The other distinguished members of the Standing Committee were: Mr. Waqar Ahmad Choudhury, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. M. Anwarul Haque, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Ahmed Hossain Mojumder, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Geasuddin Ahmed, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Enayet Karim; Mr. Tahsin Kamal; Mr. Ataur Rahman Chowdhury; Mr. S.M. Shamzul Alam; and Mr. Md. Akter Hossain Sannamat FCA, FCS.

এই জরিপের মাধ্যমে প্রাপ্ত তথ্যের উপর ভিত্তি করে প্রস্তুত করা হয়েছে "Employee and Employer Relationship: Development Perspective" নামের একটি গবেষণা প্রতিবেদন।

এই গবেষণা প্রতিবেদনটি প্রস্তুত করার সময় আমরা একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ বিষয়টি বিবেচনা করেছি। আমরা জানি যে একটি উন্নত মানের কর্মসম্পাদন এবং কর্মসংস্থান সম্পর্কে একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ বিষয় হল কর্মসংস্থান এবং কর্মসম্পাদন। এই গবেষণা প্রতিবেদনটি আমাদের এই বিষয়টি নিয়ে গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করতে এবং কর্মসংস্থান এবং কর্মসম্পাদন সম্পর্কে একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি প্রদান করে।

এই গবেষণা প্রতিবেদনটি আমাদের এই বিষয়টি নিয়ে গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করতে এবং কর্মসংস্থান এবং কর্মসম্পাদন সম্পর্কে একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি প্রদান করে। এই গবেষণা প্রতিবেদনটি আমাদের এই বিষয়টি নিয়ে গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করতে এবং কর্মসংস্থান এবং কর্মসম্পাদন সম্পর্কে একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি প্রদান করে।

এই গবেষণা প্রতিবেদনটি আমাদের এই বিষয়টি নিয়ে গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করতে এবং কর্মসংস্থান এবং কর্মসম্পাদন সম্পর্কে একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি প্রদান করে। এই গবেষণা প্রতিবেদনটি আমাদের এই বিষয়টি নিয়ে গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করতে এবং কর্মসংস্থান এবং কর্মসম্পাদন সম্পর্কে একটি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি প্রদান করে।

Standing Committee on "Import Policy, Import, Indenting, Tariff and Trade Facilitation Standing Committee" -2013

This committee deals with the matters related to Import, Indenting, Tariff and Trade Facilitation and prepares effective policy recommendations for inclusion in the Import Policy Order. The committee also works to formulate recommendation to put forward to the government for hassle free business in Bangladesh by reducing cost of doing business. Trade facilitation is of significant importance because it is all about reducing time in international trade. Facilitation of trade through improving Customs and port administrations, as well as removing other non-tariff barriers supports the just-in-time supply chain approach required by internationally competitive manufacturers. The mission of Import Policy, Import, Indenting, Tariff and Trade Facilitation Standing Committee is to act as an integrated approach to combine all effort and efficiency of a number of government agencies as well as private parties and individuals.

During the year two meetings were held under this Standing Committee. In this time the committee has dealt with the matters related to Import Policy, Import, Indenting, Tariff and Trade Facilitation. Identified prevailing problems faced by the importers, indentures and traders. Prepared Budget Recommendations on Import Policy, Indenting, Tariff and Trade Facilitation. Reviewed the implementation of the Import Policy Order, Indenting Policy, Tariff Rationalization and Trade Facilitation measures taken by the government from time to time.

The committee has proposed to hold a seminar on "Import Policy and Trade Facilitation", the committee emphasized on construction of Loop line/cord line for Rail link from Narayanganj to Hajiganj/Laksham. The committee also proposed to send the DCCI Business delegation to Myanmar. Representatives from this committee/DCCI have participated in various meetings at different Ministries/departments.

Kh. Shehidul Islam, Coordinating Director and Director, DCCI; Mr. Shehzade A. Hamed, Convenor; Syed T. Hossain Jahangeer, Co-Convenor of the Standing Committee performed their responsibilities during the year. The other distinguished members of the Standing Committee were: Mr. M. Saleem Saleman, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. M. Baqir Ullah Shuyain, Former Director, DCCI; Mr. Nazir Hossain, Former Director, DCCI; Hajj Abdul Razzak; Mr. Abu Rashed Tanzi; Alhaj Mohd. Elias Hossain; Mr. Mosharaf Hossain Faruque; Mr. Nanna Miah; Mr. Mohammad Moshur Rahman Manik; Sk. Md. Wabul Islam; Mr. Md. Saqul Islam; Mr. Mohammed Arful Islam; Mr. Md. Khorshed Alam Faruqi; Mr. Md. Motaher Hossain; Mr. Abu Bakr Md. Siddique; Mr. Parvez Ahmed; Mr. Md. Abdur Rahman Khan; Mr. Md. Iqram Dhalik; Mr. Amnur Rahman; Dr. Khalidur Rahman; Mr. Afanul Alam; Mr. Md. Nayamat Ullah Mazumder; Mr. Sk. Azhar Hossain; Mr. Md. Nusrul Islam Mazumder (Sobuj); Mr. Mohammed Shah Jamal Miah; Mr. Razaqul Hyder Choudhury; Mr. Swepin Kumar Saha and Mr. Mousazem Haque Masum.

Standing Committee on "National Energy Strategy for Private Sector Development-2013"

The Standing Committee on "National Energy Strategy for Private Sector Development-2013" of DCCI acted as a platform to provide relevant suggestions, strategies and it lobbied with the government on important issues related to power, energy, coal, oil and gas sectors development with special emphasis on greater and effective private sector participation to ensure right conditions and framework at policy and regulatory level and energy security of Bangladesh.

Three meetings of this Committee were held during the year where the Committee stated that though the current situation of the energy sector in Bangladesh is relatively good, the future of this sector is not much secured. As per recommendation of this Committee, DCCI organized a workshop on "Energy Security: Prioritization for Bangladesh" during the UG-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogue: Private Sector Forum and recommended the government how to tackle forthcoming problems of this sector. Dr. Tawfiq. E. Elahi Chowdhury, Adviser to the Hon'ble Prime Minister was present in the workshop as the Chief Guest while Dr. M Tameer, Professor, BUET presented the keynote paper in the workshop.

The Committee also stated that there are a lot of problems in the power and energy sector but licensing is the major problem and emphasized to prepare a study on power and energy sector licensing through BUILD project. The entrepreneurs face different problems in applying to different agencies, i.e. PDB, DPDC, REB, DESCO, DESA etc. The whole process is very complicated. So, the study report should focus on the power and energy sector and recommend a simplified process so that the entrepreneurs can get their licenses easily within a specific time frame.

Representatives from this Standing Committee (DCCI) have participated in the Public Hearings of Bangladesh Energy Regulatory Commission (BERC) on behalf of DCCI and raised strong voice in favor of the private sector and judicious decisions by BERC in respect of fixation of energy and electricity prices and other energy related policy issues. BERC appreciated the presence and interventions of representatives of DCCI.

Mr. Humayun Rashid, Coordinating Director, Mr. M. B. Siddiqui, Convener, Mr. Tariq Chowdhury, Co-Convener duly performed their responsibilities in the Committee during the year. The other distinguished Members of this Standing Committee were: Syed Salman Masud, Engr Mohammad Ali, BSC Engrg (Eled), Engr. Rabul Alam, Mr. Tabriz M. Awel and Engr. Utpal Kumar Das.

"ন বারো বছর বারো ধর্ম-সামাজিক উন্নয়নের" প্রতিবেদন ২০১৩

এই প্রতিবেদনটিতে আমরা "ন বারো বছর বারো ধর্ম-সামাজিক উন্নয়নের" প্রতিবেদনটি নিয়ে আলোচনা করেছি। এছাড়াও আমরা সরকার, আইনগত ব্যবস্থা, শিক্ষা, স্বাস্থ্য, পরিবেশ, শ্রমিকদের সংগঠন এবং নারী ও শিশুদের সংরক্ষণের ক্ষেত্রেও আলোচনা করেছি।

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- Financially sound and self-reliant.
- Access to resources.
- To provide an infrastructure that will be able to support the development of research, which will support the growth and development of the institution.

A strategic vision that will be able to support the development of research, which will support the growth and development of the institution. This vision is: to provide a strong and self-reliant infrastructure that will be able to support the development of research, which will support the growth and development of the institution. This vision is: to provide a strong and self-reliant infrastructure that will be able to support the development of research, which will support the growth and development of the institution.

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Standing Committee on “Projects, BBA College, DBI, Education, Research, Library and Knowledge Center-2012”

The main Terms of Reference (ToR) of the Standing Committee on “Projects, BBA College, DBI, Education, Research, Library and Knowledge Center-2012” of DCCI are:

1. To formulate appropriate policies and oversee the preparation of Annual DBI Training Calendar and academic courses like BBA & MBA to provide need-based education services.
2. To consider and evaluate viable projects in cooperation with International Partners of progress.
3. To guide DCCI Research Cell, Knowledge Centre, Library and DCCI in its activities.

In 2012, three (3) meetings of the Standing Committee were held on February 17, May 26, and August 24, 2012. The following activities were undertaken as per recommendations of the Standing Committee with due approval of DCCI Board of Directors:

1. The DBI Training Calendar 2013-14 (April-March) was prepared, published and distributed among the target groups.
2. From January to September, 2012 fifteen (15) short training courses were held and 275 (two hundred seventy five) trainees participated in these courses with an average of 18.33 participants per course.
3. During January to September, 2012 eleven (11) day-long workshops of Knowledge Center were held and 167 (one hundred sixty seven) trainees participated in the Workshops with an average of 15.18 participants per course.
4. BBA classes for two batches, the 1st Batch with 15 students and the 2nd Batch with 23 students are going on smoothly by the experienced teachers and the students are happy.
5. A Principal and a Consultant with good qualifications and experience were appointed for running BBA courses effectively.
6. A Round Table Discussion (RTD) on “BBA Entrepreneurship and BBA Leadership” was held on June 22, 2012 in which Hon’ble Minister of Education, Mr. Nural Islam Nairid, M.P. was present as the Chief Guest and Prof. Dr. Atul Hye Shibly, Member, UGC, was the Special Guest. The RTD was held to develop Course Curriculum of “BBA in Entrepreneurship Development” and “BBA in Leadership”, in consultation with the stake holders.

7. A MOU between DCCI & DIU was signed on September 09, 2013 for conducting joint academic programme, Training Courses and sharing of E-Library between two institutions.
8. An MOU between DCCI-ACCA was signed on August 26, 2013 to give young people an opportunity to have employable qualification and flourish their career in accounting profession.
9. The activities of DCCI Research cell throughout the year has been demonstrated in the following chart:

Sl	Category	Numbers
1.	Seminars/RTDs/ Workshops /Meetings/PPDs	34
2.	Participation in different Meetings/Seminars/Trainings	20
3.	Comments/Recommendations/Proposals on various issues	10
4.	Press Conference	04
5.	Publication	04
6.	Project Activities	03
7.	Miscellaneous Activities	07

10. During 2013, 13th batch (January, 2013) and 14th batch (July, 2013) of Certificate Course were successfully started with forty one (41) and forty (40) participants respectively. In addition, 24 and 17 participants have been attending Advanced Certificate and Diploma Classes of MLS-SCM (P) respectively. Regular Certificate/Diploma examinations on MLS-SCM (P) Courses were also held in OBI in March & September, 2013 successfully. Total number of examinees were 319 modules/participants in March and 334 modules/participants in September, 2013. The examinations were held strictly as per the standard guidelines of ITC, Geneva up to their full satisfaction. The success rate of examinees is seventy five percent (75%).
11. A Study Group has been formed to explore the possibilities of expanding MLS-SCM Courses to Chitagonj and outside OBI at Company level in cooperation with SCM Alumni Society (SAS).

Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, DCCI is the Coordinating Director of the Standing Committee. Mr. Kamrul Islam, FCA, and Dr. M.A. Halim Patwary are the Convenor and Co-Convenor of the Standing Committee respectively. The other members of the Standing Committee are: Mr. Masudur Rahman, Former Senior Vice President, DCCI; Former Directors of DCCI: Mr. Data Magdur, Mr. Rafiqul Islam Khan, FCA, Mr. Waqar Ahmad Choudhury, Mr. M. Anwarul Haque and Mr. M. Bashir Ullah Bhuiyan, Bamsister Sarwar Sabar, Mr. S. Rumi Saifullah, Mr. Enayet Karim, Mr. Md. Mamunur Rahman, Mr. Md. Enayet Hossain, FCMA, Dr. Khalidur Rahman, Mr. Md. Abdur Rahman Khan, and Mr. Tawhidul Islam.

কর্পোরেট সোশ্যাল রেসপন্সিবিলিটি বা বিনিয়োগ প্রতিশ্রুতি, কর্পোরেট গভর্নেন্স এবং বিনিয়োগ প্রতিশ্রুতি - ২০১৩

কর্পোরেট সোশ্যাল রেসপন্সিবিলিটি বা বিনিয়োগ প্রতিশ্রুতি, কর্পোরেট গভর্নেন্স এবং বিনিয়োগ প্রতিশ্রুতি - ২০১৩ এর তথ্যের বিষয়ে আরও জানতে আগ্রহী হলে, দয়া করে আমাদের কার্যালয় বা ওয়েবসাইট (www.dcci.gov.bd) সর্বাধিক সঠিক তথ্যের জন্য যোগাযোগ করুন।

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(Corporate Social Responsibility or CSR) তথ্যের বিষয়ে আরও জানতে আগ্রহী হলে, দয়া করে আমাদের কার্যালয় বা ওয়েবসাইট (www.dcci.gov.bd) সর্বাধিক সঠিক তথ্যের জন্য যোগাযোগ করুন।

- 1) Mr. Md. Shaib Chowdhury attended the Workshop on "Research to Inform Food and Nutrition Security Policies" jointly organized by Ministry of Food and FAD at Ruposhi Bangla Hotel.

একটি প্রতিষ্ঠানকে প্রাথমিক পর্যায়ে উৎসাহিত করা, যাতে তারা তাদের প্রাথমিক উন্নয়নকে আরও এগিয়ে নিয়ে আসতে সক্ষম হয়। এছাড়া, প্রতিষ্ঠানকে প্রাথমিক পর্যায়ে উৎসাহিত করে, যাতে তারা তাদের প্রাথমিক উন্নয়নকে আরও এগিয়ে নিয়ে আসতে সক্ষম হয়।

Standing Committee on "SME Entrepreneurship Development and Product Diversification"- 2013

This committee deals with the development of SME Entrepreneurship, development and diversification of products. The committee also helps New, Young and Women entrepreneurs to create favorable environment for establishing new venture and help them in different ways and formulate suggestions and recommendations for the improvement of services to SME entrepreneurship. It works with SME Foundation, Ministry of Commerce, Ministry of Industries, Export Promotion Bureau, other related organization and forward recommendations to them for development of the SME sector after reviewing the problems of SME entrepreneurs. The over all mission of the committee is to work for creating enabling environment for SME entrepreneurship development by establishing a bridge between entrepreneurs and Financial Institution and create favourable environment for inducing young entrepreneurs in establishing new venture and help them in different ways which can also help them for diversification of products for industrialization and economic development.

SME Entrepreneurship Development and Product Diversification Standing Committee discussed various important issues in different meetings. The committee recommended to organize a Round Table Discussion (RTD) on Financing for SMEs where Bangladesh Bank, Commercial Banks and Non-Banking Financial Institutions may be invited for a fruitful discussion to create enabling environment for SMEs to establish a bridge between entrepreneurs and financial institutions. The committee also recommended to organize a seminar on "Challenges and opportunities of Venture Capital in Bangladesh".

Mr. Abzar Karim Chowdhury, Vice President, DCCI was Coordinating Director, Mr. M. A. Baten, Former Director, DCCI was Convenor and Mr. Md. Rashedul Karim Manna was Co-Convenor of this Standing Committee for the year 2013. The other distinguished members of the committee are Mr. Waqar Ahmad Chowdhury (Former Director, DCCI), Ms. Safina Rahman (Former Director, DCCI), Ms. Taslima Siddik Rahna, Mr. Abu Sayed Razzak, Mr. A. K. M. Azad, Mr. Abu Bakr Md. Siddique, Mr. Enamul Haque Patwary, Mr. Abrar Rahman Khan, Mr. Md. Abdur Rashid FCMA, Mr. Manun Akbar, Mr. Mohammad Jawad Yahya, Ms. Zameen Swarnap Khatun, Mrs. Surajya Alam and Mr. Md. Rashed Ali.

Standing Committee on Telecom, IT, ICT and Intellectual Property Rights 2013 of Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI)

Standing Committee on Telecom, IT, ICT and Intellectual Property Rights 2013, of Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) was created to act as a platform for a comprehensive outlook on important issues relating to IT infrastructure and draw-up realistic and achievable resolutions for encouraging IP which will add value to all stakeholders particularly to the private sector.

In order to have a realistic objectives mission statement was approved by the committee in the beginning of the year and accordingly several activities were undertaken throughout the year. DCCI organized a Conference on Bangladesh 2020: Strategy for Growth in 2010 where DCCI presented a vision for making Bangladesh as one of the 30th largest economies by the year 2020. In order to attain these objectives DCCI identified some Growth Drivers in which it was one of the prominent Growth Drivers; this committee worked for development of IT sector through its several activities and projects.

The Committee took several activities to make the Chamber activities as a fully automated like an e-Chamber and worked for enhancing contribution of ICT and Telecom as a Cross-Cutting sector towards meeting the Waise 2021 target. Some of these activities are;

DCCI's monthly Review can be read or downloadable from DCCI's website. Chamber related any circular or notice at DCCI can be download website.

Online Membership Directory: Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) to render better services to its members has incorporated online membership directory and B2B match-making facility in its website. Any one can find out details of member companies of DCCI in the website (http://www.dcci.org.bd/search_member/) by searching with specific company's name, line of business and product's name. Under the DCCI B2B service, any interested person/company may send his request by downloading the Form uploaded in the website (<http://www.dcci.org.bd/about/b2b/>) and email it to DCCI. After receiving the request from the interested person/company DCCI will fix time and date for B2B match-making with the related companies. Through this service, businessmen from both home and abroad will get initial information relating to trade and commerce and it will create a space for business development. Through these services DCCI steps forward to become E-Chamber.

Forum: DCCI's developed an online forum. DCCI online forum is an online discussion site where DCCI's member can hold conversations in the form of posted messages. A discussion forum is hierarchical or tree-like in structure; a forum can contain a number of sub forums, each of which may have several topics. Within a forum's topic, each new discussion started is called a thread, and can be replied to by as many people as so wish.

DCCI's members have to register with the forum and then subsequently log in in order to post messages and read the message.

MMS software: DCCI develop a Meeting Management Software.

Online Photo Gallery: Also DCCI develop an Online Photo gallery.

DCCI & BASIS organize workshop for 200 IT freelancers to make them entrepreneurs.

In view of its well-articulated mission, the Committee also undertook some other activities throughout the year. Organized seminars and workshops in cooperation with Ministry of Industries, BASIS, Bangladesh Bank, IFC and similar other organization in different aspects of IT, Telecom and IPR issues.

During the year 2012 above standing committee arranged 2 Standing Committee meetings and a Seminar.

The Standing Committee members as Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President & Coordinating Director, Mr. Khondkar Atique-E-Rabbani, Former Director & Convenor, Syed Altam Kabir, Co-Convenor, Mr. Anisulob Hasan, Co-Convenor, Mr. Salahuddin Abdullah, Former Sr. Vice-President and Member, Mr. T.I.M. Nazul Kabir, Former Sr. Vice President and Member, Mr. Kamul Islam, FCA, Former Director and Member, Syed Marmun Guader, Member, Mr. Araf Mahmood, Member, Mr. Ashraful H Chowdhury, Member, Ms. Jahraul Adb Chowdhury, Member, Barrister-at-Law, Member, Mr. Md. Mostafizur Rahman, Member, Mr. Seung Byoung Oh, Member, Mr. Riyadh Hossain, Member.

Fulfillment from E-PROBES (ফেলফ্রট) DCCI Business Institute (DBI)

During 2013, DCCI Business Institute (DBI) has been organizing various training programs in keeping with the Training Calendar 2013-14 (April-March), prepared under the guidance of the DCCI Standing Committee related to DBI. After approval of the Standing Committee and Board of Directors of DCCI, the Training Calendar was finalized and training courses are being conducted accordingly. Later, the Training Calendar was published, sent to important business organizations and distributed among prospective participants. In accordance with the current Calendar, DBI has been implementing thirty seven (37) short training courses and thirty four (34) daylong workshops for the development of forward-looking entrepreneurs and business executives. It has also continued to organize Certificate / Diploma courses and hold Examinations on "Modular Learning System in Supply Chain Management (MLS-SCM)", in cooperation with International Trade Centre (ITC)-UNCTAD/WTO, Geneva. These courses were appreciated by the participating business entrepreneurs and executives and the responses from the business community, as a whole, were tremendous. DBI has also continued 4-year BBA Professional Course on being affiliated with the National University. The number of students increased to 35 (thirty five) in the 2nd batch compared to 20 (twenty) in the first batch. This was a fulfillment of the long cherished goal of DBI against many challenges.

The main activities of the DBI for 2013 are summed below:

1. **Short-term Training Courses in DBI:** As usual, DCCI Business Institute has continued its short-term training courses of 3 & 5 half days this year. From October, 2012 to September, 2013, the following 18 short training courses were held in which three hundred twenty five (325) participants participated, the average being 18 per course:

1. Market, Sales Promotion and Branding; 2. How to Operate Import and Export Business Successfully; 3. Office Management & Secretarial Skills; 4. Smart Negotiation Skills; 5. Human Resource Development (HRD); 6. How to Prepare a Bankable Project Proposal for Getting Loan; 7. Effective Business Communication in English & E-mail Writing; 8. L/C Procedures for Import-Export & International Business & Trade; 9. Branding & Marketing for Business Success; 10. Store and Inventory Management; 11. Rules & Procedures of VAT & Income Tax; 12. Development of Managerial Leadership Skills; 13. Bangladesh Labour Laws 2006: Compliance Issues and Disciplinary Cases; 14. Understanding L/C Procedures for Export & Import Operation; 15. Effective Export & Import Management; 16. Rules & Procedures of VAT & Income Tax; 17. Human Resource Management & HRIS; and 18. Managing Finance.

The participants of the courses expressed great happiness at the outcome of the courses which enhanced their practical and theoretical knowledge, skill and widened their mental horizon. They also requested to continue such courses in the years ahead.

2. **MLS-SCMTM Certificate/Diploma Course in Cooperation with ITC, Geneva:**

Under an agreement with International Trade Centre (ITC) UNCTAD/WTO, Geneva, DBI has been conducting Certificate/ Diploma courses on Modular Learning System in Supply Chain Management (MLS-SCMTM) and holding examinations since 2004. DCCI is the exclusive Authorized Examination Body (AEB) of ITC in Bangladesh. These courses improve the capacity of business organizations to become competitive in the globalised markets both at home and abroad, by effectively managing the supply chain. The main objective of the course is to train participants how to obtain quality inputs at the most competitive prices and the slogan of the course is "Purchasing into Competitiveness".

The **MLS-SCMTM** course has following eighteen (18) modules which cover all aspects of the supply chain of a business, from purchasing of raw materials up to Customer Relationship Management, where 'P' of **MLS-SCMTM** denotes power of Purchasing:

1. Understanding the Corporate Environment
2. Specifying Requirements & Planning Supply
3. Analyzing Supply Markets
4. Developing Supply Strategies
5. Appraising & Short-listing Suppliers
6. Obtaining & Selecting Offers
7. Negotiating
8. Preparing the Contract
9. Managing the Contract & Supplier Relationships
10. Managing Logistics in the Supply Chain
11. Managing Inventory
12. Measuring and Evaluating Performance
13. Environmental Procurement
14. Group Purchasing
15. E-Procurement
16. Customer Relationship Management
17. Operations Management
- and 18. Managing Finance along the Supply Chain.

ITC has developed these easily intelligible 18 modules of **MLS-SCMTM** to help companies achieve excellence in the supply chain management.

During 2013, 10th batch (January, 2013) and 14th batch (July, 2013) of Certificate Course were successfully started with forty one (41) and forty (40) participants respectively. In addition, 24 and 17 participants have been attending Advanced Certificate and Diploma Classes of **MLS-SCMTM** respectively. Classes are held on Fridays and Saturdays so as to enable people on-the-job to attend training courses conveniently on weekend to increase their productivity and address better job opportunities. Regular Certificate/Diploma examinations on **MLS-SCMTM** Courses were also held in DBI in March & September, 2013 successfully. Total number of examinees were 318 modules/participants in March and 324 modules/participants in September, 2013. The examinations were held strictly as per the standard guidelines of ITC. Scores up to first half satisfactory. The success rates of examinees were is seventy five percent (75%) in March and 90% in Sept., 2013 exams.

The turn up of participants in the **MLS-SCMTM** certificate course in 2013 exhibits the popularity of **MLS-SCM** in DBI, despite the fact that many other competitors like CAPS, UK have entered into Bangladesh market with Diploma in Supply Chain Management Courses. **MLS-SCM** course of DBI is a unique, proven and powerful management system to cut cost, reduce lead time and become competitive in the Global Market. Meanwhile, DCCI has developed an excellent infrastructure and a pool of 120 highly experienced trainers through holding seven (7) TeT Workshops for conducting Certificate/Diploma Course in **MLS-SCMTM**. For holding these workshops, Master Trainers came from ITC, Geneva with necessary training modules and imparted rigorous training to the trainers. Finally, twenty trainers were selected out of 70 participants in the TeT workshops.

A number of Trainers of DBI were awarded the Certificate of the Best Success Story Winner from ITC. They demonstrated that they had contributed to significant saving in total cost in purchase (more than 15%) in a year by using the tools and techniques of **MLS-SCMTM** in their respective organization. After taking necessary preparation for 3 years from 2004, DCCI Business Institute (DBI) started offering regular courses from 2007. Up to July, 2013, 583 participants participated in Certificate Course, 235 in Advanced Certificate and 157 in Diploma. Out of them 136 have already received International Certificate, 55 received International Advanced Certificate and 46 received International Diploma in **MLS-SCMTM**. In 2013, 81 participants have been admitted for the certificate course. They have been rating the course as very good and the trainers very experienced and efficient. These trainers are the champions of certified Supply Chain Management professionals in Bangladesh. Many of them are working as Heads of Procurement and Supply Chain Departments of many Government organizations and companies including multinational companies who have supply chains.

DCI Was "MIS-SCM(P) Best Network Partner Institution Award 2010" of ITC- UNCTAD/WTO, Geneva.

It may be mentioned that DCI is the recipient of "MIS-SCM(P) Best Network Partner Institution Award 2010" of International Trade Centre (ITC) - UNCTAD/WTO, Geneva, among its 120 partner institutions in 89 countries. The award was given at the "MIS-SCM(P) Global Network Roundtable", held at Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia during 25-26 April, 2011. Still DCI has received the best partner institution of ITC, Geneva.



- DCI-Knowledge Centre (KC):** DCI-Knowledge Center (KC) was established in cooperation with South-Asia Enterprise Development Facility (SEDF) in 2004. After the MUI with them expired in June, 2008, DCI continued the activities of "DCI-Knowledge Center" as an extended wing of DCI Business Institute (DBI). The objectives of Knowledge Center are to enhance both quantity and quality of training and services, particularly to facilitate the use of Information Technology (IT) for SME development. The goal of Knowledge Center is to provide a "one-stop-knowledge service" to local SMEs, students, academics, NGOs and business service providers.

Services of KC: The main services of KC are: (i) Trade & Technologies Information service, (ii) CD ROM & Library service, (iii) Training service, and (iv) Development and Communication services. DCI-Knowledge Center has two main sources of income. These are: (1) Sale of Services: it includes the income from different services provided by KC, like membership registration fees, internet browsing, printout, photocopy, CD-ROM, scanning etc. and (2) Workshop/Registration Fee: it includes the registration fees from the participants of different workshops conducted by KC. Holding of day-long workshops on weekends (Fridays and Saturdays) is a new initiative of KC. From October, 2012 to September, 2013 following fifteen (15) workshops were held in KC:

1. Material and Inventory Management
2. Customer Relationship Management (CRM)
3. Chinese Language for Business
4. Professionalism in Business Communication & E-mail Writing
5. Professional Business Management
6. Effective Customer Services
7. Domestic Enquiry and Labour Laws
8. Procurement Strategies for Competitiveness
9. Branding for Business Success
10. Managing Logistics and Transportation
11. Understanding Import & Export Operation & LC Procedures
12. Front Desk Behaviour & Telephone Etiquette
13. English for Effective Business Report Writing
14. Effective Office Secretary for MD/CEO; and
15. W/ & Customs Procedures for Import & Export

The responses were quite satisfactory. Total Number of Participants for these courses were 235 and on average 16 participants per workshop.

4. DBI Started BBA Course under National University

The long-term vision of DBI is to emerge as a Professional Business School with wide-ranging modern knowledge-based education and a Centre of Excellence. With a view to achieving this goal, DBI approached the National University (NU) of Bangladesh for affiliation in 2008. After taking necessary preparatory steps and fulfilling the requirements, DBI was granted affiliation for conducting 4-years Professional BBA course by the National University on 19-01-2011 for the session 2010-2011 with 50 (5%) seats.

An Ad-hoc Governing Body of the DCEI (College), headed by President, DCCI, has been formed which has been looking after the affairs of the College. An experienced Consultant to advise and run the College effectively, full time and part time experienced teachers for all subjects and a very qualified and experienced Principal were appointed. The classes of 1st batch and 2nd batch of BBA course are being run smoothly and the students and guardians are fully satisfied with environment and method of teaching in DCEI. Necessary steps are also being taken to admit students in the 3rd Batch of Professional BBA Course.

5. Round Table Discussion on “Bachelor of Entrepreneurship Development (BED)” and “BBA in Leadership” Courses in DCEI

A Round Table Discussion (RTD) on “Bachelor of Entrepreneurship Development (BED)” and “BBA in Leadership” was held on 22 June, 2013. The main purpose of the RTD was to design and develop the above mentioned academic courses in consultation with concerned stake-holders to conduct such courses in the DCCI Business Institute (DBI). The RTD was chaired by Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President DCCI. Mr. Nurul Islam Nahid, M.P, Hon’ble Minister of Education, GoB graced the occasion as the Chief Guest and Prof. Dr. Adul Hye Shibly, Member, UGC was the Special Guest. Vice-Chancellors of a number of Universities along with other stake-holders participated in the RTD and gave their valuable comments and suggestions. Mr. Syed Masud Raza, Consultant, presented the keynote paper.

6. MOU Signed between DCCI and Daffodil International University (DIU)

A MOU between DCCI and DIU was signed on 08th September, 2013. During the signing ceremony Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, Mr. Nasser Mahmud Khan, Senior Vice-President, Mr. Abzar Katin Chowdhury, Vice-President, Mr. Bashir Haidar, Secretary, DCCI and Md. Hossain AA, Executive Director, DBI, among others, were present from DCCI side and Mr. Md. Fahray Hossain, Ph.D., Registrar and Mr. Syed Masud Raza, Assistant Professor, DIU were present, among others, from the DIU side. The main objectives of the MOU was to ensure mutual benefits of organizing joint academic programs and training on Entrepreneurship Skills Development, Leadership Skills Development, Blue Ocean Strategy, E-management, Outsourcing and Free-lancing, etc. as corporate Social Responsibility of both organizations. Other objective of the MOU is to share DIU e-library for DCEI students at a mutually agreed manner.

7. MOU Signed between DCCI and ACCA

A MOU was signed between DCCI and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) on 26 August, 2013. During the signing ceremony Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, Mr. Nasser Mahmud Khan, Senior Vice-President, and Mr. Abzar Katin Chowdhury, Vice-President, DCCI, among others, were present from DCCI side and Mr. Stuart Duffies, Regional Director, MENASA, Mr. Lutz Ruel Martin, Director, Emergency Markets and Ms. Mahaa Rashid, Country Manager, ACCA were present, among others, from the ACCA side. The main purpose of the MOU are to provide young people an opportunity to be trained and employed to flourish their career in accounting profession.

সংবাদপত্রে ডিসিনিআই

নব্বই দিনের জন্য ডিসিনিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের কার্যক্রম



ঢাকা চেম্বারের নতুন পরিচালনা পর্ষদের দায়িত্ব গ্রহণ

ঢাকা চেম্বার অফ কমার্সের নতুন পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সদস্যরা গতকাল (১৩ জানুয়ারি) দুপুরে চেম্বারের প্রধান কার্যালয়ে জয়েন্ট স্ট্রীমিং সেশনে দায়িত্ব গ্রহণ করে। সভাপতি হুমায়ুন কবীরের সভাপতিত্বে পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।

সভায় চেম্বারের প্রধান কার্যালয়ে জয়েন্ট স্ট্রীমিং সেশনে পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সদস্যরা দায়িত্ব গ্রহণ করে। সভাপতি হুমায়ুন কবীরের সভাপতিত্বে পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।

সভায় চেম্বারের প্রধান কার্যালয়ে জয়েন্ট স্ট্রীমিং সেশনে পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সদস্যরা দায়িত্ব গ্রহণ করে। সভাপতি হুমায়ুন কবীরের সভাপতিত্বে পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।

The Daily Star

1992-1993



The DisiniAI Management Committee members, joined with participants of a training on enterprise management and filing system of the DisiniAI Management Committee, are seen in a meeting at the DisiniAI Management Committee.

সংবাদপত্রে ডিসিনিআই

দুই হাজার নতুন শিগা উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিনিআই

ডিসিনিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভাপতি হুমায়ুন কবীর বলেছেন, ডিসিনিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।

ডিসিনিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভাপতি হুমায়ুন কবীর বলেছেন, ডিসিনিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।

Entrepreneurship Innovation

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
রাষ্ট্রপতিক ডায়নিআইয়ের মাধ্যমে
কৃষিক্ষেত্র উন্নয়ন

President emphasises need for grooming new entrepreneurs

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
রাষ্ট্রপতিক ডায়নিআইয়ের মাধ্যমে
কৃষিক্ষেত্র উন্নয়ন

ডায়নিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন

ডায়নিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভাপতি হুমায়ুন কবীর বলেছেন, ডিসিনিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।



ডায়নিআই পরিচালনা পর্ষদের সভার আয়োজন করা হয়েছিল।

সংবাদপত্রে ডিসিসিআই

আজকে কেমন



উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউট হয়ে : তথ্য ও যোগাযোগ প্রযুক্তি সচিব

ডিসিসিআই (DCCI) এর উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউট (DCCI Entrepreneur Institute) এর সচিব পদে অধিষ্ঠিত হয়েছেন তথ্য ও যোগাযোগ প্রযুক্তি সচিব ড. মোহাম্মদ হুমায়ূন কবীর।

ড. কবীর ডিসিসিআই'র উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউটের সচিব পদে অধিষ্ঠিত হওয়ার পর প্রথম দায়িত্ব হিসেবে উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউটের কার্যক্রম পরিদর্শন করেছেন।

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ডিসিসিআই (DCCI) এর উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউট (DCCI Entrepreneur Institute) এর সচিব পদে অধিষ্ঠিত হয়েছেন তথ্য ও যোগাযোগ প্রযুক্তি সচিব ড. মোহাম্মদ হুমায়ূন কবীর।

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INew Nation

BCSR to support DCCI to create 2000 new entrepreneurs

Business Council for Sustainable Development (BCSR) is supporting the Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) to create 2000 new entrepreneurs through its Entrepreneur Institute.

The DCCI Entrepreneur Institute is a joint venture between DCCI and BCSR. It is a non-profit organization that aims to provide training and support to entrepreneurs in Bangladesh.

The institute has already trained over 1000 entrepreneurs and is currently training another 1000. It is expected to train 2000 more entrepreneurs by the end of the year.

The institute provides training in various areas, including business planning, marketing, and financial management. It also provides support in the form of mentorship and access to resources.

The institute is a member of the Bangladesh Chamber of Commerce and Industry (BCCI) and the Bangladesh Association of Chambers of Commerce and Industry (BACCII).

আজকে কেমন



daily IIR

Korean help to create 2000 entrepreneurs insured

The Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) has received a grant from the Korea Trade Commission (KTC) to create 2000 new entrepreneurs through its Entrepreneur Institute.

The grant is for the purpose of providing training and support to entrepreneurs in Bangladesh. The DCCI Entrepreneur Institute is a joint venture between DCCI and BCSR.

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কোরিয়ার সহায়তায় ২০০০ উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করতে ডিসিসিআই

আজকে কেমন



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আজকে কেমন

এ বছরই ২০০০ উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করতে ডিসিসিআই

ডিসিসিআই (DCCI) এর উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউট (DCCI Entrepreneur Institute) এর সচিব পদে অধিষ্ঠিত হয়েছেন তথ্য ও যোগাযোগ প্রযুক্তি সচিব ড. মোহাম্মদ হুমায়ূন কবীর।

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আজকে কেমন

ডিসিসিআই'র উদ্যোক্তা ইনসিটিউটের সচিব পদে অধিষ্ঠিত হয়েছেন

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সংবাদপত্রে ডিসিসিআই

১৯৯৩-৯৪ সালের ১০-১১ ডিসেম্বর



পত্রিকাটির প্রকাশকগণে বিসিসিআইর আশঙ্কা-
হিসাবসমীক্ষা করা হল।

বিসিসিআইর প্রকাশকগণের মধ্যে বিসিসিআইর আশঙ্কা-
হিসাবসমীক্ষা করা হল।

১৯৯৩-৯৪ সালের ১০-১১ ডিসেম্বর



২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরির কার্যক্রম
সম্পন্ন করার আশা

২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরির কার্যক্রম
সম্পন্ন করার আশা

১৯৯৩-৯৪ সালের ১০-১১ ডিসেম্বর



১৯৯৩-৯৪ সালের ১০-১১ ডিসেম্বর

২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই

২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই



২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই

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২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই



২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই

২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই

১৯৯৩-৯৪ সালের ১০-১১ ডিসেম্বর

২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই



২০০০ নতুন উদ্যোক্তা তৈরি করবে ডিসিসিআই

সংবাদ

১৯৯৩-৯৪ সালের ১০-১১ ডিসেম্বর

শিক্ষার মানোন্নয়নে বিসিসিআইর কাজে ডিসিসিআই সহায়তা

শিক্ষার মানোন্নয়নে বিসিসিআইর
কাজে ডিসিসিআই সহায়তা

New Nation

DCT holds workshop at 1000

DCT holds workshop at 1000

DCT holds workshop at 1000

In Bangladesh

Building an Environmentally Sound Future

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Building an Environmentally Sound Future

বাংলাদেশ ১৩তম ১-৬ মাসের অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট (ত্রি-মাসিক)

অর্থের ত্রৈমাসিক সারাংশ

সংকটগ্রস্ত উৎপাদন পরিস্থিতির মধ্যে এক বছর প্রচলিত করে নেওয়া কোম্পানি হিসেবে ত্রি-মাসিক/ত্রৈমাসিক পর্যালোচনা করে নেওয়া অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট (ত্রি-মাসিক) এর মধ্য খসড়াগুলোর মীমাংসা প্রচারণা পরিচালনা করা এবং পরিচালনা কমিটি খসড়াগুলোর পর্যালোচনা করা। এই পর্যালোচনায় মধ্য প্রান্তের ১৩তম ১-৬ মাসের অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং সংশ্লিষ্ট বিবরণী প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

এছাড়াও খসড়া সংক্রান্ত ১০ টি, অর্থ পর্যালোচনা ও সংশোধন করা সংক্রান্ত ২০ টি এবং মূল সংক্রান্ত ১১ টি প্রস্তাব প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে। এছাড়াও খসড়াগুলোর মধ্য প্রান্তের ১৩তম ১-৬ মাসের অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং সংশ্লিষ্ট বিবরণী প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

অর্থের সারাংশ

১. অর্থ পর্যালোচনা

পর্যালোচনা মাসের মধ্যে প্রথম অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং প্রথম অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে। প্রথম অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং প্রথম অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

২. অর্থ পর্যালোচনা

দ্বিতীয় অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং দ্বিতীয় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

৩. অর্থ পর্যালোচনা

তৃতীয় অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং তৃতীয় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

৪. অর্থ পর্যালোচনা

চতুর্থ অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং চতুর্থ অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

৫. অর্থ পর্যালোচনা

পঞ্চম অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং পঞ্চম অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

৬. অর্থ পর্যালোচনা

ষষ্ঠ অর্থ পর্যালোচনায় অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে এবং ষষ্ঠ অর্থ পর্যালোচনা রিপোর্ট প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

40. **বিশ্বব্যাপী স্বয়ং মূল্যায়ন :**

কোনো ব্যক্তির ১৯৯৬ এর আইন ৪২(১৬৬) এর নীতি বিশ্বব্যাপী স্বয়ং মূল্যায়ন (Universal Self Assessment) প্রক্রিয়া শুরু করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১৫ লাখ মানুষের জন্য খুবই জটিল হতে পারে। অন্য দিকের দিকে তীব্র মূল্যায়ন পরিষদে কাজ করার জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় প্রকল্প বাস্তবায়ন করা খরচের মধ্যে খরচের জন্য প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা : এই কাজ দু'ই ধরনের প্রক্রিয়ায় করা যেতে পারে। অন্য দিকের দিকের দিকে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে।

41. **বিশ্বব্যাপী স্বয়ং মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান :**

বিশ্বব্যাপী স্বয়ং মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে (TIN) পরিষদে প্রায় ১৫ লাখ মানুষের জন্য খরচের মধ্যে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে। বিশ্বব্যাপী স্বয়ং মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করা : এই প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে।

42. **কোনো মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান :**

কোনো মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১৫ লাখ মানুষের জন্য খরচের মধ্যে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে। কোনো মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে।

43. **একটি মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান :**

একটি মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১৫ লাখ মানুষের জন্য খরচের মধ্যে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে। একটি মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে।

44. **Interest on bad and doubtful debts :**

কোনো এক ব্যক্তির মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১৫ লাখ মানুষের জন্য খরচের মধ্যে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে। কোনো মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান করার ক্ষেত্রে প্রায় ১০ লাখ টাকা ব্যয় করা যেতে পারে।

‘Bangladesh Shipa Bank, Bangladesh Shipa Fin Sangstha, Investment Corporation of Bangladesh, any commercial bank including the Bangladesh Krishi Bank and Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank and any Non Banking Financial Institution (NBFI), the income by way of interest in relation to such categories of bad or doubtful debts as the Bangladesh Bank may classify in the income year in which it is credited to its profit and loss account for that year or, as the case may be, in which it is actually received, whichever is earlier.’

45. **কোনো মূল্যায়ন প্রক্রিয়ায় বাধা দান :**

Tax on provision for bad and doubtful debts :

Provision made against classified loans and diminution in value of investment by Financial Institutions (FIs) should be included under Section 29 of Income Tax Ordinance 1984 : Deductions from income from business or profession

Section 29 of Income Tax Ordinance (ITO) 1984 lists the items to be considered as allowable deductions from income from business or profession.

Proposal :

We propose that provisions made against classified loans/ leases and diminution in value of investment by Financial Institutions should be included as an allowable deduction from income from business and profession under section 29 of ITO 1984.

Alternative Proposal :

At least ‘provision on bad and doubtful debts’ should be allowed as admissible expenditure incorporating this item under Section 29 of ITO 1984. Only the general provision on good/special mention account (GMA) may be subject to tax.

କେ ମାସି ଦୁଇ ଟଙ୍କା ଏ ଘଟଣାପରେ ବିକ୍ରୟ ହୋଇଥିବା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସଂପର୍କରେ କରା ହେଉ ନାହିଁ ।

(କ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡରେ ଉଦ୍ଧୃତ, ମା) ଦୁଇ ଟଙ୍କା ହାରାହାରି ଡିମାଣ୍ଡରେ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଫୁଲ ମାତ୍ର କରାଯିବ କିମ୍ବା ଡିମା ।

(ଖ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦୁଇ ଟଙ୍କା, କୃଷି ସଂଗଠନ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ସମସ୍ତ ଦିଗର ଦୁଇ ଟଙ୍କା, କୃଷି ନା କରା ଯାଏ ଦୁଇ- ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ସମସ୍ତକାରୀ କରାଯାଇ କରା ଯାଏ ନା ଯଦି ବିକ୍ରୟ କରା ଯାଏ ।

(ଗ) ଦୁଇ ଟଙ୍କା ଦୁଇଟି ଦିଗରେ ଡିମା ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ବିକ୍ରୟ କରା ଯାଏ ।

୫. ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଏବଂ ସୀମା କୃଷି ।

ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଓ ସୀମା କୃଷି ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ, ଏହା ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କିମ୍ବା କୃଷି କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଓ ସୀମା କୃଷି କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଓ ସୀମା କୃଷି କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଓ ସୀମା କୃଷି କରା ଯାଏ ।

୬. ମାସିକ ଏବଂ ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ ।

ମାସିକ ଏବଂ ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ମାସିକ ଏବଂ ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ ।

(କ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ - ୩,୦୦୦/-

(ଖ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ - ୨,୫୦୦/-

(ଗ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ - ୨,୦୦୦/-

(ଘ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ - ୧,୫୦୦/-

(ଝ) ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ

୭. ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ ।

ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ ।

୮. ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ ।

ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ ।

୯. ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ ।

ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ ।

୧୦. ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ ।

ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ । ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ ଡିମାଣ୍ଡର ଦିଗ କରା ଯାଏ ।

୧୧. ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ ।

ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ । ଦୁଇ ମାସିକ କୃଷି ମାସିକ କରା ଯାଏ ।

Comments on Bangladesh Investment Policy Review (UNCTAD)

1. Chapter I: FDI Determinants: Trends and Prospects (Page:9)

In determining FDI statistics Board of Investment (BOI) uses data based on registration procedure. It may distinguish between projects that are in full operation or not implemented. So, in this policy review this should be pointed on how this mechanism can be developed to get true statistics of FDI in Bangladesh.

2. Chapter I: FDI Determinants: Trends and Prospects (Page:14)

The Investment Policy Review does not include any information regarding green banking activities and services in Bangladesh. So far 41 banks have formulated Green Banking Policy and 6 banks are yet to formulate policy for Green Banking in the country.

3. Chapter I: FDI Determinants: Trends and Prospects (Page:25)

It has been stated in the policy that 'Chittagong handles over 90 per cent of all international trade. Its cargo and container facilities are adequate but the port's capacity is coming under increasing strain. The average turnaround time of a vessel is about 5days'. Mongla port needs to be upgraded or renovated so that the pressure on Chittagong port decreases.

4. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 36-37)

In Industrial Policy 2010 it stated about 5 'Reserved Industries' and also 17 'Controlled Industries'. Mining industry should be included in 'controlled industries' which is in the list of 'reserved industries'.

5. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 41)

The department of investment facilities and services of BOI started 'one-stop shop' which needs to be more active in rendering services on trade, commerce and business.

6. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 46)

Compare to other countries corporate income tax (CIT) in Table1.2 (page 46) the tax rate of Bangladesh is too high. Tax net may be increased by reducing the tax rate.

7. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 51)

Companies located in EPZs benefit from the tax holiday as follow:

Starting business before 2012	Starting business after 2012
1st 10 years 100% tax exemption	1st 2 years 100% tax exemption
Next 5 years at a concession rate	Next 3rd & 4th year 50% tax exemption
	In 5th year 25% tax exemption

The exemption rate for start up business after 2012 should be revised as next 3rd & 4th year tax exemption to be 75% and for 5th year 50% tax exemption.

8. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 55)

Ratio of expatriate to national employees in any company is capped now at 1 to 20 in industrial enterprises or 1 to 5 in commercial offices including top management personnel in both cases.

To encourage and create more employment for highly educated part of Bangladesh the above guideline need to be rectified. For industrial enterprises it should be revised to 1 to 30 and for commercial offices the figure should be 1 to 20.

The maximum duration of work permits are set by BCI guidelines and not by law. This practice needs to abide by law, not by subjective judgment.

9. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 55)

In this section nothing has been told about the draft of Companies Act 2010. There should be some input compare to existing and drafted version of companies act.

10. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 56)

The information of two new indices of Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE) - the DSE Broad Index (DSEI) and DSE-30 may be discussed in the report regarding its effect to stable the market which is calculated on the basis of free-float method by a team of the Standard and Poor's (S&P).

11. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 57)

In the policy review the corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities has not been focused as it should be. In the absence of an effective state intervention in the public interest, private entrepreneurs are less constrained to behave in the public interest and in conformity with CSR.

12. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 58)

In the review it has been notified regarding violation of any order of the Bangladesh Competition Commission (BCC) will be an offence entailing a jail term of one year or a fine of 100000 per day of every day of violation.

The above monetary penalties and punishment should be increased. Jail term should be of 2 years and fine amount should be BOT 200000.

13. Chapter II: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 58)

There is no direction on how to reduce industrial pollution. Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) which is an effective way of reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emission globally can help in this regard which was totally overlooked in the policy review. CDM projects in developing countries can earn saleable credits for reducing/avoiding emission and Certified Emission Reduction (CERs).

14. Chapter E: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 70)

Intellectual property rights are enforced poorly as a result of not only because of gaps in the regulatory framework and weak institution, but also due to weak institutions and a lack of commitment for enforcement.

Relevant laws for protecting IPR:

- Customs Act 1969, Trademark Act 2009, Copyright Act 2000 and Copyright (amendment) Act 2005.
- Patent and Design Act, 1911—silent about IPR protection at border
- Industrial Policy 2010—border issues are not addressed
- Export Policy, 2009-2012 and Import Policy 2009-2012—did not refer IP issue

To ensure rights and obligation, protect consumers' interest, promote technological innovation; encourage investment in R&D of new technologies, stimulate and ensure fair competition among producers Intellectual Property Act should be finalized soon.

In the policy review nothing has been stated regarding the draft of Geographical Indicator Act and its importance. In finalizing the Investment Policy Review the economic aspect and importance of establishing GI act should be included.

15. Chapter E: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 76)

In recommendation part it has been viewed in the report that UNCTAD has suggested to adopt e-governance tools. Bangladesh government has already started using some modules like e-tender in public procurement.

16. Chapter E: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Regulatory Issues (Page: 79)

Bangladesh adopted UNCTAD's ASYCUDA++ customs management system in the 1990s.

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) has successfully completed the project on Dhaka Customs House Automation (DCHA) under Public Private Partnership (PPP) with cooperation of National Board of Revenue (NBR) to improve efficiency by better risk management, save time for each stakeholder, improve productivity, accountability and compliant to WCO definition by introducing world class IT infrastructure. This initiative was ignored in the investment policy review.

17. Chapter E: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 89)

In the draft of PPP policy 2010 the provision for representative from chamber of commerce and industry in Public Private Partnership Advisory Council (PPPAC) is 2(two). It should be revised with 4 (four) representative from chamber of commerce in PPPAC.

18. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 98)

DCCI supports the recommendation in the policy review - "an independent project certifier should be mandatory" which will help to ensure transparency of the project.

19. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 100)

About 16% of global final energy consumption now comes from renewable resources. In the part 'b. Plans and Project' the renewable energy sector is overlooked.

20. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 101)

In the policy review at 'Electricity Generation' section the installation of nuclear power reactor is unclear whereas Bangladesh plans to have two 1000 MW Russian nuclear power reactors in operation from 2020.

21. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 102)

There is no indication about how to reduce the use of gas fired plants in producing power.

22. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 103)

In mobilizing investment at power sector Bangladesh needs to attract and welcome foreign investors to invest including alternative energy like renewable energy in Bangladesh.

23. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 109)

In the table III.2. Mass Rapid Transit (MRT Line-6) project needs to be included.

24. Chapter III: Enabling Investment for Sustainable Development: Infrastructure (Page: 112)

There is no alternative to build a deep-sea port as capacity of the Chittagong Port will be exhausted by 2015. Some friendly countries of Bangladesh like UAE, China and Germany expressed their interest to invest in construction of the deep seaport. In the investment policy review the updated discussion on the proposals from those countries may be included in summarized form.

9. SAARC is known as **Regional Treaty** as every "Distinctive Sign" has its own geographical location and the law of that location applies to it. Hence SAARC covers the geographical area of South Asia.
10. It is a **Trade Mark** as it is used to identify the goods and services of one person or organization.
11. It is a **Registered Trademark** as it is registered with the Registrar of Trademarks.
12. It is a **Trade Mark** as it is used to identify the goods and services of one person or organization.
13. It is a **Trade Mark** as it is used to identify the goods and services of one person or organization.
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16. It is a **Trade Mark** as it is used to identify the goods and services of one person or organization.

১১. দ্বিপাক্ষিক মুক্ত বাণিজ্য চুক্তি (ডিএফটিএ) বাণিজ্য সুযোগের সঞ্চার করতে পারবে কিভাবে

১১. Report on Seminar on "Bilateral Free Trade Agreements (FTAs)-Opportunities and Challenges for Bangladesh: Framework Issues"

A seminar on "Bilateral Free Trade Agreements (FTAs)-Opportunities and Challenges for Bangladesh: Framework Issues" was organized by Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) on 11th May, 2013 at 11:30 am at DCCI Auditorium. Mr. Ghulam Muhammed Quader, M.P, Hon'ble Minister, Ministry of Commerce, Government of Bangladesh was present as the Chief Guest on the occasion. Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, DCCI presided over the seminar. Keynote paper was presented by Dr. Khondaker Golam Moazzem, Additional Research Director, Centre for Policy Dialogue (CPD). Designated Discussants were: Mr. Md. Shahab-Ullah, Chairman, Bangladesh Tariff Commission; Dr. Ananya Rahaan, Executive Director, D-Net; Dr. Abul Basher, Research Fellow, BIDS.

Recommendations:

1. Bangladesh has good reasons to pursue negotiations for preferential market access including bilateral FTAs on a case by case basis. It is a fact that Bangladesh is currently enjoying preferential market access to a number of developed countries; but it is not enjoying such facilities in other major markets. Moreover, preferential market access provided by many developing countries covers a limited set of products. Thus, there are scopes of taking initiatives at different levels to expand product coverage through different kinds of preferential market access arrangements.
2. Because of slow progress in the WTO, Bangladesh as like other LDCs did not get the benefit of duty free and quota free market access to a number of developed and advanced developing countries. The process has culminated with the rise in regionalism with increasing number of regional and bilateral FTAs signed by developing countries in recent years. In most instances, Bangladesh is not the member of these RTAs or FTAs, but it would face adverse impact in export and overall economic welfare because of erosion of preferences due to export similarity. Unless Bangladesh would go for special preferential arrangements with major trading partners, Bangladesh's export would be affected because of these new bilateral regional trade arrangements. Thus Bangladesh should take bold steps towards that direction.
3. The attractiveness of preferential market access in developed countries would not be continued for long for all LDC products. Since developed countries are unilaterally reducing their tariffs, LDCs are most likely face erosion of preferences in these markets. Thus, Bangladesh should look for alternate approach and explore alternative markets in the developing countries particularly in Southern region in order to get better market access for its products. Signing FTA could be a better option for Bangladesh.
4. The institutional approach so far followed by Bangladesh is mainly 'supply-driven'. Major initiative is observed in pursuing for extension of coverage of GSP and also for allowing duty-free market access for all products in the US market. However, Bangladesh is now struggling to convince the USITR to continue the existing GSP facility as the former faced the GSP hearing after the complain made for poor compliance standard in RMG and shrimp sectors. Bangladesh has yet to take position on signing bilateral FTAs. It has never

approached any country for signing FTAs, while it has yet to take decision regarding a number of proposals submitted by prospective countries. Bangladesh should not wait for proposals from others rather it should place proposals to other countries. However, Bangladesh should follow the policy guidelines with the objective of greater market access, reduction of cost of production, strengthening the value chain and overall welfare enhancing through forming FTA.

5. Bangladesh's production base, production capacity, export of products, competitiveness of products in terms of price and quality indicate that it should follow multiple strategies in order to enhance its export. These strategies include: a) pursuing countries to extend their product coverage under their GSP schemes; this could be made under the DCR agreement, i.e. advanced developing countries who are in a position to do so to provide duty free market access to Bangladesh's products as many as possible; b) pursuing countries to go for bilateral FTA mainly focusing on merchandise trade at a limited scale; and c) Pursuing countries to go for broader bilateral cooperation covering services, investment and trade facilitation issues.
6. The current level of bilateral trade indicates that there are a number of countries which could be considered for offering FTA at a limited scale. Similarly there are countries that Bangladesh should pursue extending the product coverage under GSP schemes or relaxation of rules of origin etc. There are a number of countries which could be considered for FTA from the perspective of promoting non-traditional exports. An extensive analysis is required to identify markets for such initiative.
7. Bangladesh has limited interest in considering prospective FTAs arrangement with countries where it is currently enjoying duty-free market access. On the other hand, Bangladesh allows import of raw materials, intermediate products for export oriented industries and selected domestic industries at zero import duty which indicate 'de facto' duty free market access to large number of products of major trading partners.
8. Bangladesh needs to take specific position with regard to specific markets. For example, given the current level of trade cooperation between Bangladesh and India, Bangladesh should consider broader economic cooperation with India as like CEPA which would cover trade in goods and services, investment and trade facilitation etc. In case of USA, Bangladesh has been pursuing not only to withdraw the GSP facility currently enjoying by Bangladesh. There are countries such as Malaysia where Bangladesh has special interest in trade in services particularly under mode 4 (i.e. movement of natural persons).
9. A broad-based FTA would have serious repercussions, and that needs to be taken into account. Thus, Bangladesh could initially look for a PTA with a positive list approach.
10. Since FTAs are signed for strengthening partner country's industrialization process, a value chain based approach should be taken into account.
11. Bangladesh has huge potential for expanding business in Myanmar as the country has plenty of natural resources. Bangladesh may sign FTA with Myanmar.
12. Bangladesh's export competitiveness is limited in few products and most of its industries are still struggling to become competitive even at local level. A broad based FTA would have serious repercussions which need to be taken into account. Thus, Bangladesh could initially look for a PTA with a positive list approach. Since FTAs are signed for strengthening

partner country's industrialization process, a value chain based approach should be taken into account.

13. BFTI could be involved in the preparatory process of bilateral FTAs.
14. Bangladesh needs to open its service sector more before signing FTAs with different countries.
15. Bangladesh is by and large less active in the FTA process and it is still at the 'recipient' end. Such approach of Bangladesh has a number of limitations and may have adverse implications on overall economic welfare. A proactive role is urgently needed with regard to overall stand of the government regarding bilateral FTAs.
16. Institutional capacity to deal with these issues requires further improvement. There are lots of technical, analytical and information/data related tasks involved at the early phases, preparatory processes as well as at the negotiation phases. Currently, Bangladesh Tariff Commission is in charge for undertaking these activities. Because of limited human resources, analysis and preparatory works could not be speeded up. Thus, recruitment of skilled professionals and arranging training for them are required on an urgent basis. BFTI could be involved in the preparatory process. An advisory board could be formed comprising of government high officials, private sector representatives, civil society organizations and research organizations to get their views regarding FTA related issues.
17. FTA signed between developed and developing countries may or may not be the best option in trade-led development process. Given the prevalence of imperfect competition at domestic markets, FTAs may not work as it is usually perceived in a competitive market framework.
18. Citing the current level of trade cooperation between Bangladesh and India, a close economic partnership agreement between the two countries needed to cover trade in goods and services, investment and trade facilitation.
19. The government should carefully analyze the clauses of free trade agreements (FTAs) as it often creates challenges, rather than opportunities.

02. US-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogue: Private Sector Forum

DCCI organized a successful event as "US-Bangladesh Partnership Dialogue: Private Sector Forum" on 26th May, 2013 at DCCI premises. Three US under Secretary were present in the dialogue while Dr. Taufik-E- Elahi, BS, Adviser to the Hon'ble Prime Minister along with other notable persons from home and abroad were also present. There were three parallel sessions on that event.

Recommendations:

1. Bangladesh has been showing resilience with consistent 6% growth coupled with rapid export and remittance growth.
2. Bangladesh has been graduated to 2nd largest apparel exporter to US market. Export to US in 2011-12 was \$5.4b against import of \$705million. Major export comprised of textile and Apparel. Growth rate of Bangladesh is impressive in comparison with World and Asian countries.

3. Private sector is the main driving engine and private sector over takes from public sector. Bangladesh can be an attractive destination for foreign investors including USA because of its geographic location both vertical and horizontal along with many promising advantages.
4. BD-US trade could have increased much in line with other global players who have extended duty free access to Bangladesh. Average import duty for Bangladesh is the 2nd highest at 15.23% after Vietnam. Revenue collected from the import duty imposed on Bangladeshi products is very nominal, only 3.5% of the total revenue collected by US. In order to increase bilateral trade between Bangladesh and US Duty Free (DF) access for Bangladeshi products to US has to be ensured.
5. If USA extends this facility to Bangladesh, a significant amount of employment can be created in this sector which can contribute for poverty reduction.
6. Bangladesh would also require policy and regulatory reforms in order to encourage import from other countries. VOIP deregulation is another aspect for encouraging investment.
7. Financially and economically, the best option for power sector development will be from local gas. More investment should be done in fertilizer factories to increase efficiency and gas should be supplied to fertilizer sector on a priority basis.
8. CNG holds a neutral position in terms of opportunity cost but huge environmental benefit says that gas supply to CNG should continue.
9. Additional gas supply to domestic sector should be frozen and large scale promotion of LPG with cross-subsidy from household gas should be promoted.
10. More efficient grid power can replace existing captive power generation resulting in substantial incremental benefit. Money invested in captive and the conversion cost must be carefully weighed before phasing out captive gas supply.
11. Investment in industry is stalled due to shortage of energy supply. Economic development can only be supported by industrial sector growth. Gas should be supplied to industry on a top priority basis.
12. New investment opportunities in energy sector are in oil and gas exploration & production, coal mining, power generation, T&D (power/gas), LPG (household/transport), fertilizer factories. The government should encourage foreign investment in exploration of new gas fields.
13. The internal storage of coal should be used first for electricity production and then consider importing coal.
14. The government should undertake a comprehensive energy pricing study through its newly created energy regulator.
15. There is a need to explore more opportunities to finance projects to improve end-user energy efficiency to address low efficiency in power plants.

18. The government should release more acreage for exploration, including onshore, harnessing the capabilities of the private sector.
17. Nuclear power plant could be another option for improving energy situation in Bangladesh.
18. More research and development activities should be done to solve our energy problem.
19. US investors should provide technical support to Bangladesh to teach how to improve energy efficiency, especially how to set energy efficient building code.
20. Cost for changing energy source should be considered very carefully.
21. The government and the oppositions should create enabling environment for US companies to invest in Bangladesh.
22. There should be consistency & continuation in government Energy Policy: Energy Regulatory Commission has not been able to contribute in anything other than reviewing of & gas price.
23. There is a need to strengthen the labor inspection department with sufficient human resources and equipment.
24. There is also a need to establish labor inspection office in all industrial belts.
25. Minimum wage board should be formed and monitored for ensuring enough and legal wages for the labors.
26. Connectivity has got different dimensions, it can be in the fields of transport, road, railway, water, electricity, energy and many more, depending on the need of the country's demand and supply situation, the connectivity issues has to be devised based on the priority of the country. An economic benefit of Connectivity is important not only for the movement of trade in goods but also for the services sector: if our partners are benefited we will also be benefited through increasing connectivity.
27. Regional integration and connectivity should be based on economic agenda not political consideration only.
28. Physical connectivity is important; private sector should come forward so that efficiency in the connectivity can be ensured for the benefits of the whole community towards an inclusive growth.
29. We would get import at a cheaper rate through connectivity. This region can be a common market, if duty free access has been provided.
30. Deep Sea Port if can be established in Bangladesh can contribute a lot for economic connectivity; the cost of doing business can be reduced at least to a half of the present level. This can be a golden duck for the country. US investors can come forward for the Deep Sea Port in Chittagong.
31. Non-Tariff Barriers are much more deepening than the tariff barriers, more P2P contact and communication is important to address the situation.

32. The most important investment will be railway connection, China is now linking up with different region like Mongolia, Europe through railway, if Bangladesh can connect with that railway connectivity our distance with different region will be reduced.
33. Firda connects their northern part with Bangladesh, they can save at least 5 billion dollar.
34. SASEC -supported by ADB has also been working for establishing link between South Asian countries. We can explore these benefits.
35. Great reforms will be required if there is a great connectivity.
36. FDI is one of the priorities for regional integration
37. India-China trade balance is destroying the regions integration, India will never be in a position to trade more with China due to location and political unrest.
38. Communication is not the only barrier, political instability is also one of the main concerns for having disorder integration.
39. Required logistics to support import, oil refinery, Social network, approval of Pay Pail are some areas where concentration is required. Proper and faster way to communicate with the world, ICT and digital connectivity is important, if any economy wants to expand.
40. Basic trust and confidence level needs to be established.
41. Government machinery should work further to see how all these things can be put together and recognize the importance of all the connectivity elements and should focus on one thing first.
42. Changes in the attitude of the local entrepreneurs, relation between two important SAARC countries has been changed, how these can be continued by engaging each other.
43. To build more confidence the business community is doing a great job which is making Bangladesh in the edge of a new dawn, they should be more active.
44. After globalization things have been changed, importance on connectivity increased manifold for economic integration.
45. Bangladesh needs to connect both within the country and outside the country. Dhaka-Chittagong Economic corridor is one of our priorities. Bangladesh can be the China+1 country if all supports are extended.

63. Seminar on "Employees and Employers Relationship: Development Perspective",

A seminar on "Employees and Employers Relationship: Development Perspective" was jointly organized by Bangladesh Society for Human Resource Management (BSHRM) and Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI). Daffodil International University (DIU) provided its support as an Academic Partner of the Seminar. President-BSHRM & Head of HRM, **Mr. Md. Mustarraf Hossain** presented the key note paper. Engineer **Rondur Mosharraf Hossain, MP**, Hon'ble Minister for Expatriates' Welfare & Overseas Employment was present in the seminar as the Chief Guest. The seminar was also addressed by president of Bangladesh Employers' Foundation **Mr. Fazlal Hoque**, DCCI former President **Mr. Asif Ibrahim**, Vice Chancellor of Daffodil International University **Prof. Dr. Lutfar Rahman**, BSHRM Secretary General **M. Bahauddin Miah** and Consultant of ILO Dhaka Office, **Mr. Fronds DV de Silva**. **Mr. Md. Sabur Khan**, President, DCCI presided over the seminar. The recommendations taken at the seminar are given below:

Recommendations:

1. Bangladesh Government should initiate to set up separate Ministry of Human Resources (HR) in the country like in India, Malaysia, etc.
2. Introduction of Trade Unions in Ready Made Garments (RMG) is essential in Bangladesh but it should be free from all sorts of politics.
3. The government should provide unused lands for relocating risky and unsafe garments infrastructures of Dhaka and other big cities.
4. Government can make arrangement of the availability of loans by establishing a consortium of commercial banks or through Public Private Partnership initiative.
5. A seminar may be organized on the issue of 'Trade Unions in Bangladesh'.
6. Maintaining good employee relations in an organization is a pre-requisite for organizational success, high productivity and human satisfaction.
7. The employer-employee relationship should not be looked at simply in economic terms. It is a significant human relationship of mutual dependency that has great impact on the people involved and both the employer and the employee have moral obligations arising from this relationship.
8. Employers should treat employees respectfully, should pay them fairly and provide good working conditions.
9. Companies should be loyal to their workers. Employees have also moral duties to the organization and to the customers.
10. The employer's level of power over its workers is affected by three significant factors like interest, control and motivation. The employers should manage and balance these factors in a way that enables a harmonious and productive working relationship.
11. In order increase a better environment within the organization employers should address all of these factors for maintaining conducive working environment for both employer and employee.
12. The overall business situation can only be improved by setting very good examples and practices of maintaining employers and employees' relationship.

04. Seminar Report on "Building a Caring Society through Zakat"

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) and Center for Zakat Management (CZM) jointly organized a seminar on "Building a Caring Society through Zakat" on July 29, 2013 at DCCI auditorium. Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, DCCI presided over the seminar. Mr. Md. Shahjahan Miah, M.P., Hon'ble State Minister, Ministry of Religious Affairs, Government of Bangladesh was present as the Chief Guest. Dr. Manzur-E-Elahi, Assistant Professor, National University and Mr. M. Kabir Hassan, Ph.D., Professor, Department of Economics and Finance, University of New Orleans, USA were present as the designated discussants. Dr. Mohammed Ayub Miah, CEO of Center for Zakat Management (CZM) made the keynote presentation in the seminar.

The recommendations taken in the seminar are as follows:

- As Bangladesh is a resource constraint country, everybody needs to concentrate and integrate their efforts for creating a level playing field for all to achieve the targeted goal.
- A well organized institutional Zakat management system can be an effective economic tool for poverty alleviation and economic development for a country like Bangladesh.
- At least Tk. 200 billion can be realized from Zakat if it can be managed properly through efficient Zakat institutions. CZM can play a very active role in this respect.
- Modern technology should be used to aggregate the zakat fund for making effective utilization of this fund. Technology can also be used to create awareness about the importance of zakat for poverty alleviation and economic activities.
- Some motivation programs are needed to create awareness that Zakat fund should be managed efficiently for poverty alleviation and sustainable economic development.
- There is a wide disparity of income between the rich and the poor in this world including Bangladesh and it is being increased day by day. But Islam as a way of life has regulated a certain rule in such a way in order to make society to be favorable. So, in all the Muslim majority countries, institutional Zakat system can play a significant and effective role in reducing this ever increasing income inequality.
- Bangladesh Government has adopted various Poverty Reduction Strategies for the overall development and reduction of poverty. Zakat should be incorporated into such development strategies.
- There is a need to operate Zakat with the help of various institutions for poverty alleviation endeavors and creating a balanced society.
- Poverty is one of the main obstacles of Bangladesh which impedes all development activities of the country. Reducing poverty is very important for the true development of Bangladesh and institutional Zakat system can be a helping tool to reduce it.
- Considering Zakat as an effective social safety net, Government should estimate Zakat collection properly with the help of different zakat management organization. It will help to take firm decision to collect and distribute Zakat centrally.
- There is little institutional recognition of Islamic principles in the poverty alleviation strategies in Bangladesh. So, institutionalization of Zakat collection and management system is a must to properly utilize them to eradicate poverty from the country.
- Government can introduce Zakat calculation forms every year. This will help people for calculating their Zakat every year and create habit for paying zakat accurately.
- Religious Affairs Ministry of the Government prepares rules of collecting and utilizing Zakat as per section 10 of the Zakat Fund Ordinance, 1982 (VI of 1982) through the Zakat Board. These rules should be updated so that zakat can be collected in a centralized way to create a fund for poverty eradication.
- Some integrated capacity building programs should be taken to effectively reduce poverty and develop the capacity of human resource.
- The organization like Center for Zakat Management (CZM) should be encouraged for mobilization of zakat from the interested Muslims and assisting them in zakat calculation.
- There is a need to conduct research on different aspects of zakat for its best utilization for poverty eradication.
- Accountability and Transparency of the zakat management organizations should be ensured to create confidence in the mind of zakat payers that their payment is properly utilized.

- As public sector has some limitations to collect and utilize zakat properly, private sector should come forward to meet the demand of Shariah through implementing institutionalized zakat system.
- To encourage Zakat payment, the authorities need to market the concept of zakat effectively.
- Zakat can be used in the positive impact in reducing the phenomenon of inflation as monetary instruments used to alleviate that by affecting the methods of supply and demand of money.

05. Round Table Discussion on "Opportunities and Challenges for Foreign Direct Investment"

A Round Table Discussion on "Opportunities and Challenges for Foreign Direct Investment" was organized by Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI) on 24th August, 2013 at 11:00 am at DCCI Auditorium. Mr. Md. Sabur Khan, President, DCCI presided over the discussion. Mr. Jahangir Saadat, President, Korean EPZ (KEPZ) Corporation (BD) Ltd. presented the Keynote paper. Mr. Vivek Sood, CEO, Grameen Phone Ltd. and Mr. Andrew DeGara, President, Santos Bangladesh spoke as the designated discussants on the occasion.

Recommendations:

1. Government as well as political parties should ensure political stability in the country for the sake of attracting more FDI.
2. The Board of investment may take initiative to present Bangladesh as an attractive investment destination in infrastructure building under PPP models which includes transport, energy and other infrastructure, where foreign investment may be attracted.
3. To attain the target of becoming a middle-income country by the year 2021, Bangladesh needs to ensure sustainable investment-friendly environment.
4. In order to attract more FDI, the country needs to remove bureaucratic inertia, ensure policy reforms, land acquisition and availability etc.
5. Bangladesh has huge potentials to attract FDI, especially in RMG, telecommunications, electronics, automobiles, IT & ITES, energy, transport, healthcare and banking sector. So, proper arrangement should be taken to attract more FDI to these sectors.
6. The government should inform the businessmen about its future planning.
7. As Bangladesh is a country suffering from land scarcity, vertical use of land should be encouraged rather than horizontal use.
8. Quick and appropriate decision of the government is essential so that GP, KEPZ, Santos Bangladesh etc. can be the brand ambassador for attracting more FDI in Bangladesh.
9. Foreign investors should invest more in Bangladesh considering the pro-investment policy of the government.
10. Government should tackle the key challenges of handing over of lands, environment clearance certificate and customs clearance for the export processing zone to function it in full swing.
11. Bangladesh has to make sure infrastructural development, energy and power security to attract not only foreign direct investment but also to attract local investments.
12. The government should include investors in their budget making process.

৪. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
৫. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
৬. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
৭. ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
৮. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
৯. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
১০. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।
১১. মনোমুখ্যে যেমন বিক্রয়ক্রমে গুরুত্ব দেয়া হয়েছে তেমনি এগে ইন্ডাস্ট্রি ডেভেলপমেন্টেও গুরুত্ব দেয়া হওয়া উচিত যেহেতু এটি হল এগে হলে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ জিনিস।

07. RTD on "Industry-Academy Dialogue: 21st Century ICT Graduates"

A Round Table Discussion on "Industry-Academy Dialogue: 21st Century ICT Graduates" was jointly organized by DDCI and CTO Forum on 28th July, 2013 at DDCI. Professor Dr. A.K. Azad Chowdhury, Chairman (State Minister), University Grants Commission, Bangladesh was present as the Chief Guest. Mr. Nazrul Islam Khan, Secretary, Ministry of ICT, GoB, was present as the Special Guest. Prof. Dr. Syed Akhter Hossain, Head, Department of CSE, Daffodil International University presented the Keynote paper.

Recommendations:

1. ICT can play the most important role in transforming Bangladesh into Digital Bangladesh.
2. Existing curriculum also lacks right direction of skills which fails to generate employment in ICT industries of the country. It should be properly addressed in the academic curricula development for ICT education.
3. Multimedia classrooms, digital contents and teacher training together may improve overall quality of learning in education by promoting effective and participatory learning.
4. All stakeholders related to ICT sector should come forward to formulate industry-based ICT curricula; University Grants Commission (UGC) should give more concentration in this regard.
5. This type of dialogue will help in reducing the gap between academy and industry oriented curriculum for the development of ICT advancement in Bangladesh.



Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry (DCCI) which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 September, 2013 and the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRS) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have conducted our audit in accordance with Bangladesh Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements, prepared in accordance with Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRS), give a true and fair view of the state of the Chamber's affairs as at 30 September, 2013 and of the operating results and its cash flows for the year then ended and comply with the Companies Act 1994 and other applicable laws and regulations.

We also report that

- (i) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief that were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof.
- (ii) In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Chamber so far as it appeared from our examination of these books.
- (iii) The financial statements dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account.

Dated: Dhaka
30 November 2013


A. Qasem & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 September 2013

Assets	Notes	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	40,968,163	40,312,293
		<u>40,968,163</u>	<u>40,312,293</u>
Current assets			
Accounts receivable	4	12,925,327	8,009,795
Interest receivable		23,415,042	15,371,493
Deferred revenue expenditure	5	1,405,487	793,894
Advance, deposits and pre-payments	6	10,191,415	4,488,354
Inventories		1,967,586	1,983,870
Cash and cash equivalents	7	371,148,583	307,945,852
		<u>421,047,417</u>	<u>328,899,958</u>
Current liabilities			
Liabilities for expenses & services	8	10,430,062	6,504,777
Liabilities for other finance	9	12,267,278	7,906,372
Advance Building rent	10	41,095,380	-
		<u>63,812,719</u>	<u>14,411,149</u>
Net current assets		<u>357,234,797</u>	<u>324,488,809</u>
Net assets		<u>398,204,679</u>	<u>364,499,102</u>
Sources of funds			
General Fund	11	343,445,583	307,813,044
DCI Relief & Social Welfare Fund	12	14,160,875	12,835,606
DCI Development Fund	13	23,998,529	17,191,406
Deferred Liability - Grants	14	14,141,664	12,477,520
Grant received	15	3,020,089	14,290,724
Total fund		<u>398,204,679</u>	<u>364,499,102</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.


Bushir Haider
Secretary


Abeer Karim Chowdhury
Vice President and Co-ordinating Director


Md. Saiber Khan
President

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Dated: Dhaka
30 November 2013


A. Qasem & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 30 September 2013

Annual Report 2013

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry

Income	Notes	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
Subscriptions	16	24,375,930	20,244,129
Admission fee	17	4,634,700	3,939,624
Bulletin fee	18	1,184,350	1,228,912
Certificate of origin fee		1,575,350	1,064,300
Certification and attestation fee		1,095,626	1,053,496
Rent	19	23,781,039	14,806,049
Income from investment - interest	20	38,889,935	30,870,411
DBI (DCCI Business Institute)		18,831,559	8,421,913
Miscellaneous income	21	1,946,912	1,549,290
Profit/loss BD - Branding (after deducting expenses Tk. 8,229,404)		657,716	-
Total income		166,789,917	64,667,839
Expenditure			
Pay and allowances	22	35,045,622	28,660,171
Postage and telephone	23	777,342	672,162
Printing and stationery		1,027,746	1,035,484
Newspapers, bulletin and publications	24	2,887,157	2,887,895
Traveling & Conveyance		384,272	288,587
Repairs and maintenance	25	1,489,729	1,262,441
Fuel and lubricants		568,118	625,112
Entertainment		585,316	568,383
Audit and Legal fees	26	274,900	217,290
Subscriptions and donation		255,900	175,080
Seminars, symposium, conference and delegation	27	3,335,932	1,228,788
AGM, EGM and election expenses		1,125,540	1,408,690
GR and presentations		188,840	8,080
Utility charges	28	2,052,446	1,889,219
DBI (DCCI Business Institute)		7,321,989	5,528,000
Inter party expense		287,346	188,520
Reception and dinner		557,546	682,527
Rent and taxes		1,287,889	422,883
Entire expenses		570,957	125,074
Deferred revenue expenses-written off		1,012,296	1,028,380
Depreciation	3	3,622,630	3,552,439
Miscellaneous expenses	29	639,105	746,165
Total expenditure		88,946,191	61,261,179
Excess of income over expenditure	10	77,843,726	3,406,660

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.


Bashir Haider
Secretary


Absar Karim Chowdhury
Vice President and Co-ordinating Director


Md. Sabur Khan
President

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Date: Dhaka
30 November 2013


A. Qasem & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 September 2013

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
Cash flows from operating activities		
Excess of income over expenditure for the year	40,837,736	33,466,854
Adjustment for items not involving movement of cash:		
Depreciation on fixed assets	3,622,930	3,560,435
Provision for gratuity	1,664,344	2,928,080
(Increase) / Decrease in current assets:		
Accounts receivable	(4,504,542)	(389,499)
Interest receivable	(5,043,839)	(2,437,773)
Deferred revenue expenditure	(665,493)	161,389
Advances, deposits and prepayments	(5,713,381)	(2,994,820)
Inventory	(26,896)	(1,289,642)
Increase / (Decrease) in current liabilities:		
Liabilities for services	3,825,275	2,077,223
Liabilities for other finance	4,379,936	(596,192)
Advance Building rent	41,083,350	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>79,129,310</u>	<u>24,379,665</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of fixed assets	(4,298,476)	(4,196,885)
Disposal/adjustment of assets	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(4,298,476)</u>	<u>(4,196,885)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
General Fund	(4,506,077)	(752,991)
DCI Relief & Social Welfare Fund	1,225,299	2,162,577
DCI Development Fund	6,375,121	5,930,144
Grant received	(11,330,825)	12,807,753
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(6,636,312)</u>	<u>20,136,613</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>63,289,828</u>	<u>60,821,213</u>
Opening cash and cash equivalents	<u>267,945,852</u>	<u>267,423,828</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u><u>331,148,580</u></u>	<u><u>337,345,052</u></u>


Bashir Haider
Secretary


Abur Karim Chowdhury
Vice President and Co-ordinating Director


Md. Sabur Khan
President

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Dated: Dhaka
30 November 2013


A. Qasem & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Notes to the Financial Statements
as at / for the year ended 30 September 2013

1.0 Background

1.1 Incorporation

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (here-in-after referred to as the DCCI) was incorporated on March 10, 1958 as a company limited by guarantee under the Companies Act, 1913 (replaced by Companies Act 1994).

1.2 Objectives

Main objectives of the DCCI are as follow:

- a. To promote and foster ideas of co-operation and mutual help amongst the members engaged in Trade, Commerce and Industry in Bangladesh.
- b. To watch over, protect and safeguard in general commercial and industrial interest in Bangladesh particularly of the members engaged in business in the District of Dhaka or any other place.
- c. To consider and help in formulating the policy of Government from time to time relating to questions pertaining to Trade, Commerce and Industry.

2.0 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Accounting basis

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) under historical cost convention which has been in conformity with the Bangladesh Accounting Standards (BAS) issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB).

2.2 Property, plant and equipment

Fixed Assets are stated at actual cost less accumulated depreciation in the Financial Statements.

2.3 Depreciation

Depreciation on Fixed Assets is charged on reducing balance method at rates ranging from 2.5% to 20% per annum depending on the estimated life of assets. Full year's depreciation is charged on the additions to fixed assets irrespective of the date of acquisition thereof.

2.4 Revenue recognition

All income and expenses, other than subscription income/bulletin fee are accounted for on accrual basis. Subscription and bulletin fee are recognized as income on the date these are received on cash basis excepting that so much thereof as relates to the period subsequent to the year ended September 30, 2013 is accounted for as a liability (advance subscription under Liabilities for other Income).

2.5 Inventories

Inventories of Stationary and Printing items are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

2.6 Employee benefits

Provisions have been set up in the accounts for Gratuity and for Annual Leave (earned leave) benefits to employees since 2008 towards build-up of the entire liability gradually.

2.7 Provision for income tax liability

National Board of Revenue, Bangladesh vide SRO # 254-An-Income Tax(GD)11 dated 6 July 2011, SRO # 216-An-Income Tax(GD)12 dated 27 June 2012 and SRO # 210-An-Income Tax(GD)12 dated 1 July 2013 introduced income tax on Trade Bodies. The issue has been protested by Trade Bodies and the decision from the Government is awaiting. DCCI maintains accounts from October to September. If the above noted SROs stand, DCCI may have to pay tax on its partial income for the year. The matter being unresolved till to date, no provision for income tax has been made.

2.8 Reporting currency

DCCI maintains its Books of Accounts in Bangladeshi Taka (BDT), and all figures represented in the financial statements are in BDT.

2.9 Reporting period

The reporting period of the DCCI cover one year from October to September consistently.

2.10 Responsibility of the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements

The management of the DCCI is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements.

2.11 General

- a) Previous year's figures have been re-arranged wherever considered necessary to conform to current year's presentation.
- b) Figures appearing in the Financial Statements have been rounded off to the nearest Taka.

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
3.0 Property, plant and equipment		
(A) At Cost		
Opening balance	106,885,011	102,888,120
Add: Addition during the year	4,295,470	4,195,895
	<u>111,180,481</u>	<u>107,084,015</u>
Less: Disposal during the year	-	-
Closing balance	<u>111,180,481</u>	<u>107,084,015</u>
(B) Less: Accumulated depreciation		
Opening balance	66,572,718	62,663,263
Add: Charge during the year	3,622,600	3,582,435
	<u>70,195,318</u>	<u>66,245,698</u>
Less: Acc. Depreciation of disposed assets	-	-
Closing balance	<u>70,195,318</u>	<u>66,245,698</u>
(A-B) Written down value	<u>40,985,163</u>	<u>40,838,317</u>

Details are shown in the enclosed Annexure-1

4.0 Accounts receivable		
Considered good		
Building rent	7,863,156	7,867,963
Utility charge (Electricity)	221,006	662,640
Utility charge (NPKA)	113,807	167,796
Display centre rent	6,000	6,000
Advertisement	360,000	450,000
Auditorium rent	35,000	-
Conference & Delegation	181,000	-
Receivables(DR) DCCI Business Institute	-	18,800
Receivable - Projects (BULD & NTF)	-	456,431
Other receivables	6,150	115,810
Current A/C with DR-IBA	3,236,571	1,522,762
Current A/C with DCCI Foundation	538,116	527,276
	<u>11,860,316</u>	<u>8,678,268</u>
Considered doubtful		
Building rent	1,233,036	1,233,036
Utility charge (electricity)	54,290	54,290
Utility charge (NPKA)	57,166	57,166
	<u>1,344,517</u>	<u>1,344,517</u>
	<u>12,828,327</u>	<u>9,822,785</u>

- 4.1 (i) The aforesaid doubtful debts of Tk. 1,344,517 include Tk. 725,484, Tk. 236,312 and Tk. 383, D11 receivable from M/s Progressive Plastic Industries Limited, Mr. Sharif Haque (an ex-employee) and Manraj Textile respectively. Management has taken all possible steps to realize the dues.
- (ii) In this respect, cases were lodged with the court which are now in process.

A. Qasem & Co.

Chartered Accountants

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
5.2 Deferred revenue expenditure		
Opening balance	793,994	955,294
Expenses/ (Income) during the year:		
Golden Jubilee Celebration (GJC)	-	367,000
Commercial History (CH)	(8,000)	(38,800)
Legal expenses	-	500,000
DCCI Entrepreneurship	1,666,386	-
Com. History (Bangla)	640	-
DCCI - NRB event	45,905	-
	<u>2,681,795</u>	<u>1,014,294</u>
Less: 10th written off (Note-5.1)	<u>1,012,295</u>	<u>1,020,300</u>
	<u>1,489,487</u>	<u>793,994</u>
5.1 10th written off		
Golden Jubilee Celebration (GJC)	1,118,790	1,118,790
Commercial History (CH)	119,813	127,812
Legal expenses	380,951	368,667
SME Financing Fee	(582,989)	(582,972)
	<u>1,012,296</u>	<u>1,020,300</u>
<p>Management has decided to amortize the aforesaid GJC and CH deferred revenue expenditure in five years effective from the year 2009 while deferred legal expense and SME fee income from the year 2013. DCCI Entrepreneurship, Com. History (Bangla) and DCCI-NRB event expenses will be expensed in the next year 2014 when the programme will be completed.</p>		
5.3 Advances, deposits and pre-payments		
Advances		
Advance against sales	8,370	191,000
Advance against expenses	1,626,951	1,744
Taxes deducted at source by bank / parties	5,389,782	666,343
	<u>7,224,793</u>	<u>1,079,687</u>
Security deposits		
Rajak	2,500,000	2,500,000
POB	314,000	314,000
T&T	22,900	22,000
Others	19,360	22,880
	<u>2,855,360</u>	<u>2,858,880</u>
Prepayments		
City Corporation tax	-	261,688
Periodicals	3,382	1,659
Prepaid insurance premium	47,430	134,475
Prepaid subscription - ICCBP/BCO	26,250	26,250
Prepaid ADM/ election expenses	24,290	3,605
Prepaid Business Award	-	2,425
Prepaid - Positioning Bangladesh	-	8,085
	<u>101,352</u>	<u>536,187</u>
	<u>10,181,418</u>	<u>4,689,694</u>

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
7.0 Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand (including interest cash - BUILD)	53,959	42,566
Cash at bank (Note 7.1)	371,894,921	307,902,482
	<u>371,148,890</u>	<u>307,948,042</u>
7.1 Cash at bank		
On Savings bank accounts	233,909	228,458
On Project bank accounts	21,830	1,189,814
On Short Term Deposit (STD) accounts:		
STD accounts - DCCI	2,120,516	3,472,458
STD account - DCCI NRB	9,096	-
STD account - DCCI Entrepreneurship	10,000	-
STD account - Custom Automation	58,191	1,615,187
STD account - BUILD Project	354,112	214,488
	2,552,917	5,302,033
On Fixed Deposit (FDR) accounts:		
FDR accounts - DCCI	365,679,883	208,662,156
FDR account - Custom Automation	2,606,679	-
FDR account - BUILD	-	12,508,031
	368,286,562	301,212,187
	<u>371,894,921</u>	<u>307,962,482</u>
8.0 Liabilities for expenses & services		
Salaries payable	2,311,376	1,429,308
Employer's contribution to Provident Fund	196,292	43,660
Utility charges (electricity/water/gas)	481,825	363,280
Rent/Utility suspense (Arrears)	1,156,912	1,347,174
Data expired charges	122,474	108,688
Provision for annual leave	1,287,824	1,183,235
Telephone expenses	37,335	14,179
Bulletin and publications	1,631,200	1,038,721
Newspaper and periodicals	6,910	20,883
Entertainment	4,980	4,690
Conveyance	746	660
Fax & internet connectivity	2,852	380
Audit fee and legal expenses	89,000	108,610
Postage and stamp	155,487	78,396
Repairs and maintenance	76,747	66,131
Printing and stationery	3,000	4,730
Services	-	18,000
Conferences & Delegation	114,450	-
Insurance premium	341,447	208,739
Working expense and others	23,983	7,000
Advertisement	-	21,782
ISO expenses	82,200	-
Entire expenses	222,595	54,000
Furniture & other assets	2,455,321	-
DBI exp.	499,429	379,380
	<u>18,430,952</u>	<u>6,904,777</u>

A. Qasem & Co.
 Chartered Accountants

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
8.0 Liabilities for other finance		
Employees' contribution to Provident Fund	262,682	131,058
Staff income tax	88,575	60,650
Tax / VAT deducted at source (parties)	114,550	2,723
Advance subscription (Note 9.1)	6,729,250	4,916,749
Subscription advance/advance	34,850	27,400
Security deposits	1,346,297	1,450,802
Advance display center rent	5,000	5,000
Advance advertisement	18,000	18,000
Delegation fee	(9,517)	-
DBI training fee	1,011,800	1,206,704
Tax Fund	2,667,685	-
	<u>12,287,276</u>	<u>7,908,272</u>
9.1 Advance subscription		
Opening balance	4,916,749	4,774,024
Transferred to income	4,916,749	4,774,024
	-	-
Adjustment for the year:		
Subscriptions (note 16)	5,483,593	3,960,000
Admission fee(note 17)	566,593	717,000
Bulletin fee (18)	248,850	208,748
	<u>6,729,250</u>	<u>4,916,749</u>
10 Advance Building rent		
Advance rent received during the year	45,671,580	-
Advance rent adjusted during the year	(4,778,350)	-
	<u>41,093,330</u>	<u>-</u>
11 General Fund		
Opening balance	307,513,844	274,799,251
Prior year's adjustment	(4,906,077)	(782,891)
	<u>302,607,767</u>	<u>274,047,150</u>
Excess of income over expenditure for the year	40,837,739	33,486,654
	<u>343,445,503</u>	<u>307,513,844</u>
12 DDC Relief and Social Welfare Fund		
Opening balance	12,035,896	10,753,029
Received from members during the year	1,661,890	1,751,100
Interest on R.S.W.F. FDR	1,457,969	1,380,578
	<u>15,045,474</u>	<u>13,884,699</u>
Paid during the year against Relief Fund	(1,304,569)	(948,093)
	<u>14,168,875</u>	<u>12,936,606</u>

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
13 DCC Development Fund		
Opening balance	17,161,408	11,251,264
Collections during the year	4,350,000	4,520,000
Interest on Development Fund FDR	2,025,121	1,380,144
	<u>23,536,529</u>	<u>17,151,408</u>
14 Deferred Liability - Gratuity		
Opening balance	12,477,520	9,957,520
Provision made during the year	7,300,000	5,100,000
	<u>19,777,520</u>	<u>14,857,520</u>
Paid during the year	(5,625,656)	(2,180,000)
	<u>14,151,864</u>	<u>12,477,520</u>
15 Grant received		
a) Custom Automation		
Received from IPC & interest	19,102,512	18,109,571
Loans given to DohaSoft	(15,890,800)	(15,000,000)
Custom automation expenses	(1,588,286)	(1,506,268)
Advance tax paid	(23,236)	-
	<u>2,690,988</u>	<u>1,603,263</u>
b) BUILD Project		
Received from IPC & interest	16,334,347	16,380,420
FDR interest - BUILD fund	1,857,358	520,031
Expenses - BUILD	(17,870,824)	(3,990,078)
WTF (Tax deducted at sources (parties))	14,072	631
Advance tax paid	(190,826)	(9,071)
Advance against expenses	(87,806)	(63,508)
Payable to DCC (initial deposit to bank)	-	10,000
	<u>368,111</u>	<u>12,769,441</u>
	<u>3,029,099</u>	<u>14,350,724</u>

A. Qasem & Co.
Chartered Accountants

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
16 Subscriptions		
New	3,942,500	3,174,626
Renewal	23,789,300	18,901,440
Ancillary	2,113,000	2,116,000
Advance adjustment	14,200	12,950
	<u>29,859,000</u>	<u>24,204,126</u>
Portion attributable to the period from October to December 2013 transferred to liabilities for other finance (note 9.1)	(5,483,500)	(3,950,000)
	<u>24,375,500</u>	<u>20,254,126</u>
17 Admission fee		
Admission fee	3,942,500	3,174,626
Re-admission fee	1,889,100	1,477,908
	<u>5,831,600</u>	<u>4,652,534</u>
Portion attributable to the period from October to December 2013 transferred to liabilities for other finance (note 9.1)	(966,900)	(717,000)
	<u>4,864,700</u>	<u>3,935,534</u>
18 Bulletin fee		
Current	1,318,800	1,332,374
Ancillary	114,200	135,950
Advance adjustment	-	437
	<u>1,433,000</u>	<u>1,468,761</u>
Portion attributable to the period from October to December 2013 transferred to liabilities for other finance (note 9.1)	(248,850)	(239,748)
	<u>1,184,150</u>	<u>1,229,013</u>
19 Rent		
Building rent	23,541,699	14,890,049
Auditorium rent	220,900	290,900
	<u>23,762,599</u>	<u>15,180,949</u>
20 Income from Investment - Interest		
Interest from Fixed Deposits (Note 20.1)	38,439,563	38,747,783
Interest from STD and savings account	289,942	122,628
	<u>38,729,505</u>	<u>38,870,411</u>
20.1 Interest from Fixed Deposits		
OCI Fund	31,462,256	26,385,671
OCI Scholarship Fund	496,372	383,011
OCI Retirement Benefit Fund	1,439,819	1,289,240
OCI Research Fund	3,131,114	3,729,861
	<u>36,539,563</u>	<u>31,787,783</u>
21 Miscellaneous Income		
Membership forms fee	101,808	117,100
Photocopy charge realized	2,580	3,430
Advertisement income	246,471	450,000
Other Income -misc	186,352	177,000
Projects	1,223,293	894,188
Custom automation fee	195,706	197,592
	<u>1,946,912</u>	<u>1,849,292</u>

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
22 Pay and allowances		
Pay and allowances	27,221,032	21,315,171
Gratuity	7,300,000	5,300,000
Provision for annual leave	300,000	300,000
Employees insurance premium (Pension)	224,000	145,000
	<u>35,045,032</u>	<u>26,960,171</u>
23 Postage and telegraph		
Postage and stamps	305,783	297,970
Telephone	115,278	90,832
Fax charges	13,871	3,700
Internet connectivity	347,410	270,000
	<u>777,342</u>	<u>672,502</u>
24 Newspapers, bulletin and publications		
Newspapers and periodicals	121,268	121,889
Bulletin	2,377,089	2,245,950
Publication	497,608	519,956
	<u>2,997,157</u>	<u>2,887,995</u>
25 Repairs and maintenance		
Car	155,669	217,254
Computer	25,235	77,478
LR	285,110	303,457
AC	172,508	99,240
Generator	53,278	45,700
Building	391,587	5,530
Others	405,058	473,052
	<u>1,688,729</u>	<u>1,282,641</u>
26 Audit and Legal fees		
Statutory audit	69,000	52,250
Internal audit	160,000	195,000
Legal expenses	25,000	-
	<u>274,000</u>	<u>217,250</u>
27 Seminar, symposium, conference and delegation		
Seminar and symposium (net)	1,073,518	752,628
Conference and delegation	2,265,279	467,860
	<u>3,338,797</u>	<u>1,220,788</u>
28 Utility charges		
Electricity	2,900,279	2,525,200
Water	556,525	640,606
Gas	12,667	13,367
Utility reimbursement from tenants (Note 28.1)	(1,417,916)	(1,501,047)
	<u>2,052,444</u>	<u>1,689,219</u>

	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
28.1 Utility reimbursement from tenants		
Electricity	1,006,441	1,136,453
WASA	327,575	365,584
	<u>1,417,616</u>	<u>1,501,847</u>
29 Miscellaneous expenses		
Utilities and inflows	-	47,290
Celebration of bengali new year	256,265	-
Festival / national day expenses	66,074	13,883
Washing expenses	16,523	18,669
Photocopy	160	100
Photography	15,665	18,010
Bank charge	20,519	11,217
Training expenses	638	11,335
Insurance	128,990	68,244
Advertisement expenses	140,164	99,417
Fair	23,943	(38,941)
ISO 9001 certification	62,200	49,068
Custom automation expenses	1,230	8,290
Employee welfare expenses	-	29,000
Patent and Trade mark	-	128,000
Project expenses	4,745	233,206
Plot plant rent & garden maintenance	46,000	24,000
Others	56,600	34,567
	<u>838,168</u>	<u>748,166</u>

30 Subsequent events

There was no non-adjusting post balance sheet event of such importance, non-disclosure of which would affect the ability of the users of the financial statements to make proper evaluations and decisions.

31 Comparative statement of operating activities

Comparative statement of operating activities is shown in Annexure-2.

**Dhaka Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Schedule of Property, plant and equipment
As at 30 September 2013**

Annexure -J

Particulars	Cost				Depreciation		Written Down Value (WDV)	
	As at 01 October 2012	Additions during the year	Disposals adjustment	As at 30 September 2012	Rate	Charged during the year	As at 30 September 2012	As at 30 September 2013
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka	%	Taka	Taka	Taka
Land	20,117	-	-	20,117	-	-	-	20,117
Building	30,276,719	1,840,281	-	32,117,000	5%	1,605,850	31,451,150	30,855,160
Mach & equipment	1,940,026	1,200,000	-	3,140,026	15%	461,004	2,679,022	2,679,022
Furniture & Motor	6,246,765	257,269	-	6,504,034	10%	3,147,508	3,356,526	3,146,506
Books	1,056,148	6,416	-	1,062,564	10%	1,06,256	956,308	949,656
Electrical fit.	1,653,367	361,666	-	2,015,033	10%	1,007,516	1,007,516	1,007,516
Stationery & misc.	70,264	517,659	-	587,923	10%	37,745	550,178	549,241
Air cooler	6,270,045	110,000	-	6,380,045	15%	7,87,408	2,101,481	4,278,564
Lift motor	6,545	950	-	7,495	15%	418	7,077	6,859
Printing machine	11,500	-	-	11,500	15%	7,488	4,012	7,488
Security alarm	648,700	6,000	-	654,700	12.50%	47,408	607,292	560,000
Lifter installation	145,706	145,706	-	291,412	2.50%	1,884	289,528	287,644
Cumbersome & various	241,808	-	-	241,808	10%	171,408	70,400	171,400
Telephone fit.	1,361,861	24,000	-	1,385,861	10%	1,38,586	247,275	211,040
LAB	6,776,148	-	-	6,776,148	10%	3,388,074	3,388,074	3,388,074
Auditorium	8,671,050	-	-	8,671,050	10%	8,671,050	-	8,671,050
Refrigerator	1,389,133	-	-	1,389,133	10%	1,38,913	1,250,220	1,250,220
8-walk industrial lift.	476,877	-	-	476,877	10%	208,642	268,235	268,235
CCDC lift	3,910,227	-	-	3,910,227	10%	1,273,628	2,636,599	2,636,599
Direct generator	1,413,000	-	-	1,413,000	10%	1,267,604	1,45,396	1,45,396
M/S & software	100,100	-	-	100,100	20%	20,020	80,080	80,080
Subsid Development	1,442,406	-	-	1,442,406	5%	72,120	1,370,286	1,370,286
Car assets	342,346	-	-	342,346	-	203,623	138,723	138,723
Total	116,959,211	4,206,410	-	121,165,621	-	46,572,718	74,592,903	74,592,903

A. Qasem & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Dhaka Chamber of Commerce & Industry (DCCI)
Comparative Statement of Operating Activities
For the year ended 30 September 2013

Particulars	2013 Taka	2012 Taka
Subscription income	24,379,500	20,244,129
Admission fee	4,634,700	3,936,624
Bulletin fee	1,164,150	1,228,912
	<u>30,178,350</u>	<u>25,409,665</u>
Less: Pay & allowances	34,621,622	36,716,171
Surplus / (deficit)	(4,443,272)	(1,306,506)
Less: Employees group insurance	224,000	146,000
Employee welfare exp.	-	20,000
	<u>224,000</u>	<u>166,000</u>
Surplus / (deficit)	(4,667,272)	(1,472,506)
Less: Utilities- net	2,062,446	1,999,219
Printing & stationery	1,027,740	1,038,464
Postage and telephonic	177,342	672,162
Subscriptions & donation	256,693	175,000
Newspaper, bulletin & publications	2,667,157	2,667,666
Rates & taxes	1,267,689	422,663
Entertainment	666,316	666,363
Seminar & symposi, conf. & delegation	3,338,692	1,220,766
Travelling & Conveyance	364,272	260,667
ADM, EGM & election expenses	1,125,540	1,406,666
GR & presentation	188,640	6,000
Audit & legal fee	274,000	217,250
Repairs & maintenance	1,489,729	1,262,441
Fuel & lubricants	609,116	625,112
Bar Party expenses	267,340	166,629
Reception & Dinner	667,540	662,527
Entire expenses	676,667	120,074
Miscellaneous expenses	638,168	726,166
Depreciation	3,622,600	3,992,438
Deferred revenue expenses - Written Off	1,012,285	1,020,200
	<u>22,661,174</u>	<u>16,793,666</u>
(Deficit)	(27,631,646)	(26,266,616)
Add: Income		
Certificate of Origin	1,676,150	1,964,100
Certification & attestation fee	1,006,626	1,053,406
Miscellaneous income	1,946,612	1,546,256
	<u>4,629,388</u>	<u>4,563,762</u>
(Deficit)	(23,002,258)	(21,699,716)
Add: Interest income	36,666,666	33,670,411
DBI (DCCI Business Institute)-net	2,666,674	3,666,612
Positioning BD. - Bonding-net	667,716	-
	<u>40,001,056</u>	<u>37,337,023</u>
Surplus	17,000,000	16,666,666
Add: Rent	23,761,666	14,666,666
Excess of Income over Expenditure for the year	40,761,666	33,466,666



Corporate :

65-66, Multilevel Commercial Area, Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh

Phone: +88-02-8552562, Fax: +88-02-8500830

E-mail: info@dhakachamber.com

Web : www.dcc.org.bd



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